

121 § 1, 2 #s 1-4 ALL, 5, 7, 11, 13, 16, 21, 23, 31, 35, 37, 42,

#s 5-40 Solve for the specified variable

(5) $I = Prt$ for r . (7) $F = \frac{9}{5}C + 32$ for C

$$Prt = I$$

$$\frac{Prt}{Pt} = \frac{I}{Pt}$$

$$\boxed{r = \frac{I}{Pt}}$$

$$\frac{9}{5}C + 32 = F$$

$$\frac{9C}{5} + \frac{32 \cdot 5}{1 \cdot 5} = \frac{F \cdot 5}{1 \cdot 5}$$

$$\frac{9C + 160}{LCD} = \frac{5F}{LCD}$$

$$9C + 160 = 5F$$

$$\frac{160}{9}$$

$$9C = 5F - 160$$

$$\boxed{C = \frac{5F - 160}{9}}$$

$$\text{OR } \frac{5}{9}F - \frac{160}{9}$$

$$\text{OR } \frac{5}{9}(F - 32)$$

(11) $Ax + By = C$

$$By = -Ax + C$$

$$\boxed{y = \frac{-Ax + C}{B}}$$

$$\text{OR } -\frac{A}{B}x + \frac{C}{B}$$

(13) $\frac{1}{R} = \frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2} + \frac{1}{R_3}$

~~$$\frac{1}{R} \cdot \frac{R_1 R_2 R_3}{R_1 R_2 R_3} = \frac{1}{R_1} \cdot \frac{R_1 R_2 R_3}{R_1 R_2 R_3} + \frac{1}{R_2} \cdot \frac{R_1 R_2 R_3}{R_2 R_1 R_3} + \frac{1}{R_3} \cdot \frac{R_1 R_2 R_3}{R_3 R_1 R_2}$$~~

Not enough room!

(similar to shared works where $R = X$ = unknown)
Here, R_3 is treated as unknown

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(13) $\frac{1}{R} = \frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2} + \frac{1}{R_3}$ LCD = $R_1 R_2 R_3$

$$\left(\frac{1}{R}\right) \left(\frac{R_1 R_2 R_3}{R_1 R_2 R_3}\right) = \frac{1}{R_1} \left(\frac{R_1 R_2 R_3}{R_1 R_2 R_3}\right) + \frac{1}{R_2} \left(\frac{R_1 R_2 R_3}{R_1 R_2 R_3}\right) + \frac{1}{R_3} \left(\frac{R_1 R_2 R_3}{R_1 R_2 R_3}\right)$$

$$\frac{R_1 R_2 R_3}{LCD} = \frac{R_1 R_2 R_3 + R_1 R_1 R_3 + R_1 R_2 R_2}{LCD} = \frac{R_1 R_2 R_3}{LCD}$$

$$R_1 R_2 R_3 + R_1 R_1 R_3 + R_1 R_2 R_2 = R_1 R_2 R_3$$

$$R (R_2 R_3 + R_1 R_3 + R_1 R_2) = R_1 R_2 R_3$$

$$R = \frac{R_1 R_2 R_3}{R_2 R_3 + R_1 R_3 + R_1 R_2}$$

Beautiful job solving for R!

But we wanted R_3 !

→ Solve for R_3 ! Get all R_3 terms on one side.

$$R_1 R_2 R_3 + R_1 R_1 R_3 - R_1 R_2 R_3 = -R_1 R_1 R_2$$

$$R_3 (R_1 R_2 + R_1 R_1 - R_1 R_2) = -R_1 R_1 R_2 \quad \text{Factor out } R_3$$

$$R_3 = \frac{-R_1 R_1 R_2}{R_1 R_2 + R_1 R_1 - R_1 R_2}$$

Dang Subscripts
We're to solve for R_1 !

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(B) Solve for R_1 , start after fractions cleared, since that work is OK.

$$\begin{array}{r} RR_2R_3 + RR_1R_3 + RR_1R_2 = R_1R_2R_3 \\ -RR_2R_3 \quad -RR_2R_3 \quad -R_1R_2R_3 \quad -RR_2R_3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$RR_1R_3 + RR_1R_2 - R_1R_2R_3 = -RR_2R_3 \quad \text{All } R_1\text{'s on one side}$$

$$R_1(RR_3 + RR_2 - R_2R_3) = -RR_2R_3$$

$$R_1 = \frac{-RR_2R_3}{RR_3 + RR_2 - R_2R_3}$$

$$\text{OR } \frac{RR_2R_3}{R_2R_3 - RR_3 - RR_2}$$

(16) $\sum_n = \frac{n}{2}(a_n + a_1)$ for a_1

$$\frac{2\sum_n}{2} = \frac{n(a_n + a_1)}{2}$$

$$2\sum_n = n a_n + n a_1 = 2\sum_n$$

$$n a_1 = 2\sum_n - n a_n$$

$$a_1 = \frac{2\sum_n - n a_n}{n}$$

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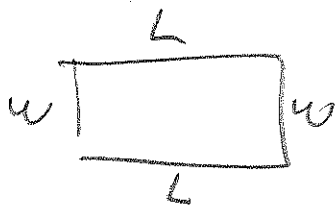
Ans 21-26 Find the formulas

(21) Write a formula that express rate R as a function of distance D and time T .

$$D = RT = D$$

$$R = \frac{D}{T}$$

(23) Express width W of a rectangle as a function of its Perimeter P and length L .



$$P = 2W + 2L \implies$$

$$2W = -2L + P \implies$$

$$W = \frac{-2L + P}{2} \quad \text{OR} \quad -L + \frac{P}{2}$$

(31) If temp is 23°F , what is temp in Celsius?

$$C = \frac{5F - 160}{9} = \frac{5(23) - 160}{9} = \frac{115 - 160}{9} = \frac{-45}{9} = -5^\circ\text{C}$$

121 1.2

35 Saddle height on bike needs to be 109% of inside leg measurement. If saddle height is 37 inches, what's the inside leg measurement?

Let x = inside leg measurement (inches). Then

Saddle height is 109% of leg measure.

$$37 = 109\% \text{ of } x$$

$$37 = \frac{109}{100} \text{ times } x$$

$$37 = 1.09x = 37$$

$$x = \frac{37}{1.09} \approx 33.9449543, \text{ i.e.}$$

$x \approx 33.9$ inches
BOOK ANSWER

(Rounding to one digit wasn't specified!)

- (37) \$50,600 for a '63 Corvette includes a 10% "buyer's premium." What was the sale price of the car?

Let x = price of car before premium (\$)

Amt Paid = Sale Price + 10% of sale price.

$$50,600 = x + .1x = 1.1x = 50,600$$

$$x = \frac{50,600}{1.1} \approx \boxed{\$46,000.00}$$

Actually, this is EXACT.

- (42) Garden is 3m longer than it is wide

Let $L = w + 3$, where $L = \text{length (in m)}$

~~is~~ RECTANGULAR GARDEN

$w = \text{width (in m)}$

If she adds 2 m to each side, the area is 46 m^2 greater than the old one. We find

L & w . Let $A = \text{area of old Garden (m}^2\text{)}$.

Then $LW = A$, which says $(w+3)w = A = w^2 + 3w$

$$(w+3+2)(w+2) = A + 46$$

$$(w+5)(w+2) = A + 46$$

Area after adding 2 m to a side

$$w^2 + 7w + 10 = A + 46 = w^2 + 3w + 46 \implies$$

$$4w = 36 \implies \boxed{w = 9} \implies \boxed{L = 12}$$

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KEY aspects to word problem.

LEXICON: Let $L = \text{length (in meters), etc.}$

Equation(s)

Circle Final Answer.

On homework, I'm looking for a paraphrased problem description. When in doubt, quote the whole problem, but it's good to strip away the distractions that add color, but nothing essential

On a TEST, I'm looking for the LEXICON, Algebra moves, and final answer. The "words" in the final answer are actually there, in the LEXICON.

" $L = 12$ " actually says

"The length of the garden was 12 meters," because you packed that meaning in to the one symbol, L , at the beginning.