

Section 8.5 - Combinations.

The General Idea

Permutation: choose & arrange.

Combination: choose!

$$P(n, k) = k! C(n, k) \Rightarrow C(n, k) = \frac{P(n, k)}{k!}$$

$k!$ is the # of ways to arrange the k things you chose.

$$P(3, 2) = \frac{3!}{(3-2)!} = \frac{3!}{1!} = 3! = 6.$$

ab, ac, ba, bc, ca, cb. 6 things $\{a, b, c\}$

$$C(3, 2) = \frac{3!}{(3-2)!2!} = \frac{3!}{1!2!} \quad \{a, b\}, \{a, c\}, \{b, c\}$$

$$= 3 = \frac{3}{2!} = \frac{P(3, 2)}{2!}$$

The Binomial Theorem

and

Pascal's Triangle

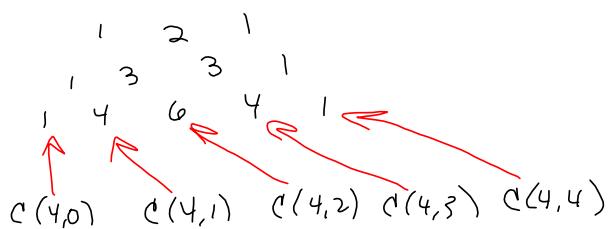
$$(x+y)^n = \sum_{k=0}^n C(n,k) x^{n-k} y^k$$

$$\begin{aligned}(x+y)^2 &= \sum_{k=0}^2 C(n,k) x^{n-k} y^k = C(2,0)x^2y^0 + C(2,1)x^1y^1 + C(2,2)x^0y^2 \\ &= 1x^2 + 2xy + 1y^2 \\ &= x^2 + 2xy + y^2\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}(x+y)^3 &= \sum_{k=0}^3 C(n,k) x^{n-k} y^k = C(3,0)x^3y^0 + C(3,1)x^2y^1 + C(3,2)x^1y^2 \\ &\quad + C(3,3)x^0y^3\end{aligned}$$

Pascal's Triangle

$$= x^3 + 3x^2y + 3x^1y^2 + y^3$$



$$(x+y)^4 = x^4 + 4x^3y + 6x^2y^2 + 4xy^3 + y^4$$

8.5.1 | ①

Fill in the blank.

Combination

A _____ is a subset of a set of objects.

Sets: order doesn't matter.

C

8.5.5 | ②

Evaluate the expression below.

$$\frac{11!}{7!4!} = \frac{11!}{7! \cdot 4!} = \frac{\cancel{11} \cdot \cancel{10} \cdot \cancel{9} \cdot \cancel{8}}{\cancel{7!} \cdot \cancel{6} \cdot \cancel{5} \cdot \cancel{4} \cdot \cancel{3} \cdot \cancel{2}}$$

= C(11,7) or C(11,4)

8.5.9 | ③

Evaluate the expression C(16,1).

C(16,1) = (Type an integer or a simplified fraction.)

C(16,1) = $\frac{16!}{15!1!} = 16$

"16, choose 1" pick one
 = "16, choose 15" pick one
 that's not gonna be picked."

$$\frac{799}{\cancel{8}} \\ \cancel{792}$$

8.5.13 | ④

Evaluate the expression.

$$C(12,7) = \frac{12!}{5!7!} = \frac{\cancel{12} \cdot \cancel{11} \cdot \cancel{10} \cdot \cancel{9} \cdot \cancel{8}}{\cancel{5} \cdot \cancel{4} \cdot \cancel{3} \cdot \cancel{2}} = 998$$

8.5.21 | ⑤

17 people are struggling to survive in the wilderness. In this week's episode, the

producers will send 5 of the 17 back to civilization. In how many ways can the 5 be selected?

$$C(17,5) = \frac{17!}{12!5!} = \frac{\cancel{17} \cdot \cancel{16} \cdot \cancel{14} \cdot \cancel{13} \cdot \cancel{12}}{\cancel{5} \cdot \cancel{4} \cdot \cancel{3} \cdot \cancel{2}} = 17 \cdot 16 \cdot 14 \cdot 13 = 6188$$

50)+sin(4(70)))
16.76290818
17 nCr 5 6188
17*2*13*14 6188
6188

8.5.21

(4)

Qui

17 people are struggling to survive in the wilderness. In this week's episode, the producers will send 5 of the 17 back to civilization. In how many ways can the 5 be selected?

Repetat!

8.5.27

(7)

How many five-card hands can be drawn from a deck of 52? $2,598,960$, obviously.

$$C(52, 5) = \frac{52!}{47! \cdot 5!} = \frac{52 \cdot 51 \cdot 50 \cdot 49 \cdot 48}{5 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2} = 52 \cdot 51 \cdot 10 \cdot 49 \cdot 2$$

17*2*13*14	6188
52 nCr 5	6188
$52 \cdot 51 \cdot 10 \cdot 49 \cdot 2$	2598960
$52 \cdot 51 \cdot 10 \cdot 49 \cdot 2$	2598960

8.5.31

(9)

Solve, using the idea of labeling. How many permutations are possible using the 6 letters in the word CANADA?

$$\frac{6!}{3!} = 6 \cdot 5 \cdot 4 = 120.$$

The number of possible permutations is

8.5.35

(9)

15 students volunteered to work in the governor's reelection campaign. 5 will be assigned to making phone calls, 3 will be assigned to stuffing envelopes, and 7 will be assigned to making signs. In how many ways can the assignments be made?

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (\text{choose 5 callers}) (\text{choose 3 stuffers}) (\text{choose 7 signers}) \\
 & C(15, 5) \cdot C(10, 3) \cdot C(7, 7) = \frac{15!}{10! \cdot 5!} \cdot \frac{10!}{7! \cdot 3!} \cdot 1 \\
 & = \frac{15 \cdot 14 \cdot 13 \cdot 12 \cdot 11}{5 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2} \cdot \frac{10 \cdot 9 \cdot 8}{3 \cdot 2} = 7 \cdot 13 \cdot 3 \cdot 11 \cdot 10 \cdot 3 \cdot 4 \\
 & = 360,360
 \end{aligned}$$

8.5.39 (10)

A health inspector must visit 4 of 6 restaurants on Monday. In how many ways can she pick the 4 restaurants?

$$C(6, 4) = \frac{6!}{4!2!} = \frac{6 \cdot 5}{2} = 15$$

8.5.41 (11)

From the 12 male and 10 female sales representatives for an insurance company, a team of 2 will be picked.

In how many ways can the team of 4 representatives be selected?

men and 2 women will be selected to attend a national conference on insurance fraud.

In how many ways can the team of 4 be selected?

missed-up the copy-paste.

$$C(12, 2) \cdot C(10, 2) = \frac{12 \cdot 11}{2} \cdot \frac{10 \cdot 9}{2} = 66 \cdot 45 = 2970$$

8.5.43 (12)

In an experiment on social interaction, 6 people will sit in 6 seats in a row. In how many ways can this be done?

A bit ambiguous. Does the ordering of the 6 matter?

Apparently not.

$$\text{So } C(6, 6) = 1$$

8.5.49 | (13)

$$\begin{array}{cccc} & 1 & 1 & \\ 1 & \sim & 1 & \\ \hline & & & \end{array}$$

Write the complete binomial expansion for $(r+s)^2 = r^2 + 2rs + s^2$

8.5.57 | (14)

$$\begin{array}{r} 132 \\ 6 \\ \hline 192 \end{array}$$

Expand.

$(2-h)^6 = (h-2)^6$ is easier for me.

$$\begin{aligned} (2-h)^6 &= ((-1)(h-2))^6 \\ &= (-1)^6 (h-2)^6 = (h-2)^6 \\ &= h^6 + 6(h^5(-2)^1) + 15(h^4(-2)^2) + 20(h^3(-2)^3) + 15(h^2(-2)^4) + 6(h^1(-2)^5) + (-2)^6 \\ &= [h^6 - 12h^5 + 60h^4 - 160h^3 + 240h^2 - 192h + 64] \end{aligned}$$

8.5.59 | (15)

Write the complete binomial expansion for the following power of a binomial.

$$\begin{aligned} (x^3+2)^4 &= (x^3)^4 + 4(x^3)^3(2)^1 + 6(x^3)^2(2^2) \\ &\quad + 4(x^3)^1(2)^3 + 2^4 \\ &= x^{12} + 8x^9 + 24x^6 + 32x^3 + 16 \end{aligned}$$

8.5.61

(16)

Write the complete binomial expansion for $(u - 2)^5$.

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= u^5 + 5(u)^4(-2) + 10(u)^3(-2)^2 + 10(u)^2(-2)^3 + 5(u)(-2)^4 + (-2)^5 \\
 &= \boxed{u^5 - 10u^4 + 40u^3 - 80u^2 + 80u - 32}
 \end{aligned}$$

8.5.67

(17)

Write the first three terms of the binomial expansion.

$$\begin{aligned}
 (5x - y^5)^5 &= 1(5x)^5(-y^5)^0 + 5(5x)^4(-y^5)^1 + 10(5x)^3(-y^5)^2 \\
 &\quad + 10(5x)^2(-y^5)^3 + 5(5x)^1(-y^5)^4 + (-y^5)^5 \\
 &= \boxed{5^5 x^5 - 5(5^4)x^4(y^5) + 10(5^3)x^3 y^{10}} - 10(5^2)x^2 y^{15} + 5(5x)y^{20} - y^{25} \\
 &= \boxed{3125x^5 - 3125x^4y^5 + 1250x^3y^{10}} - 250x^2y^{15} + 25xy^{20} - y^{25}
 \end{aligned}$$

8.5.69

(18)

Write the first three terms in the binomial expansion of $(4a - 0.5b)^3$.

$$\begin{aligned}
 &1(4a)^3(-0.5b)^0 + 3(4a)^2(-0.5b)^1 + 3(4a)^1(-0.5b)^2 \\
 &= \boxed{64a^3 - 24a^2b + 3ab^2} \\
 &(12)(0.5)^2 = \frac{12}{4} = 3
 \end{aligned}$$

8.5.73

(19)

What is the coefficient of w^2y^6 in the expansion of $(w+y)^8$?

28

$$C(8,6) w^{8-6} y^6$$

$$\text{No. } 2 = 8-6$$

$$\frac{C(8,6) w^{8-6} y^6}{\text{Same as } C(8,2)}$$

8.5.85

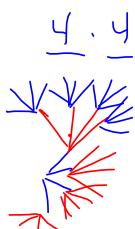
(20)

$$w^8 \quad w^7 \quad w^6 \quad w^5 \quad w^4 \quad w^3 \quad w^2$$

A multiple-choice test consists of 6 questions with each question having 4 possible answers.



I guess they want to know how many ways to answer the test.



$$4 \cdot 4 \cdot 4 \cdot 4 \cdot 4 \cdot 4 = 4^6 = 4096 \text{ ways}$$

1								
	1	2	1					
		3	3	1				
			4	1				
				5	10	10	5	1
					6	20	15	6
						15	21	7
							35	1
								8
1	8	28	56	70	56	28	8	1

8.5.89

(21)

Find a_5 if $a_1 = 7$ and $a_n = 1 - a_{n-1}$ for $n > 1$.

$$a_1 = 7, \quad a_2 = 1 - a_1 = 1 - 7 = -6$$

$$a_3 = 1 - a_2 = 1 - (-6) = 7$$

$$a_4 = 1 - a_3 = 1 - 7 = -6$$

$$a_5 = 7$$

$$a_5 = 7$$