

121 §8.2

Write the sum using \sum -notation

① $1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 5 + 6 = \sum_{k=1}^6 k$

$k: 1 \quad 2 \quad 3 \quad 4 \quad 5 \quad 6$

$f(k): k \quad k \quad k \quad k \quad k \quad k$

② $2 + 4 + 6 + 8 + 10 + 12 = \sum_{k=1}^6 2k$

$k: 1 \quad 2 \quad 3 \quad 4 \quad 5 \quad 6$

$f(k): k+1 \quad k+1 \quad k+1 \quad k+1 \quad k+1 \quad k+1$
 ~~$k+1$~~
 $2k \quad 2k \quad 2k \quad 2k \quad 2k \quad 2k$ ✓

All legit.

③ $1 - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{16} = \sum_{k=1}^5 (-1)^{k+1} \frac{1}{2^{k-1}}$

$= \sum_{k=0}^4 (-1)^k \frac{1}{2^k} = \sum_{k=-1}^3 (-1)^{k+1} \left(\frac{1}{2^{k+1}}\right)$

Alternates $(-1)^{\text{something}}$

1st term is positive when k is odd
 Need even power $k-1$ or $k+1$

$f(k): k \quad -\frac{1}{k} \quad \frac{1}{k} \quad -\frac{1}{k} \quad \frac{1}{k}$
 ~~$\frac{1}{k}$~~
 $\frac{1}{k} \quad \frac{1}{k} \quad \frac{1}{k} \quad \frac{1}{k} \quad \frac{1}{k}$
 $\frac{1}{1} = \frac{1}{2^0}, \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2^1}$ $k=2$

Oh, I see. The power is $k-1$

$k: 1 \quad 2 \quad 3 \quad 4 \quad 5$
 $f(k): \frac{1}{2^0} \quad \frac{1}{2^1} \quad \frac{1}{2^2} \quad \frac{1}{2^3} \quad \frac{1}{2^4}$
 $\frac{1}{8} = \frac{1}{2^3}$ when $k=4, 3=k-1$ ✓

$$\textcircled{4} \quad 1 - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{16} - \dots \quad \text{See \#3}$$

$$= \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{k+1} \left(\frac{1}{2^{k-1}} \right) \quad \text{OR} \quad \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (-1)^k \left(\frac{1}{2^k} \right) \quad \text{OR}$$

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{k-1} \left(\frac{1}{2^{k-1}} \right)$$

Rewrite the series using new index j , as indicated.

$$\textcircled{5} \quad \sum_{i=4}^{13} (2i+1) = \sum_{j=1}^{\quad}$$

$$\sum_{j=1}^{13-3}, \quad j = i-3, \text{ in general, so } i = j+3$$

$$\sum_{j=1}^{10} (2(j+3)+1) = \sum_{j=1}^{10} (2j+6+1) = \sum_{j=1}^{10} (2j+7)$$

$$\boxed{\sum_{j=1}^{10} (2j+7)}$$

121 § 8.2

$$\infty - 3 = \infty!$$

$$\textcircled{6} \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{5^n e^{-5}}{n!} = \sum_{j=5}^{\infty} \frac{5^{j-3} e^{-5}}{(j-3)!}$$

$$n=2, j=5$$

$$j = n + 3, \text{ so } n = j - 3$$