

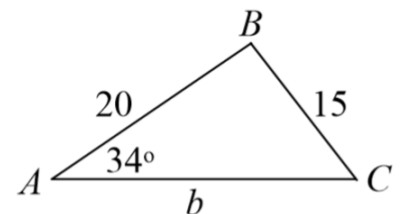
I think you know the drill on margins and legibility. I can't give points for what I can't read. Take a minute, at the end, to make sure your work is organized and submitted in proper order.

1. Let  $f(x) = 3x^3 - 8x^2 + 19x - 10$ 
  - a. (10 pts) Use synthetic division to find  $f(3)$ .
  - b. (10 pts) Use synthetic division to show that  $x = 1 + 2i$  is a solution of the equation  $f(x) = 0$ .
  - c. (10 pts) Split  $f$  into linear factors, that is, factor  $f$  all the way.
  
2. Let  $z = 3\sqrt{6} - 3\sqrt{6}i$ 
  - a. (10 pts) Find  $z + \bar{z}$  and  $z\bar{z}$ , where  $\bar{z}$  is the complex conjugate of  $z$ .
  - b. (10 pts) Express  $z$  in trigonometric form.
  
3. Let  $z = 16\left(\cos\left(\frac{5\pi}{4}\right) + i\sin\left(\frac{5\pi}{4}\right)\right)$ 
  - a. (10 pts) Express  $z$  in standard form.
  - b. (10 pts) Find the principal 4<sup>th</sup> root of  $z$ , i.e., find  $\sqrt[4]{z}$ . Leave  $z$  in trigonometric form for this.
  - c. (10 pts) Now, find the *other* 4<sup>th</sup> roots of  $z$ , in trigonometric form.
  - d. (10 pts) Find the trigonometric form of  $z^4$ .
  
4. (10 pts) Find all solutions  $\theta \in [0, 2\pi)$  of the trig equation  $4\sin^3(2\theta) + 12\sin^2(2\theta) - 3\sin(2\theta) - 9 = 0$ .  
(Hint: If  $f(x) = 4x^3 + 12x^2 - 3x - 9$ , then  $f(-3) = 0$ .)

Work up to 15 points' worth of bonus.

**Bonus 1.** Consider the triangle on the right.

- a. (5 pts) Prove that there are two possible solutions to this triangle.
- b. (5 pts) Use the Law of Sines to find the measure of angle  $C$  for the case where  $B$  is *acute*. (The case where  $B$  is obtuse is shown.) Give final answer accurate to 6 decimal places.
- c. (5 pts) Use the Law of Cosines and your answer from part b to find the length of side  $b$ . Give final answer accurate to 6 decimal places.



**Bonus 2.** The vector  $\vec{u}$  has a magnitude of  $\|\vec{u}\| = 60$  Newtons (N) and a direction angle  $\theta = 45^\circ$ . The vector  $\vec{v}$  has a magnitude of  $\|\vec{v}\| = 50$  and a direction angle of  $\phi = 120^\circ$ .

- a. (5 pts) Draw a diagram that describes this situation.
- b. (5 pts) Express  $\bar{u}$  and  $\bar{v}$  in component form, in two ways: Give an exact answer, and an answer rounded to 3 decimal places.
- c. (5 pts) Find the resultant force.

**Bonus 3.** (5 pts) Sketch the graph of  $10\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{50}x - \frac{7\pi}{50}\right) - 11$

**Bonus 4.** (5 pts) Find  $\sin\left(\frac{u}{2}\right)$  and  $\cos\left(\frac{u}{2}\right)$ , given that  $\cos(u) = \frac{3}{4}$  and  $\sin(u) < 0$ . Give exact answers in simplified radical form for full credit.

**Bonus 5.** (5 pts) What quadrant does  $2u$  lie in if  $\cos(u) = \frac{3}{4}$  and  $\sin(u) < 0$ ?

**Bonus 6.** (5 pts) Find the cosine function that in one of its periods achieves a maximum at  $(7, 100)$  and a minimum at  $(43, -200)$