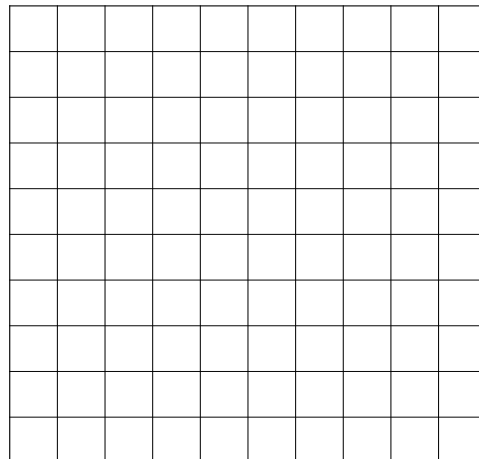


1. The point $P = (4, 2)$ lies on the graph of $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$. Let $Q = (x, \sqrt{x})$ be another point on the graph of f .
 - a. (5 pts) Find the slope m_{PQ} to 4 decimal places for the following values of x :
 - o $x = 3.999$
 - o $x = 4.001$
 - b. (5 pts) Based on your work for part a., estimate the slope of the tangent line $m_{\tan}$ at $x = 4$.
 - c. (5 pts) Based on your work for part b., construct an equation for the tangent line to $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$. (Point-slope form is just fine: $y = m(x - x_1) + y_1$.)
2. (10 pts) Sketch the graph of a function that meets all of the following requirements:
 - a. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} f(x) = -\infty$
 - b. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^+} f(x) = \infty$
 - c. $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2^-} f(x) = 3$
 - d. $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2^+} f(x) = 2$
 - e. $f(-2) = 4$



3. Find the limit, if it exists. If it doesn't, say so (in writing, of course).

a. (5 pts) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -5} \frac{x^2 + 2x - 15}{x + 5}$

b. (5 pts) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^2 - 2x + 1}{x^2 + 3}$

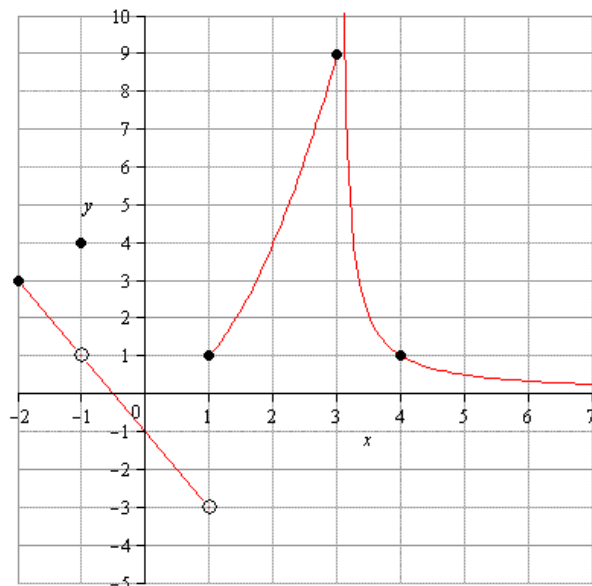
c. (5 pts) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{x^2 - 2x + 1}{x^2 - 9}$

d. (5 pts) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -4^-} \frac{x^2 - 16}{|x + 4|}$

4. (10 pts) Use the precise definition of a limit to prove that $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \left(\frac{1}{3}x + 5 \right) = 6$.

5. (**Bonus 5 pts**) Use the precise definition of a limit to prove that $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} (x^2 + 5x - 6) = 8$.

6. The graph of a function f is given below. Evaluate each limit, if it exists. If the limit does *not* exist, explain why. Employ the language (shorthand) of limits in your explanation(s), as needed.



- a. (5 pts) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} f(x)$
- b. (5 pts) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} f(x)$
- c. (5 pts) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^+} f(x)$
- d. (5 pts) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} f(x)$
- e. (5 pts) Use the limit definition of continuity to explain why f is *not* continuous at $x = -1$.
- f. (5 pts) Use the limit definition of continuity to explain why f is continuous at $x = 4$.

7. Let $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$. Then the slope of the secant line between two points, $(x, f(x))$ and $(4, f(4))$, is given by the difference quotient:

$$m_{\text{sec}} = \frac{f(x) - f(4)}{x - 4}.$$

- a. (5 pts) Write the difference quotient for f at $x = 4$. (Don't overthink this one.)

- b. (5 pts) Based on your work in part a., compute the slope of the tangent line to f at $x = 4$, by computing the limit $m_{\text{tan}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \frac{f(x) - f(4)}{x - 4}$. Hint: Rationalize the numerator.

- c. (5 pts) Based on your work in part b., construct an equation of the tangent line to f at $x = 4$. If you didn't get b., then **make up a number for part b. and use it!** Leave your answer in point-slope form.