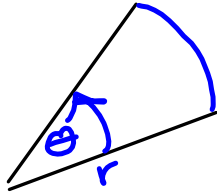


§10.4 areas & arc lengths in polar coordinates.

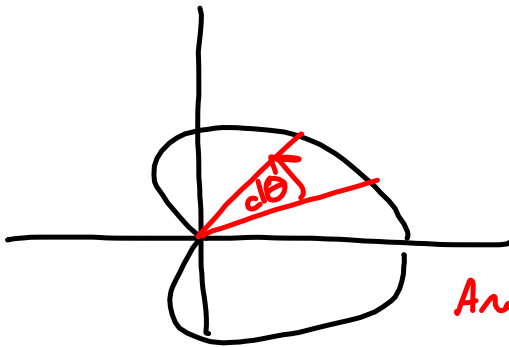


$$\text{Area} = \frac{1}{2} r^2 \theta$$

Area of circle = πr^2
corresponds to an angle of
 $\theta = 2\pi$

$$\pi r^2 = \frac{1}{2} (2\pi) r^2$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \theta r^2$$



Area of sector when $\theta = \text{small} = \Delta\theta$
 $= d\theta$ is

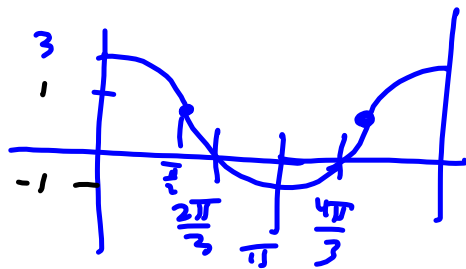
$$\text{Area} = \frac{1}{2} \int_{\alpha}^{\beta} r^2 d\theta = \frac{1}{2} \int_{\alpha}^{\beta} f(\theta)^2 d\theta$$

E

$$r = f(\theta) = 1 + 2 \cos \theta$$

$$2 \cos \theta = -1$$

$$\cos \theta = -\frac{1}{2}$$



Find area outside the inner loop

$$= 2 \int_0^{\frac{2\pi}{3}} - 2 \int_{\frac{2\pi}{3}}^{\pi}$$

$$= 2 \cdot \frac{1}{2} \int_0^{\frac{2\pi}{3}} (1+2\cos\theta)^2 d\theta - 2 \cdot \frac{1}{2} \int_{\frac{2\pi}{3}}^{\pi} (1+2\cos\theta)^2 d\theta$$

$$(2\cos\theta + 1)^2 = 4\cos^2\theta + 4\cos\theta + 1$$

$$= 4 \left(\frac{1+\cos(2\theta)}{2} \right) + 4\cos\theta + 1$$

$$ds = \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^2} dx = \text{arc length increment}$$



Approximate ds w/ straight line segment

$$ds \approx \sqrt{(dx)^2 + (dy)^2}$$

$$ds = \sqrt{\left(\frac{dx}{dt}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{dy}{dt}\right)^2} dt$$

Polars

$$\sqrt{\frac{(dx)^2 + (dy)^2}{\left(\frac{dx}{dx}\right)^2 \left(\frac{dx}{dx}\right)^2}} dx$$

$$ds = \sqrt{\left(\frac{dx}{d\theta}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{dy}{d\theta}\right)^2} d\theta$$

$$x = r \cos \theta$$

$$y = r \sin \theta$$

$$\frac{dx}{d\theta} = \frac{dr}{d\theta} \cos \theta - r \sin \theta$$

$$(a-b)^2 = a^2 - 2ab + b^2$$

$$\frac{dy}{d\theta} = \frac{dr}{d\theta} \sin \theta + r \cos \theta$$

$$\left(\frac{dx}{d\theta}\right)^2 = \left(\frac{dr}{d\theta}\right)^2 \cos^2 \theta - 2 \frac{dr}{d\theta} \cos \theta r \sin \theta + r^2 \sin^2 \theta$$

$$+ \left(\frac{dy}{d\theta}\right)^2 = \left(\frac{dr}{d\theta}\right)^2 \sin^2 \theta + 2 \frac{dr}{d\theta} \sin \theta r \cos \theta + r^2 \cos^2 \theta$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \left(\frac{dr}{d\theta}\right)^2 \cos^2\theta + \left(\frac{dr}{d\theta}\right)^2 \sin^2\theta + r^2 \sin^2\theta + r^2 \cos^2\theta \\ &= \left(\frac{dr}{d\theta}\right)^2 (\cos^2\theta + \sin^2\theta) + r^2 (\sin^2\theta + \cos^2\theta) \\ &= \left(\frac{dr}{d\theta}\right)^2 + r^2 \quad ! \end{aligned}$$

$$ds = \sqrt{r^2 + \left(\frac{dr}{d\theta}\right)^2} d\theta$$

Arc length = polaris :

$$\int_{-1}^{\beta} \sqrt{r^2 + \left(\frac{dr}{d\theta}\right)^2} d\theta$$

homogeneous

heterogeneous

$$y' \sin y = x$$

$$(\sin y) \frac{dy}{dx} = x$$

$$\int \sin y \, dy = \int x \, dx$$

$$\int y' = y$$

