

Cauchy-Schwarz  $\sum x_i y_i \leq \sqrt{\sum x_i^2} \sqrt{\sum y_i^2}$

$$\left( \begin{array}{l} \left| \int f(x)g(x) dx \right| \leq \sqrt{\int f(x)^2 dx} \sqrt{\int g(x)^2 dx} \\ (|x+y| \leq |x| + |y|) \end{array} \right)$$

$$\int f(x)g(x) dx \leq \sqrt{\int f(x)^2 dx} \sqrt{\int g(x)^2 dx}$$

More general inequality Hölder's inequality:

$$\int f(x)g(x) dx \leq \sqrt[p]{\int f(x)^p dx} \sqrt[q]{\int g(x)^q dx}$$

where  $\frac{1}{p} + \frac{1}{q} = 1$

$$\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{4}$$

$$p = \frac{4}{3}, q = 4$$

$$\frac{1}{\frac{4}{3}} + \frac{1}{4} = 1 \checkmark$$

3. Find  $\frac{\partial z}{\partial x}$  for the equation  $y \sin(xy^3) + x^2 yz^2 = 2xyz$  in 2 ways:

a. (5 pts) Use implicit differentiation, holding  $y$  constant and treating  $z$  as an implicit function of  $x$ .

b. (5 pts) Form a function  $F(x, y, z)$  and find  $\frac{\partial z}{\partial x}$  for the level surface  $F(x, y, z) = 0$ .

$$z_x = \frac{dz}{dx}$$

$$(y \cos(xy^3))(3xy^2) + 2xy z^2 + 2x^2 y z z_x = 2yz + 2xy z_x$$

$$2xy z_x - 2x^2 y z z_x = 3xy^3 \cos(xy^3) + 2xy z^2 - 2yz$$

$$z_x [\text{~~~~~}] = \text{~~~~~}$$

$$z_x = \frac{\text{~~~~~}}{[\text{~~~~~}]} = \frac{3xy^3 \cos(xy^3) + 2xy z^2 - 2yz}{2xy - 2x^2 y z}$$

$$(b) \quad y \sin(xy^3) + x^2 y z^2 = 2xyz \Rightarrow$$

$$F(x, y, z) = y \sin(xy^3) + x^2 y z^2 - 2xyz = 0$$

$$F_x = y^4 \cos(xy^3) + 2xy z^2 + 2xyz$$

Formula [7] - vs - Formula [6]

$$F_z = 2x^2 y z - 2xy$$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = - \frac{F_x}{F_z}$$

$$= - \frac{y^4 \cos(xy^3) + 2xz^2 + 2xz}{(2x^2 z - 2x)y}$$