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All I want on this cover sheet is your NAME.
Do all work and put all answers on the white paper provided. Exception: For \#2 and Bonus 2, write directly on the test sheet. Do not write on the backs of the white pages. Leave a margin at the top left corner on every page. "201-G11" works really well for the top left corner of every page.

Leave room between problems. Do not squeeze work in to fit a page. Start a fresh page. When in doubt on how long a problem will turn out to be, start a fresh page.

1. Let $f(x)=2 x^{2}-5 x$
a. ( 5 pts ) Find an equation of the tangent line to $f$ at $(2,-2)$.
b. ( 5 pts ) Sketch a graph of $f(x)$ and the tangent line to $f$ at $(2,-2)$.
2. ( 10 pts ) The graph of a function $f$ is given on the right. On the same set of axes, sketch a graph of $f^{\prime}$. (There's a blank one of these on Page 3 of the test. Do your work on it.)
3. Differentiate the following with respect to the indicated independent variable. Do not simplify!
a. $f(x)=x^{\frac{5}{2}}-3 x^{2}+11 x+5-2 x^{-\frac{2}{3}}$
b. $\quad g(t)=\sin (5 t) \cos (3 t)$

c. $\quad h(\rho)=\frac{\tan (\rho)}{(2 \rho-5)}$
d. $\quad r(w)=\left(7 w^{2}+5 w\right)^{6}$
e. $Q(x)=\cos (6 w)-6 \cos (w)$ (It's a triiiiiick!)
4. Consider the relation $x^{2}-x y-y^{2}=1$.
a. (10 pts) Use implicit differentiation to find $y^{\prime}=\frac{d y}{d x}$
b. ( 5 pts ) Find an equation of the tangent line to the curve at the point $(2,1)$.
5. ( 10 pts ) A lighthouse is exactly $\sqrt{3}$ miles from the nearest point $P$ on a straight shoreline, and its light makes 6 revolutions per minute. How fast is the beam of light moving along the shoreline, when it's 1 mile from $P$ ?
6. The height of a triangle with a base exactly 8 cm is measured, and is found to be 4 cm tall. The maximum error in measuring the height is $\pm 0.1 \mathrm{~cm}$.
a. (5 pts) Use a differential to estimate the error in the calculation of the area of the triangle.
b. ( 5 pts ) What is the relative error?
c. ( 5 pts ) What is the percentage error?

Be sure to see the back for Bonus!

BONUS SECTION: Work up to 15 points' worth.

1. (10 pts) Prove that $\lim _{x \rightarrow 4}\left(x^{2}-3 x+2\right)=6$
2. Use the figure at the right:
a. (5 pts) Show $d x=\Delta x, d y$, and $\Delta y$.
b. ( 5 pts ) Is the tangent line an over- or under-estimate? Why?
3. (5 pts) Sketch the graph of $h(x)=\frac{(x-2)(x+2)}{x-3}$. Show all intercepts and asymptotes.


Figure for Bonus \#2

