Written Final, Spring, 2024 Emphasizes Chapters 3, 4, and 6.

Show All Work. Circle Final Answers.

- 1. (10 pts) Find the value of the 6 trigonometric functions, given that  $\sin(u) = -\frac{3}{4}$  and  $\frac{3\pi}{2} \le u < 2\pi$ .
- (10 pts) Find  $\sin\left(\frac{u}{2}\right)$ ,  $\cos\left(\frac{u}{2}\right)$ , and  $\tan\left(\frac{u}{2}\right)$ , given that  $\sin\left(u\right) = -\frac{3}{4}$  and  $\frac{3\pi}{2} \le u < 2\pi$ . 2.
- Suppose  $A = 37^{\circ}$ , a = 13 cm, and b = 20 cm. (See figure.) 3.
  - a. (5 pts) Show that there are two solutions to this triangle, before solving the triangle.
  - b. (5 pts) Find both solutions. For one, B will be acute. For the other, B will be obtuse. Round final answers to 3 decimal places.
- 4. (10 pts) Suppose a = 8, b = 13, c = 10. Solve the triangle. Round final answers to 3 decimal places. See figure.
- 5. Let  $\overline{u} = \langle 7, 1 \rangle$  and  $\overline{v} = \langle 2, 6 \rangle$ . Compute or sketch, as directed: a. (10 pts)  $\|\overline{u}\|$  (Use dot product).
  - b. (5 pts) The direction angle for  $\overline{u}$ . Use degrees. Round final answer to 3 decimal places.
  - c. (5 pts) The angle between  $\overline{u}$  and  $\overline{v}$ . Use degrees. Round final answer to 3 decimal places.
  - d. (5 pts) The resultant of  $\overline{u}$  and  $\overline{v}$ .
  - e. (5 pts)  $\operatorname{proj}_{\overline{v}}(\overline{u})$ .
  - (5 pts) Sketch the vectors  $\overline{u}$ ,  $\overline{v}$ , and  $\overline{u} + \overline{v}$  on the same set of coordinate axes. f.
  - g. (5 pts) Sketch the vectors  $\overline{u}$ ,  $\overline{v}$ ,  $\operatorname{proj}_{\overline{v}}(\overline{u})$ , and  $\overline{u} \operatorname{proj}_{\overline{v}}(\overline{u})$  on the same set of coordinate axes. Don't over-write your sketch from part f. Start a new sketch,
- 6. (10 pts) A weight of 2000 lbs is suspended from two hooks in the ceiling. Find the tension in each cable. (See figure.) Round final answers to 3 decimal places. 45° 30<sup>0</sup>





13 cm

В

в



10

c

20 спу

 $37^{0}$ 



7. (10 pts) Use the fact that z = 1 + 2i is a zero of

$$f(x) = x^4 - x^3 - 3x^2 + 17x - 30$$

to obtain a linear factorization of f(x), that is, split f into linear factors by finding all its zeros.

8. Let 
$$z = 3\left(\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right) + i\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right)\right)$$
 and  $w = 7\left(\cos\left(\frac{3\pi}{4}\right) + i\sin\left(\frac{3\pi}{4}\right)\right)$ . Compute the following.

- a. (10 pts) *zw*
- b. (10 pts)  $\frac{z}{w}$
- 9. Let z = 81i.
  - a. (10 pts) Convert z to trigonometric form.
  - b. (10 pts) Find all 5<sup>th</sup> roots of z. Leave your answers in trigonometric form. Use exact radians (i.e.,  $\pi$  -radians).

c. (10 pts) Convert 
$$z = 3\left(\cos\left(\frac{5\pi}{3}\right) + i\sin\left(\frac{5\pi}{3}\right)\right)$$
 to standard (rectangular) form.

10. Consider the following:

$$x = 2 + 3\cos(\theta)$$

$$y = 3 - 5\sin(\theta)$$

- a. (10 pts) Sketch the curve represented by the parametric equations. Indicate the orientation of the curve.
- b. (10 pts) Eliminate the parameter and write the resulting rectangular equation whose graph represents the curve.
- 11. (10 pts) Convert the equation 2x-3y-15=0 to polar form. Solve your equation for *r* so that it is of the form  $r = f(\theta)$ .
- 12. (10 pts) Sketch the graph of the polar equation  $r = \sin(3\theta)$
- 13. (10 pts) Find the polar equation of the ellipse with vertices  $\left(2,\frac{\pi}{2}\right), \left(4,\frac{3\pi}{2}\right)$ .

14. (Bonus 10 pts) Convert the equation 
$$\frac{(x-4)^2}{25} + \frac{y^2}{9} = 1$$
 to polar form of a conic  $r = \frac{ep}{1 - e\cos(\theta)}$