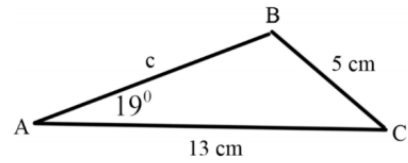
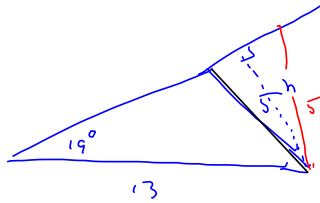


1. Consider the triangle in the figure. Do not use rounded results in your calculations for new results. Only round in the final answer to each of the following:



- a. (10 pts) This triangle is oriented a bit differently than others you've seen for this SSA situation. But you can still show there are 2 solutions to this triangle. Do so.

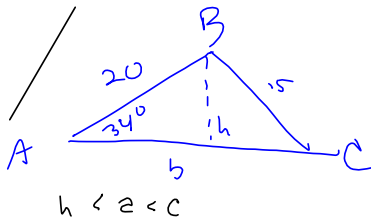


$$\frac{h}{13} = \sin 19^\circ$$

$$h = 13 \sin 19^\circ \approx 4.23 < 5 < 13$$

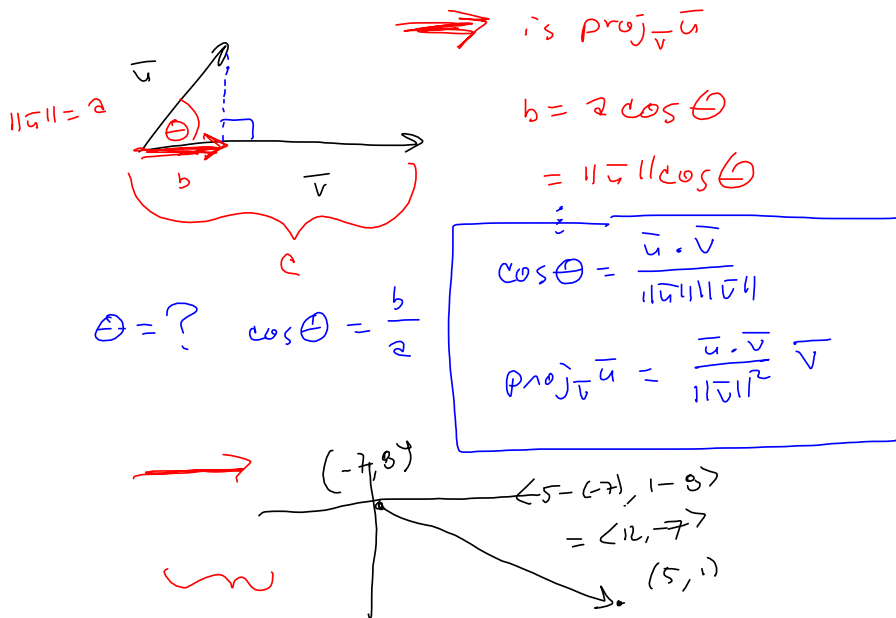
$h < 2 < b$

I gave you on Fall '19 test



$$\frac{h}{20} = \sin 34^\circ \rightarrow h = 20 \sin 34^\circ \approx 11.18 < 15$$

~~15~~



(31)  $u = \langle 5, 3 \rangle, v = \langle 2, 7 \rangle$

(a)  $\cos \theta = \frac{u \cdot v}{\|u\| \|v\|} = \frac{5 \cdot 2 + 3 \cdot 7}{\sqrt{5^2 + 3^2} \sqrt{2^2 + 7^2}} = \frac{31}{\sqrt{34} \sqrt{53}}$

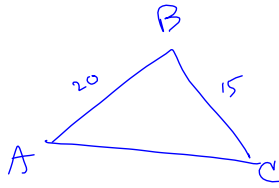
$\Rightarrow \theta = \cos^{-1} \left( \frac{31}{\sqrt{34} \sqrt{53}} \right)$

$31 / (\sqrt{34} \sqrt{53})$

$\cos^{-1}(\text{previous}) \approx 43.09084757^\circ$

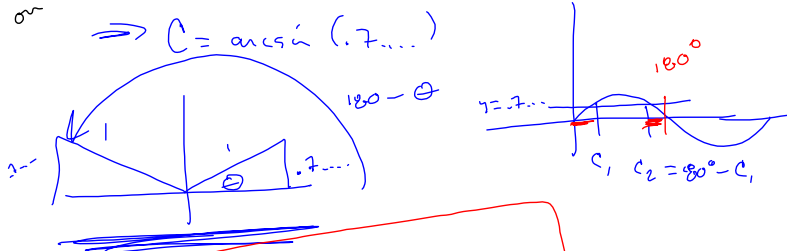
(b)  $\text{proj}_v u = \frac{31}{53} \langle 2, 7 \rangle$  is Perfect!

$= \frac{u \cdot v}{\|v\|^2} \cdot v$

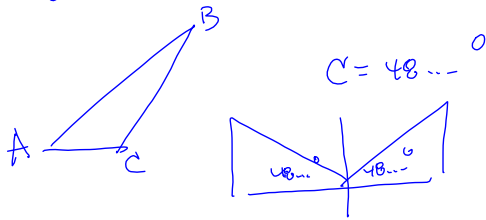


#1e on test 3  $\sin C = \frac{20 \sin 34^\circ}{15} \approx (.7\dots)$

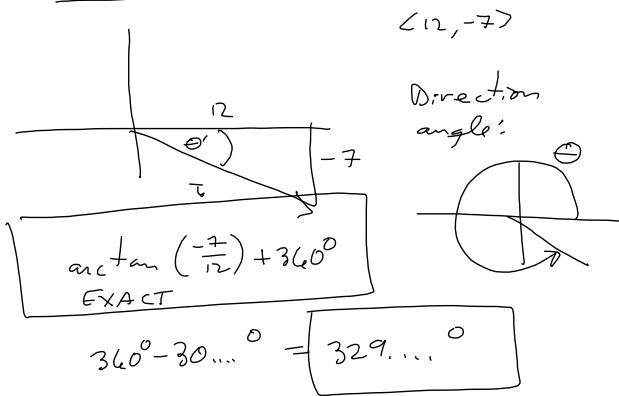
$\Rightarrow C = \arcsin(.7\dots)$



$\frac{\sin C}{c} = \frac{\sin A}{a}$  holds  
whether C is acute or obtuse.



Direction Angle



Extracting Square Roots

13.4.125

$$\begin{array}{r} 2 \overline{) 344500} \\ 2 \overline{) 172250} \\ 5 \overline{) 86125} \\ 5 \overline{) 17225} \\ 5 \overline{) 3445} \\ \underline{729} \end{array}$$