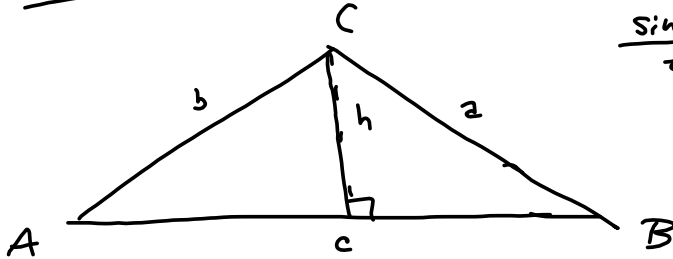


We haven't covered $\sin A \sin B$
 $\sin A \cos B$
 $\cos A \cos B$ } Product-to-Sum
Formulas.

§3.1 Law of Sines



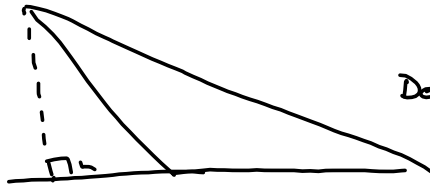
$$\frac{\sin A}{a} = \frac{\sin B}{b} = \frac{\sin C}{c}$$

SSS Nope
 SAS
 ASA
 ASS = Donkey

$$\sin A = \frac{h}{b} \quad \sin B = \frac{h}{a}$$

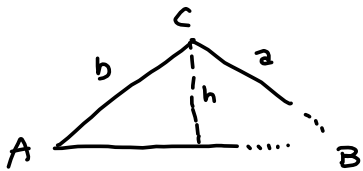
$$h = b \sin A = h = a \sin B$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\sin A}{a} = \frac{\sin B}{b}$$



Don't want to do.

Special: ASS could be one unique solution that's when $a > b$

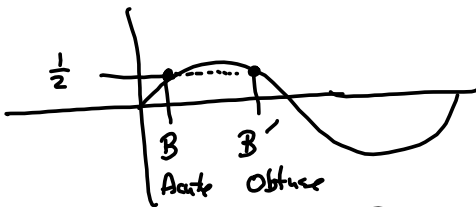


two solutions:

$h < a < b$
 when $h < a < b$, we get 2 cases:
 B is acute - what your calculator says when you hit it with arcsine = \sin^{-1}

B is obtuse - Then the answer will be

No Solution
 $a < h$



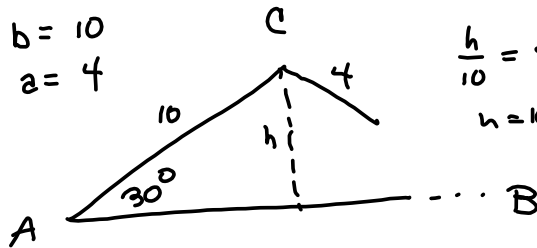
$$B' = \pi - B$$

$$= 180^\circ - B$$

$$A = 30^\circ$$

$$b = 10$$

$$a = 4$$



$$\frac{h}{10} = \sin 30^\circ \Rightarrow$$

$$h = 10 \sin 30^\circ = 10 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = 5 > 4, \text{ so } a \text{ can't reach.}$$

NO SOLUTION!

Unique Solution

Round to 3 places:

$$A = 30^\circ$$

$$b = 10$$

$$a = 11$$

$a > b \rightarrow$ unique solution:



$$\frac{\sin B}{b} = \frac{\sin A}{a} \Rightarrow$$

$$\sin B = \frac{b \sin A}{a} = \frac{10 \sin 30^\circ}{11} \approx 0.454545454545 \rightarrow$$

$$B \approx \sin^{-1}(0.454545454545) \approx 27.0356917894^\circ \approx B \rightarrow$$

$$C = 180^\circ - A - B \approx 180^\circ - 30^\circ - 27.0356917894^\circ$$

$$\approx 122.964308211^\circ \approx C$$

Finally

$$a = 11$$

$$b = 10$$

$$\frac{\sin C}{c} = \frac{\sin A}{a}$$

$$\frac{c}{\sin C} = \frac{a}{\sin A}$$

(122.964...°)

$$\rightarrow c = \frac{a \sin C}{\sin A} \approx \frac{11 \sin(122.964308211^\circ)}{\sin(30^\circ)}$$

$$\approx 18.4582130089$$

$$A = 30^\circ$$

$$B \approx 27.036^\circ$$

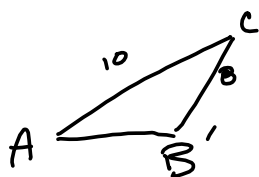
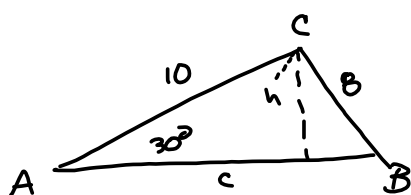
$$C \approx 122.964^\circ$$

$$a = 11$$

$$b = 10$$

$$c \approx 18.458$$

Two Solutions in ASS situation.



$$A = 30^\circ$$

$$b = 10$$

$$a = 5$$

$$\frac{h}{10} = \sin 30^\circ$$

$$h = 10 \sin 30^\circ = 5$$

$$a > h \text{ \& \; } a < b \rightarrow$$

2 sol's

B is acute. - Calculator Answer.

B' is obtuse.

Solve for B is acute

$$\frac{\sin B}{b} = \frac{\sin A}{a}$$

$$\sin B = \frac{b \sin A}{a} = \frac{10 \sin 30^\circ}{8} = \frac{5}{8}$$

$$B = \arcsin\left(\frac{5}{8}\right) \approx 38.6821874535^\circ$$

$$C = 180^\circ - A - B \approx 150^\circ - 38.6821874535^\circ \approx 111.317812546^\circ \approx C$$

$$\begin{array}{l} A = 30^\circ \\ B \approx 38.682^\circ \\ C \approx 111.318^\circ \end{array}$$

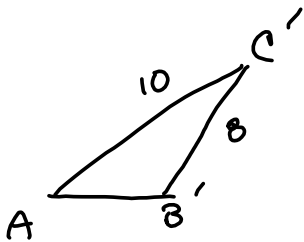
$$\begin{array}{l} a = 11 \\ b = 10 \\ c \approx 20.495 \end{array}$$

No dummy!
B is Acute situation
 $a = 8, b = 10$

$$\frac{c}{\sin C} = \frac{a}{\sin A}$$

$$c = \frac{a \sin C}{\sin A} \approx \frac{11 \sin(111.317812546^\circ)}{\sin(30^\circ)} \approx 20.4947215499$$

$$B' = 180^\circ - B \approx 180^\circ - 38.6821874535^\circ \approx 141.317812546^\circ$$



$$\begin{array}{l} A = 30^\circ \\ B' \approx 141.318^\circ \\ C' \approx 8.682^\circ \end{array}$$

$$B' \approx 141.318^\circ$$

$$C' = 180^\circ - A - B' \approx$$

$$180^\circ - 30^\circ - 141.317812546^\circ$$

$$\approx 8.682187454^\circ \approx C'$$

Sorry I got the numbers wrong!

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\cos \theta \cot \theta}{1 - \sin \theta} - 1 \\
 &= \frac{\cos \theta \cot \theta - (1 - \sin \theta)}{1 - \sin \theta} \\
 &= \left(\frac{\cos \theta \left(\frac{\cos \theta}{\sin \theta} \right) - \left(\frac{1 - \sin \theta}{1} \right)}{1 - \sin \theta} \right) \frac{\sin \theta}{\sin \theta} \\
 &= \frac{\cos^2 \theta - (\sin \theta - \sin^2 \theta)}{\sin \theta - \sin^2 \theta} = \frac{\cos^2 \theta - \sin \theta + \sin^2 \theta}{\sin \theta (1 - \sin \theta)} \\
 &= \frac{1 - \sin \theta}{\sin \theta (1 - \sin \theta)} = \frac{1}{\sin \theta} = \csc \theta
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\cos \theta \cot \theta}{1 - \sin \theta} - 1 = \frac{\cos \theta \left(\frac{\cos \theta}{\sin \theta} \right)}{1 - \sin \theta}$$