

48 points possible on homework/quiz #1

Mastery! For  $\frac{1}{2}$  the points you missed,

Fix your homework #1:

Separate paper (1 side per page)

Explain what you missed, why you missed it, and provide the correct answer.

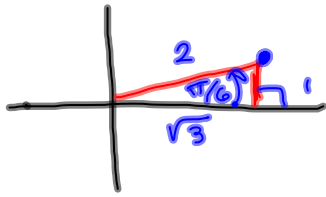
SHOW WORK

Use "=" and " $\approx$ " appropriately

Don't do things like 2.738U

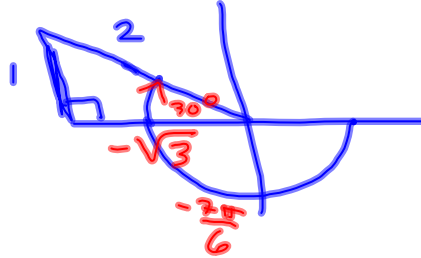
If you're gonna touch a calculator, give me a decimal answer, rounded to 4 places to the right of the decimal.

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \frac{\pi}{6}, -\frac{7\pi}{6}$$

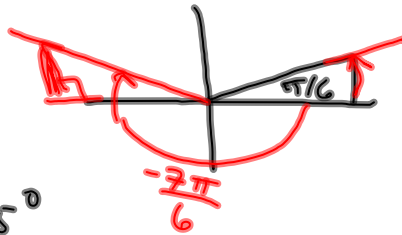


Drop perpendicular to the x-axis.

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{1} & \left( -\frac{7\pi}{6} \text{ rad} \right) \left( \frac{180^\circ}{\pi \text{ rad}} \right) \\ &= (-7)(30)^\circ \\ &= -210^\circ = -180^\circ - 30^\circ \end{aligned}$$



$$\left( \frac{\pi}{4} \text{ rad} \right) \left( \frac{180^\circ}{\pi \text{ rad}} \right) = 45^\circ$$



$$\textcircled{2} \quad 0 \rightarrow 0, \frac{\pi}{6} \rightarrow 30^\circ, \frac{\pi}{4} \rightarrow 45^\circ, \frac{\pi}{3} \rightarrow 60^\circ, \frac{\pi}{2} \rightarrow 90^\circ$$

$\textcircled{3}$   $\frac{2\pi}{3}$  is coterminal with

$$\frac{2\pi}{3} + 2\pi = \frac{2\pi}{3} + \frac{6\pi}{3} = \frac{8\pi}{3}$$

$$\frac{2\pi}{3} - 2\pi = \frac{2\pi - 6\pi}{3} = -\frac{4\pi}{3}$$

$$\left( \frac{2\pi}{3} \right) \left( \frac{180^\circ}{\pi} \right) = 120^\circ$$

$$120^\circ + 360^\circ = 480^\circ$$

$$120^\circ - 360^\circ = -240^\circ$$

$$\textcircled{4} \quad \underline{37^\circ 40' 23''}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & 37^\circ + (40 \text{ min}) \left( \frac{1^\circ}{60 \text{ min}} \right) \\ & + (23 \text{ sec}) \left( \frac{1^\circ}{3600 \text{ sec}} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\approx 37.6731^\circ$$

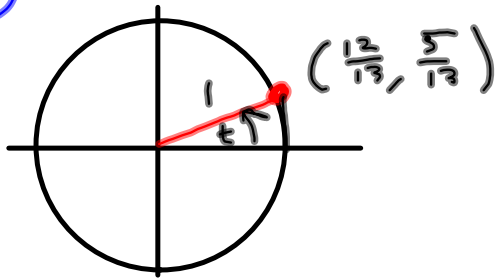
$$23.521$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= 2 \times 10^1 + 3 \times 10^0 + 5 \times 10^{-1} \\ &+ 2 \times 10^{-2} + 1 \times 10^{-3} \end{aligned}$$

5

Not necessarily a unit circle.

But if it is, then



$$x = \cos t$$

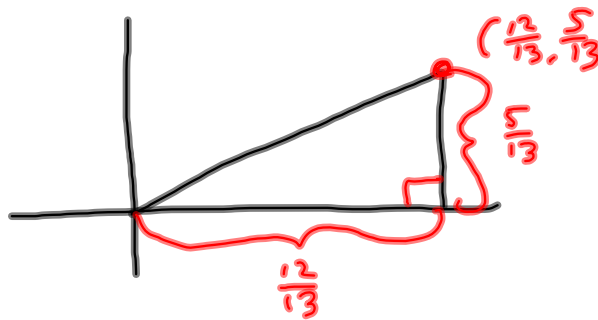
$$y = \sin t$$

$$\sin t = \frac{5}{13}$$

$$\cos t = \frac{12}{13}$$

$$\tan t = \frac{\frac{5}{13}}{\frac{12}{13}} = \frac{5}{13} \cdot \frac{13}{12} = \frac{5}{12}$$

$$\left(\frac{12}{13}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{5}{13}\right)^2 = \frac{144 + 25}{169} = \frac{169}{169} = 1$$



$$\sin t = \frac{5}{13}$$

$$\cos t = \frac{12}{13}$$

$$\tan t = \frac{\frac{5}{13}}{\frac{12}{13}} = \frac{5}{12}$$

$$\csc t = \frac{13}{5}$$

$$\sec t = \frac{13}{12}$$

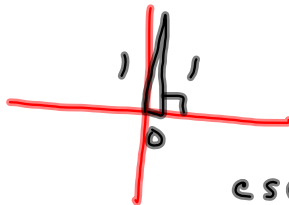
$$\cot t = \frac{12}{5}$$

$$t = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$\sin(t) = 1$$

$$\cos(t) = 0$$

$$\tan(t) = \frac{1}{0}$$



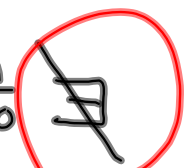
$$\csc(t) = 1$$

$$\sec(t) \text{ does not exist}$$

$$\cot(t) = 0$$

Enclose the argument in parentheses.

[-

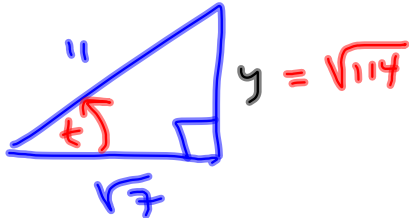


Does not exist.

$$\cos(t) = \frac{\sqrt{7}}{11}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &\sqrt{44} \\ &= \sqrt{2 \cdot 2 \cdot 11} \\ &= 2\sqrt{11} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2 \overline{)44} \\ \underline{22} \\ 22 \\ \underline{22} \\ 0 \end{array}$$



$\sin =$

$$\cos(-t) = \frac{\sqrt{7}}{11} \quad \text{cosine is even}$$

$$\sin(t) = \frac{\sqrt{114}}{11}$$

$$\sin(-t) = -\frac{\sqrt{114}}{11} \quad \text{sine is odd}$$

$$\sqrt{7}^2 + y^2 = 11^2$$

$$y^2 = 121 - 7$$

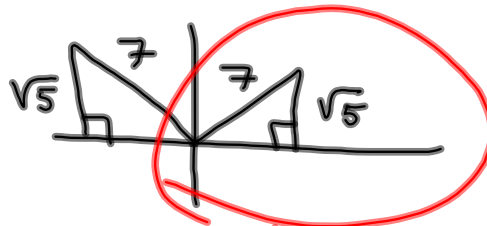
$$y = \pm \sqrt{114}$$

For the quiz,  
I was OK with  
just taking  $\sqrt{114}$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2 \overline{)114} \\ \underline{114} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

But the question was  
poorly posed

When  $\sin(t) = \frac{\sqrt{5}}{7}$ , we  
have 2 triangles possible



↳ This was what  
I wanted, but  
I was not specific.