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Week 1 Assignment

Mills, Harry

- ① The ratio of the change in the central angle θ to the elapsed time t is

$$\frac{d\theta}{dt} = \text{angular speed.}$$

- ② The arc length s corresponding to a radius r and a central angle θ is

$$s = r\theta, \text{ provided } \theta \text{ is in radians.}$$

- ③ The area A of a sector of a circle with radius r and central angle θ (in radians) is

$$A = \frac{1}{2} r^2 \theta$$

- ④ Two angles coterminal with $\frac{2\pi}{3}$ are

$$\frac{2\pi}{3} + 2\pi = \frac{2\pi + 4\pi}{3} = \frac{6\pi}{3} = \theta_1 \text{ and}$$

$$\frac{2\pi}{3} - 2\pi = \frac{2\pi - 6\pi}{3} = \frac{-4\pi}{3} = \theta_2$$

- ⑤ The complement of $\theta = \frac{\pi}{3}$ is $\frac{\pi}{6}$ b/c $\frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{\pi}{3} = \frac{(3-2)\pi}{6} = \frac{\pi}{6}$

.. $\theta = \frac{3\pi}{4}$ $\frac{\pi}{4}$

The supplement of $\theta = \frac{\pi}{6}$ is $\pi - \frac{\pi}{6} = \frac{5\pi}{6}$.

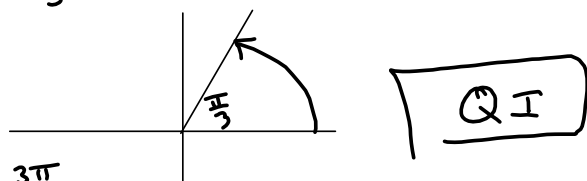
.. $\frac{3\pi}{4}$ is $\pi - \frac{3\pi}{4} = \frac{\pi}{4}$

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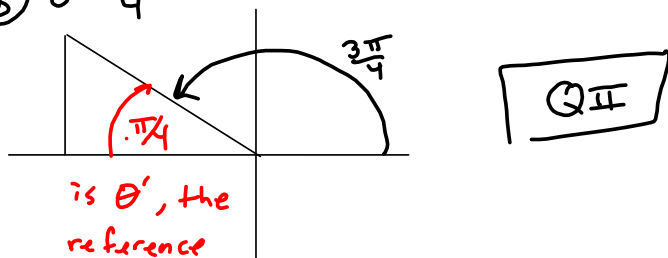
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(a) we sketch & state the quadrant of each angle;

(2) $\theta = \frac{\pi}{3}$

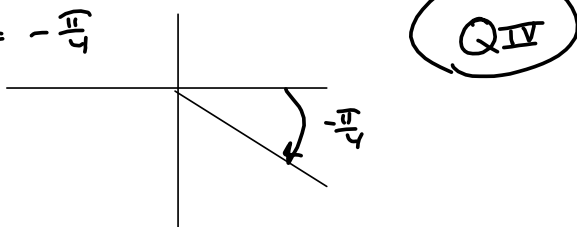


(b) $\theta = \frac{3\pi}{4}$

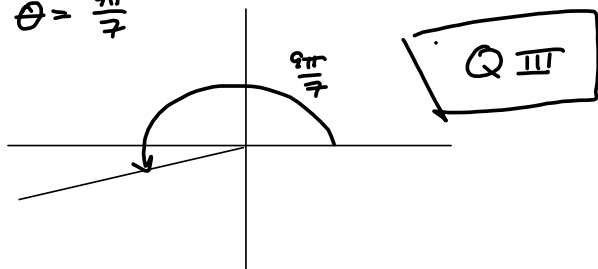


is θ' , the reference angle.

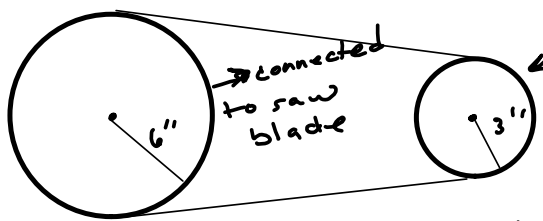
(c) $\theta = -\frac{\pi}{4}$



(d) $\theta = \frac{5\pi}{4}$



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power wheel

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Smaller pulley revolves @ 1000 $\frac{rev}{min}$

2 We find angular speed (velocity) in radians per minute of each per minute

powered pulley: $\left(\frac{1000 \text{ rev}}{\text{min}}\right) \left(\frac{2\pi \text{ radians}}{\text{rev}}\right) = \boxed{2000\pi \frac{\text{radians}}{\text{min}}}$
 $\approx 6283.185308 \frac{\text{radians}}{\text{min}}$

saw pulley: $\left(\frac{1000 \text{ rev. powered wheel}}{\text{min}}\right) \left(\frac{3 \text{ revs saw}}{6 \text{ revs power}}\right) \left(\frac{2\pi \text{ rad}}{\text{rev}}\right)$

$= \boxed{1000\pi \frac{\text{radians}}{\text{min}}}$

b) Revolutions / min of saw is $\left(\frac{1000 \text{ revs power}}{\text{min}}\right) \left(\frac{3 \text{ revs saw}}{6 \text{ revs power}}\right)$

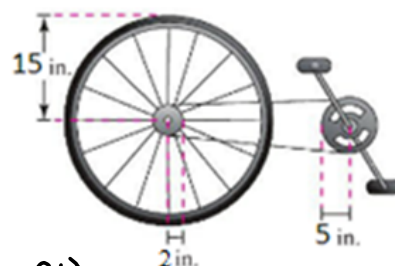
$= \boxed{500 \text{ rpm}}$

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8. The radii of the pedal sprocket, wheel sprocket, and the wheel of the bicycle in the figure are 5", 2", and 15", respectively.

If a cyclist is pedaling at a rate of 1.4 revolutions per second, ...



(a) The speed of the bicycle in ft/sec is

$$\left(\frac{1.4 \text{ revs front}}{\text{sec}}\right) \left(\frac{5 \text{ revs rear}}{2 \text{ revs front}}\right) \left(\frac{2\pi \text{ radians}}{1 \text{ rev}}\right) (15 \text{ in}) \left(\frac{1 \text{ ft}}{12 \text{ in}}\right)$$

$$= \left(\frac{14}{10}\right) \left(\frac{5}{2}\right) (2\pi) (15) \left(\frac{1}{12}\right) \frac{\text{ft}}{\text{sec}} = \boxed{\frac{35\pi}{4} \frac{\text{ft}}{\text{s}}} \approx 27.48893572$$

$$\left(\frac{14}{10}\right) \left(\frac{5}{2}\right) (2\pi) (15) \left(\frac{1}{12}\right) \text{ (scratch)} \approx \boxed{27.5 \frac{\text{ft}}{\text{s}}}$$

(b) The above is $\left(\frac{35\pi}{4} \frac{\text{ft}}{\text{sec}}\right) \left(\frac{1 \text{ mi}}{5280 \text{ ft}}\right) \left(\frac{3600 \text{ sec}}{1 \text{ hr}}\right) \approx 18.74245617$

$$\approx \boxed{18.7 \frac{\text{mi}}{\text{hr}}}$$

Reference: 1 radian is about 57.29577950° .

Looks like 60° when just eyeballing it.