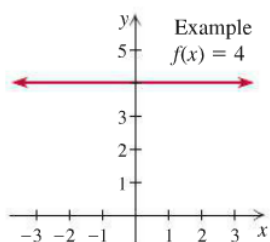


Writing Project #1 - Graphing by Transforming Basic Function Graphs
Survey of Basic Functions

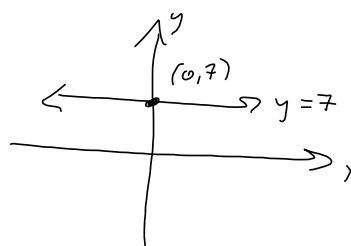
Constant Function $f(x) = k$



Domain $(-\infty, \infty)$
Range $\{4\}$
Constant on $(-\infty, \infty)$
Symmetric about y-axis

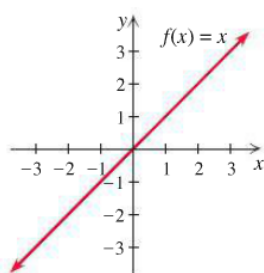
$$f(x) = 7$$

$y = 7$
Horizontal
Line



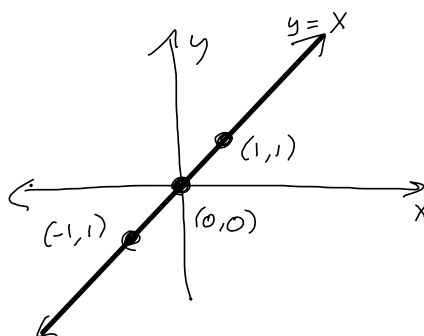
Vertical lines aren't functions.

Identity Function



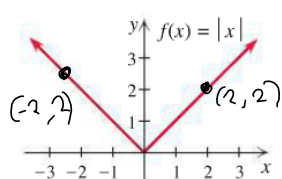
Domain $(-\infty, \infty)$
 Range $(-\infty, \infty)$
 Increasing on $(-\infty, \infty)$
 Symmetric about origin

$$y = x$$



Soquel
 $y = m(x - x_1) + y_1$
 is the form
 of point-slope
 we want for
 this portion of
 the class.

Absolute Value Function



Domain $(-\infty, \infty)$
 Range $[0, \infty)$
 Increasing on $[0, \infty)$
 Decreasing on $(-\infty, 0]$
 Symmetric about y-axis

EVEN Function
 $f(-x) = f(x)$

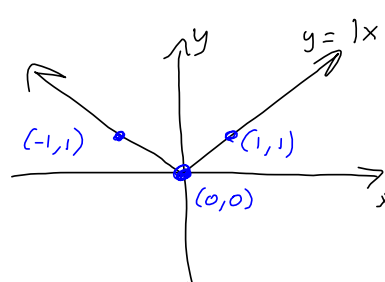
$$f(-x) \rightarrow |-2| = 2$$

$$f(x) \rightarrow |2| = 2$$

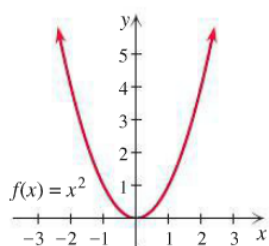
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x & \text{if } x \geq 0 \\ -x & \text{if } x < 0 \end{cases}$$

$$f(-2) = 2 = -(-2)$$

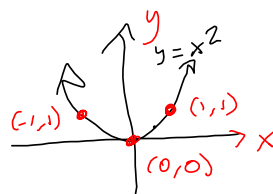
$$|-2| = 2$$



Square Function



Domain $(-\infty, \infty)$
 Range $[0, \infty)$
 Increasing on $[0, \infty)$
 Decreasing on $(-\infty, 0]$
 Symmetric about y-axis

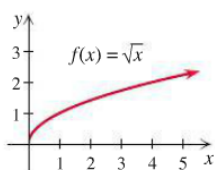


Even :

$$\begin{aligned}
 f(-x) &= (-x)^2 \\
 &= ((-1)(x))^2 \\
 &= (-1)^2(x)^2 \\
 &= 1 \cdot x^2 \\
 &= x^2 = f(x)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$f(-x) = f(x)$$

Square-Root Function

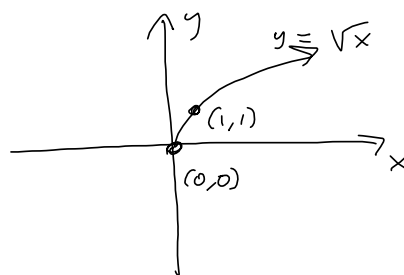
Domain $[0, \infty)$ Range $[0, \infty)$ Increasing on $[0, \infty) = \text{its domain}$

"Increasing on its domain."

Domain:

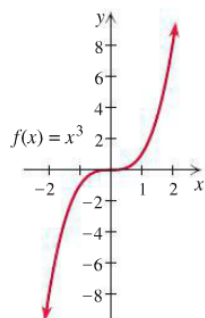
Need $x \geq 0$

Results in

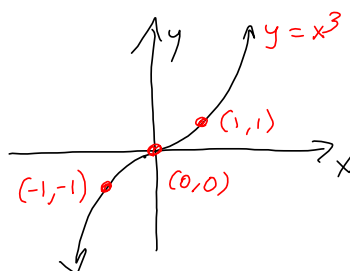
 $y \geq 0$ 

This covers
 $\sqrt[4]{x}, \sqrt[6]{x}, \dots, \sqrt[2n]{x}, \dots$
 $x^{\frac{1}{4}}, x^{\frac{1}{6}}, \dots, x^{\frac{1}{2n}}, \dots$

Cube Function



Domain $(-\infty, \infty)$
 Range $(-\infty, \infty)$
 Increasing on $(-\infty, \infty)$
 Symmetric about origin



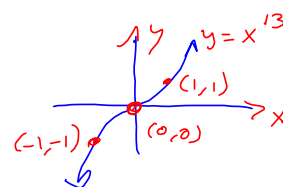
ODD :

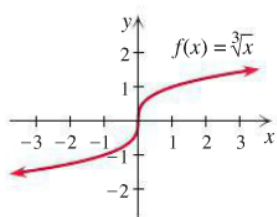
$$f(-x) = -f(x)$$

$$f(-2) = (-2)^3 = ((-1)(2))^3 = (-1)^3(2)^3 = -1 \cdot 2^3 = -2^3 \\ = -(2^3) = -f(2)$$

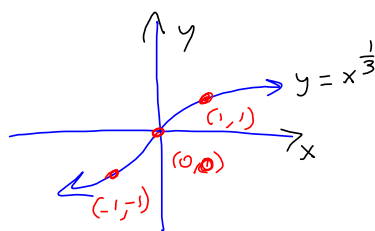
This covers:

$$x^5, x^7, \dots, x^{2n+1}, \dots$$



Cube-Root FunctionDomain $(-\infty, \infty)$ Range $(-\infty, \infty)$ Increasing on $(-\infty, \infty)$

Symmetric about origin

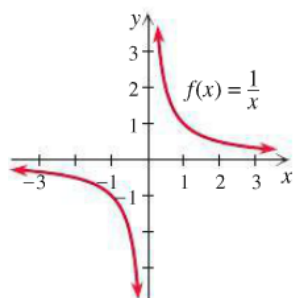


Powers:

$$x^{\frac{1}{5}}, x^{\frac{1}{2}}, \dots, x^{\frac{1}{2n+1}}$$

$$\sqrt[5]{x}, \sqrt[2]{x}, \dots$$

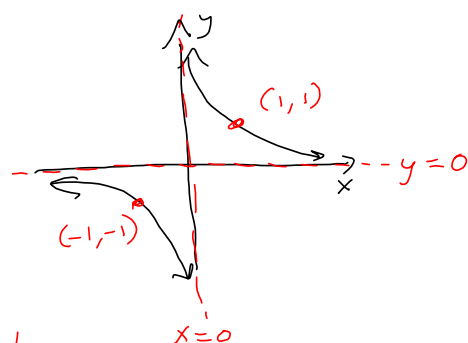
Reciprocal Function

Domain $(-\infty, 0) \cup (0, \infty)$ Range $(-\infty, 0) \cup (0, \infty)$ Decreasing on $(-\infty, 0) \cup (0, \infty)$ (on its entire domain, i.e.)

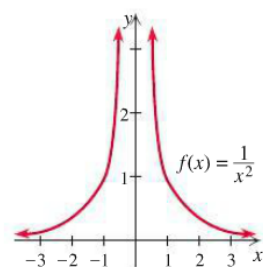
Symmetric about origin

$\frac{1}{\infty} \neq 0$
 horizontal asymptote
 $y = 0$
 ODD Func.

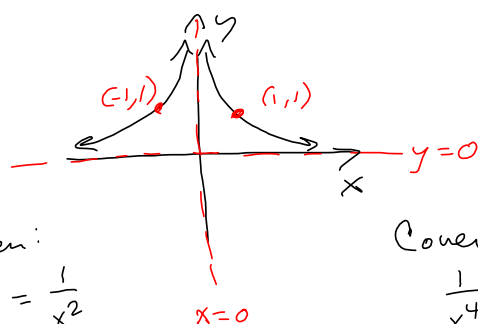
Covers
 $\frac{1}{x^3}, \frac{1}{x^5}, \dots, \frac{1}{x^{2n+1}}, \dots$



"Reciprocal-Squared" Function

Domain $(-\infty, 0) \cup (0, \infty)$ Range $(0, \infty)$ Increasing on $(-\infty, 0)$ Decreasing on $(0, \infty)$

Symmetric about y-axis.



Even:

$$\frac{1}{(-x)^2} = \frac{1}{x^2}$$

$$f(-x) = f(x)$$

Powers

$$\frac{1}{x^4}, \frac{1}{x^6}, \dots, \frac{1}{x^{2n}}$$