

FORMATTING: See [Writing Project #0](#) for instructions on formatting and submitting your work in PDF form in the drop box in Assignments on D2L

Main Resources: [Homework \(Chapter 4\) Notes and Videos](#), [Writing Project 4 Videos \(and notes\)](#), and a selection of [Old Writing Projects](#).

Upload your finished project as a multi-page, single-file PDF in the appropriate Writing Project #4 Drop-Box on [D2L](#).

1. Solve the system of linear equations 
$$\begin{aligned} 2x + 7y &= 30 \\ 3x - 5y &= 8 \end{aligned}$$
 in 3 ways:

a. (10 pts) Find the general vicinity of the solution by graphing the system. This should give you a general idea. Don't worry about it being super-accurate, although the more care you take, the better the estimate will be. Just graph the two lines by the intercept method. Supply the exact answer after you work parts b and c, below. I care much more about ordered-pair labels (OPLs) than tickmarks. OPLs are required.  $x$ - and  $y$ -intercepts are required. Tickmarks are not. On a test, I'm always looking for the labels. The tickmarks are just busy work that slows you down, when you're on the clock, and slow *me* down counting tickmarks!

b. (10 pts) Use the Substitution Method

c. (10 pts) Use the Elimination Method.

2. (10 pts) Use Elimination to solve the independent system of linear equations: 
$$\begin{aligned} 5x + 6y + 27z &= 2 \\ 4x + 5y + 21z &= 5 \quad . \quad \text{Hint:} \\ 2x - 2y + 11z &= -3 \end{aligned}$$

-1 Equation 2 + Equation 1 will put a nice '1' in the top-left corner, which makes the arithmetic a lot easier!

3. Consider the dependent system of linear equations: 
$$\begin{aligned} x + 2y + -5z &= 3 \\ 2x + 5y - 12z &= 8 \quad . \\ 4x + 12y - 28z &= 20 \end{aligned}$$

a. (10 pts) Use Elimination to obtain the general solution. Be kind to your teacher and let  $z$  be free! That means, find an expression for  $x$  and  $y$  in terms of the variable  $z$ . (WebAssign always wants you to use  $z = t$ , but I'm fine with just using the  $z$  as the parameter.

b. (10 pts) Give the particular solutions corresponding to  $z = 0$ ,  $z = 1$  and  $z = -1$ .

4. **The Underlying Assumption:** *All* of the techniques we learn for solving systems of linear equations are based on the *assumption* that the systems *have* solutions. So when we arrive at a false (*absurd!*) statement after a few elimination steps, the only explanation is that there was no solution in the first place\*. Our incorrect assumption\* led to something absurd, like  $0 = 10$  or  $0 = -5$ .

\*... or you made a mechanical error and should check your work, just to make sure. Stay organized and always check your work.

**Higher Learning:** In higher mathematics, this is the most basic method of proving something is false: "Assume it's true and conclude something absurd (like '0 = 1')." It's important that you realize what's happening when you arrive at those absurdities at the end of a perfectly logical and legal sequence of moves. That said, let me *finally* get to the question:

$$x + 2y + -5z = 3$$

(10 pts) **Your Task:** Show that the dependent system of linear equations  $2x + 5y - 12z = 8$

$$4x + 12y - 28z = 4$$

has no solution. I expect to see the word "absurd" in your discussion.