

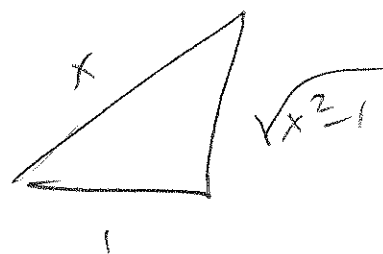
$$(46) \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{x^2-1}} dx = I$$

$$x = \sec \theta \quad dx = \sec \theta \tan \theta d\theta$$

$$x^2 = \sec^2 \theta$$

$$I = \int \frac{\sec^2 \theta}{\tan \theta} \sec \theta \tan \theta d\theta$$

$$= \int \sec^3 \theta d\theta = I_2$$



$$u = \sec \theta \quad du = \sec \theta \tan \theta d\theta$$

$$dv = \sec^2 \theta d\theta \quad v = \tan \theta$$

$$I_2 = uv - \int v du = \sec \theta \tan \theta - \int \sec \theta \tan^2 \theta d\theta$$

$$= \sec \theta \tan \theta - \int \sec \theta (\sec^2 \theta - 1) d\theta$$

$$= \sec \theta \tan \theta - \int \sec^3 \theta d\theta + \int \sec \theta d\theta$$

$$= \sec \theta \tan \theta - \int \sec^3 \theta d\theta + \ln |\sec \theta + \tan \theta|$$

$$\Rightarrow \int \sec^3 \theta d\theta = \frac{\sec \theta \tan \theta + \ln |\sec \theta + \tan \theta|}{2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[x \sqrt{x^2-1} + \ln |x + \sqrt{x^2-1}| \right] + C$$