

Ex Take-Home

①  $f(x) = \sqrt{16 - 4x^2}$        $x = -1$  to  $x = 2$

$$\Delta x = \frac{b-a}{n} = \frac{2 - (-1)}{n} = \frac{3}{n}$$

$$n = 8 \Rightarrow \Delta x = \frac{3}{8}$$

$$x_k = a + k\Delta x = -1 + k\left(\frac{3}{n}\right) = \frac{3k}{n} - 1$$

$$x_1 = \frac{3}{n} - 1, \quad x_2 = \frac{6}{n} - 1, \quad x_3 = \frac{9}{n} - 1, \quad \dots, \quad x_8 = \frac{24}{n} - 1$$

$$f(x_k) = \sqrt{16 - 4x_k^2} = \sqrt{16 - 4\left(\frac{3k}{n} - 1\right)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{16 - 4\left(\frac{9k^2}{n^2} - \frac{6k}{n} + 1\right)} = \sqrt{16 - \frac{36k^2}{n^2} + \frac{24k}{n} - 4}$$

$$= \sqrt{-\frac{36k^2}{n^2} + \frac{24k}{n} + 12}$$

$$A \approx \sum_{k=1}^n f(x_k) \Delta x = \frac{3}{8} \sum_{k=1}^8 \sqrt{-\frac{36k^2}{n^2} + \frac{24k}{n} + 12}$$

$$\approx \frac{3}{32} \sqrt{231} + \frac{9}{16} \sqrt{7} + \frac{3}{32} \sqrt{255} + \frac{3}{8} \sqrt{15}$$

$$+ \frac{9}{32} \sqrt{23} + \frac{3}{16} \sqrt{39} + \frac{3}{32} \sqrt{87} + 0$$

$$\approx 1.424876639 + 1.488235112 + 1.497067446$$

$$+ 1.452368755 + 1.348827616 + 1.170937125$$

$$+ 0.874417862 + 0 = \boxed{9.256754479 \approx A}$$

$$(2) f(x) = 4x^3 - 12x^2 + 6x + 4$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2 \overline{) 4 \quad -12 \quad 6 \quad 4} \\ \underline{\phantom{2} 8 \quad -8 \quad -4} \\ 4 \quad -4 \quad -2 \quad 0 \end{array}$$

$$(x-2)(4x^2-4x-2)$$

$$a=4, b=-4, c=-2$$

$$b^2-4ac = (-4)^2 - 4(4)(-2)$$

$$= 16 + 32 = 48$$

$$\leadsto \sqrt{48} = \sqrt{16 \cdot 3} = 4\sqrt{3}$$

$$\text{So, } x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2a}$$

$$= \frac{4 \pm 4\sqrt{3}}{2(4)} = \frac{4(1 \pm \sqrt{3})}{2(4)}$$

$$= \frac{1 \pm \sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$f(x) = 4(x-2)\left(x - \left(\frac{1+\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)\right)\left(x - \left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)\right)$$

$$f'(x) = 12x^2 - 24x + 6 \stackrel{\text{SET}}{=} 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 2x^2 - 4x + 1 = 0$$

$$a=2, b=-4, c=1$$

$$b^2-4ac = (-4)^2 - 4(2)(1)$$

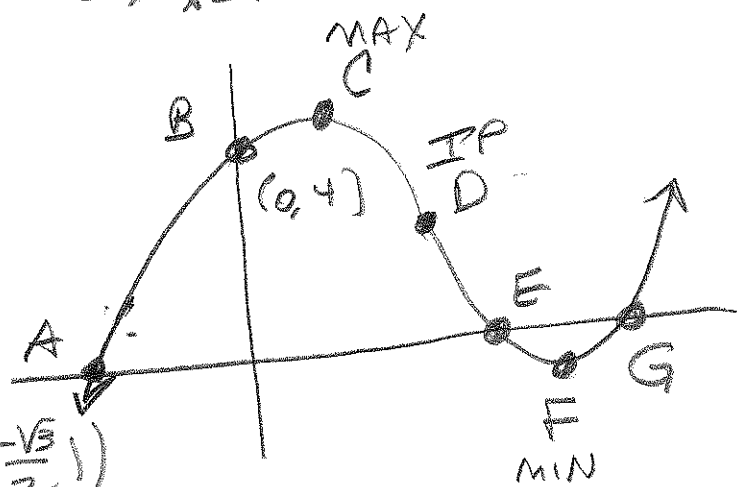
$$= 16 - 8 = 8$$

$$\leadsto \sqrt{8} = 2\sqrt{2}$$

$$x = \frac{4 \pm 2\sqrt{2}}{2(2)} = \frac{2 \pm \sqrt{2}}{2} = x$$

$$f''(x) = 4x - 4 \stackrel{\text{SET}}{=} 0$$

$$\rightarrow x=1$$



$$A = \left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}}{2}, 0\right) \approx (-0.3660254, 0)$$

$$E = \left(\frac{1+\sqrt{3}}{2}, 0\right) \approx (1.366025, 0)$$

$$B = (0, 4)$$

$$F = \left(\frac{2+\sqrt{2}}{2}, 2-2\sqrt{2}\right)$$

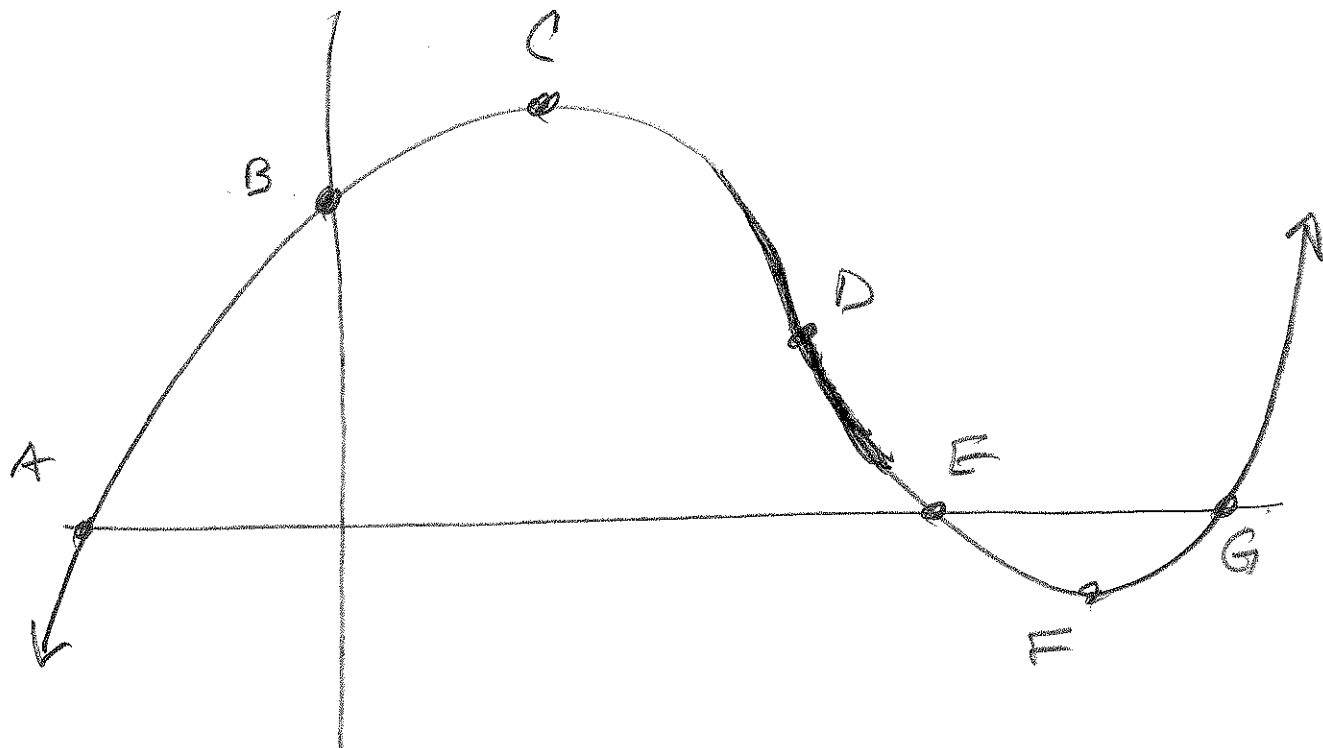
$$C = \left(\frac{2-\sqrt{2}}{2}, 2+2\sqrt{2}\right) \approx (0.29893, 4.828427)$$

$$\approx (1.707107, -0.828427)$$

$$D = (1, 2) \text{ IP}$$

$$G = (2, 0)$$

(2)



$$A = \left( \frac{1-\sqrt{3}}{2}, 0 \right) \approx (-0.3660254, 0) \quad x\text{-int}$$

$$B = (0, 4) \quad y\text{-int}$$

$$C = \left( \frac{2-\sqrt{2}}{2}, 2+2\sqrt{2} \right) \approx (0.2989322, 4.8284271) \quad \text{MAX}$$

$$D = (1, 2) \quad \text{I.P.}$$

$$E = \left( \frac{1+\sqrt{3}}{2}, 0 \right) \approx (1.3660254, 0) \quad x\text{-int}$$

$$F = \left( \frac{2+\sqrt{2}}{2}, 2-2\sqrt{2} \right) \approx (1.7071068, -0.8284271) \quad \text{MIN}$$

$$G = (2, 0)$$

$$f := x \rightarrow \text{sqrt}(16 - 4 \cdot x^2)$$

$$x \rightarrow \sqrt{16 - 4x^2} \quad (1)$$

$$a := -1$$

$$-1 \quad (2)$$

$$b := 2$$

$$2 \quad (3)$$

$$\text{deltax} := \frac{(b - a)}{n}$$

$$\frac{3}{n} \quad (4)$$

$$xk := k \rightarrow a + k \cdot \text{deltax}$$

$$k \rightarrow a + k \text{ deltax} \quad (5)$$

$$xk(1)$$

$$-1 + \frac{3}{n} \quad (6)$$

$$xk(2)$$

$$-1 + \frac{6}{n} \quad (7)$$

$$\sum_{k=1}^8 f(xk(k)) \cdot \text{deltax}$$

$$\frac{6 \sqrt{4 - \left(-1 + \frac{3}{n}\right)^2}}{n} + \frac{6 \sqrt{4 - \left(-1 + \frac{6}{n}\right)^2}}{n} + \frac{6 \sqrt{4 - \left(-1 + \frac{9}{n}\right)^2}}{n} \quad (8)$$

$$+ \frac{6 \sqrt{4 - \left(-1 + \frac{12}{n}\right)^2}}{n} + \frac{6 \sqrt{4 - \left(-1 + \frac{15}{n}\right)^2}}{n} + \frac{6 \sqrt{4 - \left(-1 + \frac{18}{n}\right)^2}}{n}$$

$$+ \frac{6 \sqrt{4 - \left(-1 + \frac{21}{n}\right)^2}}{n} + \frac{6 \sqrt{4 - \left(-1 + \frac{24}{n}\right)^2}}{n}$$

$$n := 8$$

$$8 \quad (9)$$

$$\sum_{k=1}^8 f(xk(k)) \cdot \text{deltax}$$

$$\frac{3}{32} \sqrt{231} + \frac{3}{32} \sqrt{252} + \frac{3}{32} \sqrt{255} + \frac{3}{32} \sqrt{240} + \frac{3}{32} \sqrt{207} + \frac{3}{32} \sqrt{156} + \frac{3}{32} \sqrt{87} \quad (10)$$

$$\text{evalf}(\%)$$

$$9.256754479 \quad (11)$$

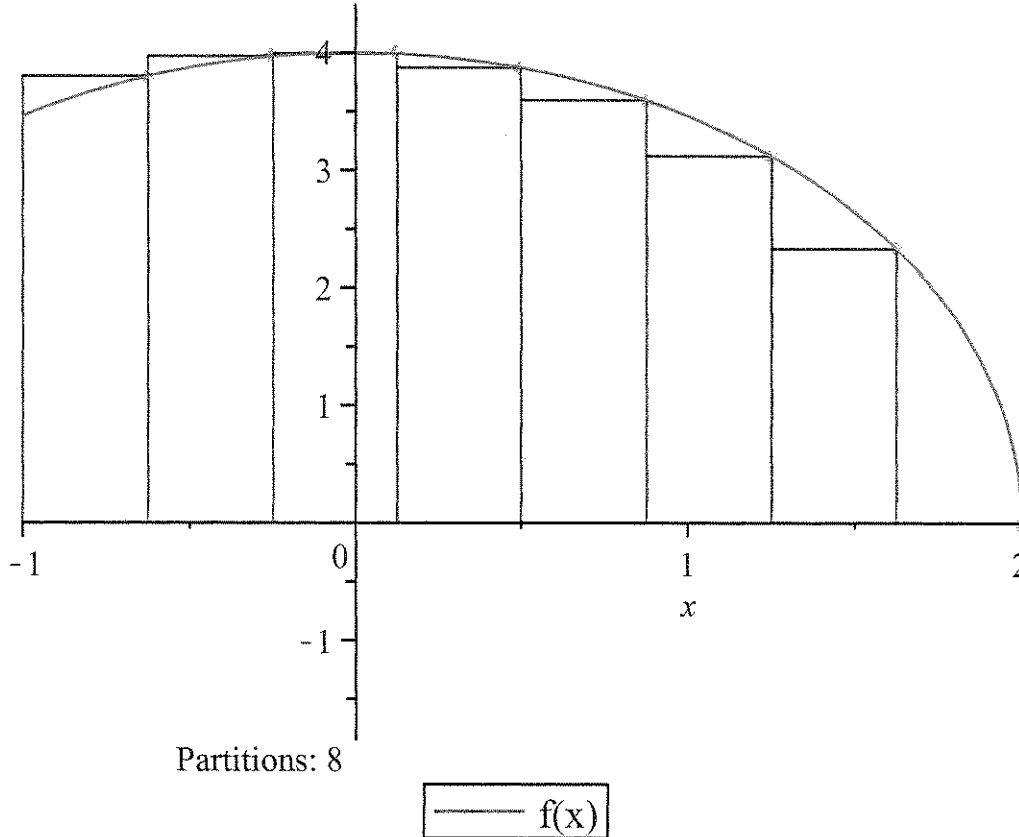
`evalf(%)`

9.256754480

(15)

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ApproximateInt(2*(4-x^2)^(1/2), -1..2, 'partition' = 8, 'method' = right, 'partitiontype' = normal,  
'output' = 'plot', 'showarea' = true);
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An Approximation of the Integral of  
 $f(x) = 2*(4-x^2)^{1/2}$   
on the Interval  $[-1, 2]$   
Using a Right-endpoint Riemann Sum  
Area: 9.256754480



$$f(x_k(1)) \cdot \Delta x$$

$$\frac{3}{32} \sqrt{231} \quad (16)$$

$$f(x_k(2)) \cdot \Delta x$$

$$\frac{9}{16} \sqrt{7} \quad (17)$$

$$f(x_k(3)) \cdot \Delta x$$

$$\frac{3}{32} \sqrt{255} \quad (18)$$

$$f(x_k(4)) \cdot \Delta x$$

$$\frac{3}{8} \sqrt{15} \quad (19)$$

$$f(x_k(5)) \cdot \Delta x$$

$$f(xk(6)) \cdot \text{deltax} = \frac{9}{32} \sqrt{23} \quad (20)$$

$$f(xk(7)) \cdot \text{deltax} = \frac{3}{16} \sqrt{39} \quad (21)$$

$$f(xk(8)) \cdot \text{deltax} = \frac{3}{32} \sqrt{87} \quad (22)$$

$$0 \quad (23)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{mysummands} := & \text{evalf}([f(xk(1)) \cdot \text{deltax}, f(xk(2)) \cdot \text{deltax}, f(xk(3)) \cdot \text{deltax}, f(xk(4)) \cdot \text{deltax}, \\ & f(xk(5)) \cdot \text{deltax}, f(xk(6)) \cdot \text{deltax}, f(xk(7)) \cdot \text{deltax}, f(xk(8)) \cdot \text{deltax}]) \\ & [1.424876639, 1.488235112, 1.497067446, 1.452368755, 1.348827616, 1.170937125, \\ & 0.8744417862, 0.] \end{aligned} \quad (24)$$

$$\sum_{k=1}^8 \text{mysummands}[k] = 9.256754479 \quad (25)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{mysummands}(1) \\ & [1.424876639, 1.488235112, 1.497067446, 1.452368755, 1.348827616, 1.170937125, \\ & 0.8744417862, 0.] \end{aligned} \quad (26)$$

$$\text{mysummands}[1] = 1.424876639 \quad (27)$$