Test 1 – Spring, 2019

Name_____ NO GRAPHING CALCULATORS!!!

Do all your work and submit answers with your work, on the separate paper provided. Organize your work for efficient grading and feedback. Leave a margin, especially in the top left, where the staple goes!

Leave space between problems. No prizes for saving paper, here. Figure this stuff out, and use your smarts to plant trees! Only use one column of work. Don't start a 2nd column to save paper. ALL I WANT ON THIS PAGE IS YOUR NAME.

- 1. (10 pts) Find two angles, between -2π and 2π (i.e., 0^0 and 360^0) that are coterminal with $\frac{55\pi}{4}$. Give exact answers in degrees and radians.
- 2. Arc Length and Area of Sector. Suppose we have a circle of radius r = 6 cm.
 - a. (5 pts) Find the arc length on the circle, that is intercepted by an angle of 1724⁰. Round to 3 decimal places.
 - b. (5 pts) Find the *exact* area of the sector that is intercepted (swept through) by an angle of $\theta = \frac{11\pi}{6}$
- 3. Basic concept: Draw the doggone pictures!
 - a. (5 points) Sketch two triangles that satisfy $\cos(\theta) = \frac{-2}{\sqrt{13}}$.
 - b. (5 pts) Assume the terminal side of the angle θ lies in the 2nd quadrant. Find the other five trigonometric functions of θ .
 - c. (5 pts) Again, assuming θ 's terminal side lies in Q II, and $0 \le \theta < 2\pi$, find θ , in radians *and* degrees, rounded to 3 decimal places.
 - d. (5 pts) Give *all* solutions to the equation $\cos(\theta) = \frac{-2}{\sqrt{13}}$, in degrees *and* radians, rounded to three (3) decimal places. (Good one to skip and come back to, if time permits).
- 4. (10 pts) Sketch one period of the graphs of y = sin(x) and y = csc(x) on the same set of coordinate axes.
- 5. (10 pts) The radii of the pedal sprocket, the wheel sprocket, and the wheel of the bicycle in the figure are 4 inches, 2 inches and 13 inches, respectively. A cyclist is pedaling at a rate of 2 revolutions per second. Find the speed of the bicycle in feet per second. Then convert that to miles per hour. Round final answers to 1 decimal place.



6. (10 pts) Sketch the graph of $f(x) = 11\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{8}x - \frac{7\pi}{8}\right) - 9$.

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- 8. (5 pts) Solve the triangle on the right. That means, find all lengths and angles. Exact answers required.
- 9. Find the exact value of...

a. ... (5 pts) $\sin\left(\arctan\left(\frac{13}{7}\right)\right)$. b. ... (5 pts) $\arcsin\left(\sin\left(\frac{7\pi}{4}\right)\right)$

10. (5 pts) Draw the sketch and use it to find an algebraic expression that is equivalent to $\tan\left(\arccos\left(\frac{3}{\sqrt{9x^2+5}}\right)\right)$. Assume that everything is taking place in the 1st quadrant.

Bonus: Answer two of the following 3 problems, for up to 10 points:

- 11. (5 pts) Sketch the pictures corresponding to:
 - a. $\cos(x) = 0$ b. $\sin(x) = 1$ c. $\sin(x) = \frac{-\sqrt{3}}{2}$ d. $\tan(x) = \sqrt{3}$ e. $\csc(x) = 0$

One or more of these only really have one picture.

- 12. (5 pts) Sketch the graph of one period of y = tan(x) (restricted to make it 1-to-1) and y = arctan(x) on the same set of coordinate axes. I want to see the function and its inverse in the same picture. Label key points as ordered pairs (ALWAYS). State the domain and range of the restricted tangent function and its inverse.
- 13. (5 pts) Find all solutions θ of the trigonometric polynomial $4\cos^2(\theta) 3 = 0$ in the interval $[0, 2\pi)$
- 14. (5 pts) Super-duper bonus Find all solutions θ of the trigonometric polynomial $4\cos^3(\theta) + 4\cos^2(\theta) 3\cos\theta 3 = 0$ in the interval $[0, 2\pi)$.



