

$$(6) \quad y'' + y = \sec^2(x)$$

$$r^2 + 1 = 0 \Rightarrow r = \pm i \Rightarrow y_h = c_1 \cos(x) + c_2 \sin(x)$$

$$y_1 = \cos(x), y_2 = \sin(x)$$

$$|A| = W(y_1, y_2) = \begin{vmatrix} y_1 & y_2 \\ y_1' & y_2' \end{vmatrix} = y_1 y_2' - y_1' y_2$$

$$= \cos(x)(\cos(x) - (-\sin(x))(\sin(x))) = 1 = W(y_1, y_2)$$

$$G(x, y) = \frac{y_1(t)y_2(x) - y_1(x)y_2(t)}{y_1(t)y_2'(t) - y_1'(t)y_2(t)}$$

$$= \frac{\cos(t)\sin(x) - \cos(x)\sin(t)}{1}$$

$$\Rightarrow y_p = \int_{x_0}^x G(t, x) f(t) dt = \int_{x_0}^x (\cos(t)\sin(x) - \cos(x)\sin(t)) \sec^2(t) dt$$

$$= \int_{x_0}^x (\sin(x) \sec(t) - \cos(x) (\sec(t) \tan(t))) dt$$

$$= \ln|\sec(t) + \tan(t)| \Big|_{x_0}^x \sin(x) - \cos(x) \left[\sec(t) \Big|_{x_0}^x \right]$$

$$= \sin(x) \ln|\sec(x) + \tan(x)| - \cos(x) (\sec(x) - \sec(x_0))$$

$$= \sin(x) \ln|\sec(x) + \tan(x)| - 1 + \frac{\cos(x)}{\sec(\pi)} =$$

$$= \sin(x) \ln|\sec(x) + \tan(x)| - \cos(x) - 1 = y_p$$

Now for the constants in y_h :

$$y_h = c_1 \cos(x) + c_2 \sin(x)$$

$$y_h(\pi) = \frac{1}{5} = c_1 \cos \pi + c_2 \sin \pi = c_1(-1) \Rightarrow$$

$$\boxed{c_1 = -\frac{1}{5}}$$

$$y_h' = -c_1 \sin(x) + c_2 \cos(x)$$

$$y_h'(\pi) = -1 = c_2 \cos(\pi) = -c_2 \Rightarrow c_2 = 1$$

$$y_h = -\frac{1}{5} \cos(x) + \sin(x)$$

$$y_h + y_p = -\frac{1}{5} \cos(x) + \sin(x) + \sin(x) \ln|\sec(x) + \tan(x)| - 1 + \frac{\cos(x)}{\sec(\pi)} =$$