

121 WP #3 (TEST 3 TAKE-HOME) Spring, 2018

$$f(x) = 2x^5 - 19x^4 + 166x^3 - 457x^2 + 482x - 174$$

① $2x^5$

② Descartes'

$$2x^5 - 19x^4 + 166x^3 - 457x^2 + 482x - 174$$

$\underbrace{\hspace{1.5cm}}_1 \quad \underbrace{\hspace{1.5cm}}_2 \quad \underbrace{\hspace{1.5cm}}_3 \quad \underbrace{\hspace{1.5cm}}_4 \quad \underbrace{\hspace{1.5cm}}_5$

5, 3 or 1 positive roots

$$f(-x) = -2x^5 - 19x^4 - 166x^3 - 457x^2 - 482x - 174$$

0 negative zeros

③ Rational zeros

$$\frac{p}{q} = \frac{174}{2}$$

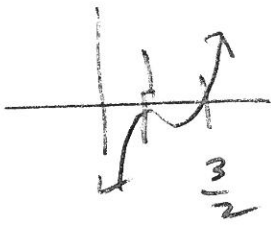
$$\begin{array}{r} 2 \overline{) 174} \\ 3 \overline{) 87} \\ \underline{6} \\ 29 \end{array}$$

$\pm 1, \pm 2, \pm 3, \pm 6, \pm 29, \pm 58, \pm 87, \pm 174$
(12)

~~$\pm \frac{1}{2}, \pm \frac{3}{2}, \pm \frac{6}{2}, \pm \frac{29}{2}, \pm \frac{58}{2}, \pm \frac{87}{2}, \pm \frac{174}{2}$~~

~~$\pm \frac{58}{2}, \pm \frac{87}{2}$~~

④



is what it looks like

$$\begin{array}{r} \underline{\underline{1}} \quad 2 \quad -19 \quad 166 \quad -457 \quad 482 \quad -174 \\ \quad \quad 2 \quad -17 \quad 149 \quad -308 \quad 174 \quad 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \underline{\underline{1}} \quad 2 \quad -17 \quad 149 \quad -308 \quad 174 \quad 0 \\ \quad \quad 3 \quad -15 \quad 134 \quad -174 \quad 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \underline{\underline{2}} \quad 2 \quad -15 \quad 134 \quad -174 \quad 0 \\ \quad \quad 3 \quad -18 \quad 174 \quad 0 \end{array}$$

$$\underline{\underline{2}} \quad 2 \quad -12 \quad 116 \quad 0$$

$$\Downarrow 2x^2 - 12x + 116 = 0$$

$$x^2 - 6x + 58 = 0$$

$$b^2 - 4ac = (-6)^2 - 4(1)(58) \text{ is clearly negative,}$$

so no real solns.

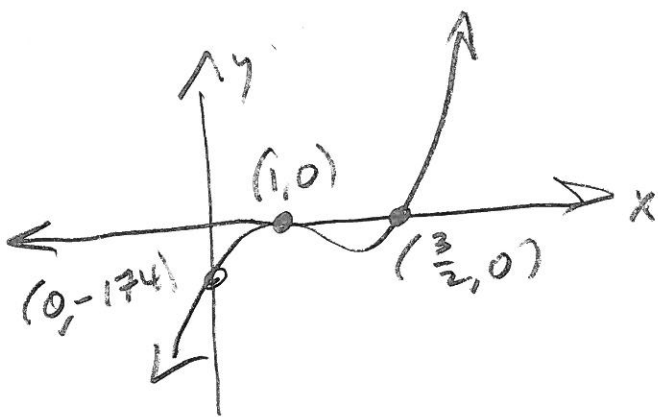
$$x = 1, m = 2; \quad x = \frac{3}{2}, m = 1$$

⑤

$$f(x) = (x-1)^2 \left(x - \frac{3}{2}\right) (2x^2 - 12x + 116)$$

121 WP #3

6



7

$$2x^2 - 12x + 116 = 0$$

$$x^2 - 6x + 58 = 0$$

$$b^2 - 4ac = 36 - 232 = -196$$

$$\sqrt{-196} = 2 \cdot 2i\sqrt{11} = 4i\sqrt{11}$$

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

$$= \frac{6 \pm 4i\sqrt{11}}{2} = \boxed{3 \pm 2i\sqrt{11} = x}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 2 \overline{) 196} \\ 2 \overline{) 98} \\ 2 \overline{) 49} \\ 2 \overline{) 24.5} \\ \quad 11 \end{array}$$

$$f(x) = \boxed{2(x-1)^2(x-\frac{3}{2})(x-(3+2i\sqrt{11}))(x-(3-2i\sqrt{11}))}$$

12) WP 3

$$\textcircled{8} R(x) = \frac{2x^2 - x - 15}{x^2 - 4x - 21} = \frac{(2x+5)(x-3)}{(x-7)(x+3)}$$

$$D: \mathbb{R} \setminus \{-3, 7\}$$

$$\text{V.A.}^{\circ}: x = -3, x = 7$$

$$\begin{aligned} x\text{-Achse: } & (-\frac{5}{2}, 0) \\ & (3, 0) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} y\text{-Achse: } & \frac{15}{21} = \frac{5}{7} \\ & (0, \frac{5}{7}) \end{aligned}$$

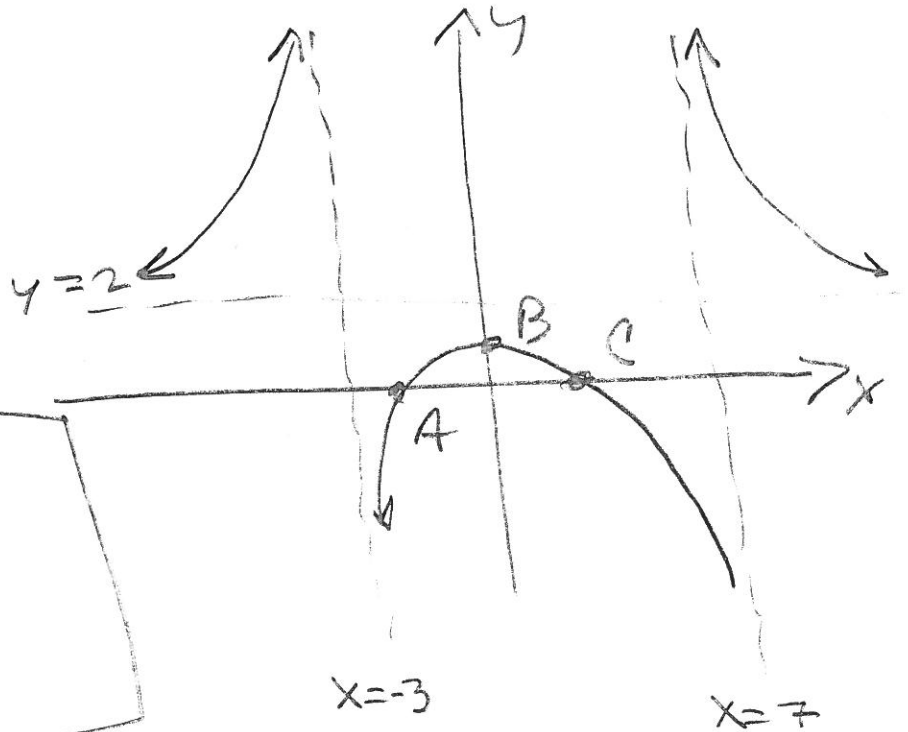
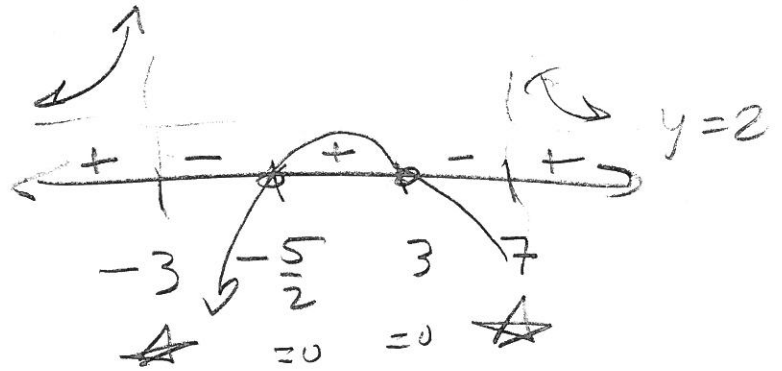
$$\text{E.B.}^{\circ}: \frac{2x^2}{x^2} = 2$$

$$y = 2 \text{ H.A.}$$

$$A = (-\frac{5}{2}, 0)$$

$$B = (0, \frac{5}{7})$$

$$C = (3, 0)$$



121 WP3

Bonus

$$R(x) \stackrel{\text{SST}}{=} 2 = \text{H.A.}$$

$$\text{LCD} = (x+3)(x-7)$$

$$\frac{2x^2 - x - 15}{(x-7)(x+3)} = \frac{2}{1} \cdot \frac{x^2 - 4x - 21}{x^2 - 4x - 21}$$

$$\frac{2x^2 - x - 15}{\text{LCD}} = \frac{2x^2 - 8x - 42}{\text{LCD}}$$

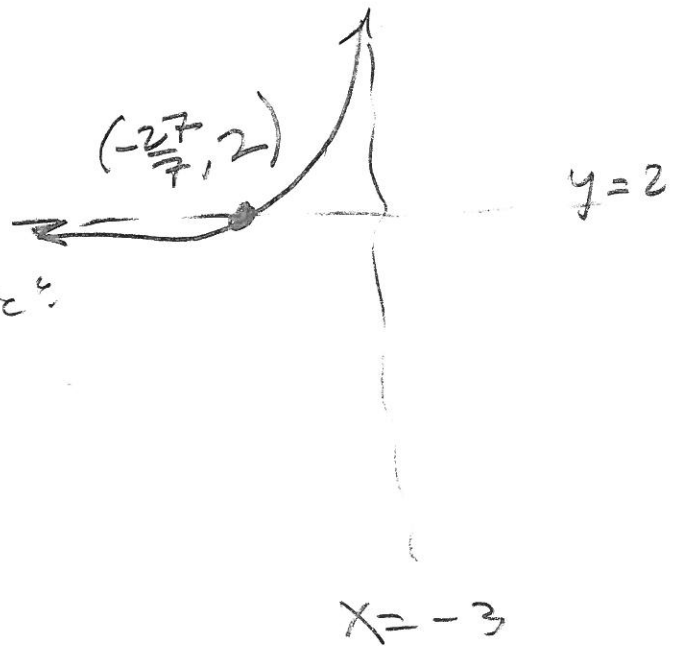
$$2x^2 - x - 15 = 2x^2 - 8x - 42$$

$$-x - 15 = -8x - 42$$

$$7x = -27$$

$$x = \frac{-27}{7}$$

P.C.:



121 WP3

$$(9) Q(x) = \frac{2x^3 - 23x^2 - 4x + 165}{x^3 - 15x^2 + 23x + 231}$$

Look for the hole!

$$Q(x) = R(x) \left(\frac{x-c}{x-c} \right) \text{ Find } x-c.$$

$$x^3 - 15x^2 + 23x + 231 = (x-7)(x+3)(x-c)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 7 \overline{) 1 \quad -15 \quad 23 \quad 231} \\ \underline{ 7 \quad -56 \quad -231} \\ 1 \quad -8 \quad -33 \quad 0 \\ -3 \overline{) 1 \quad -8 \quad -33} \\ \underline{ 3 \quad 33} \end{array}$$

$(1 \quad -11) \rightarrow x-c = x-11$

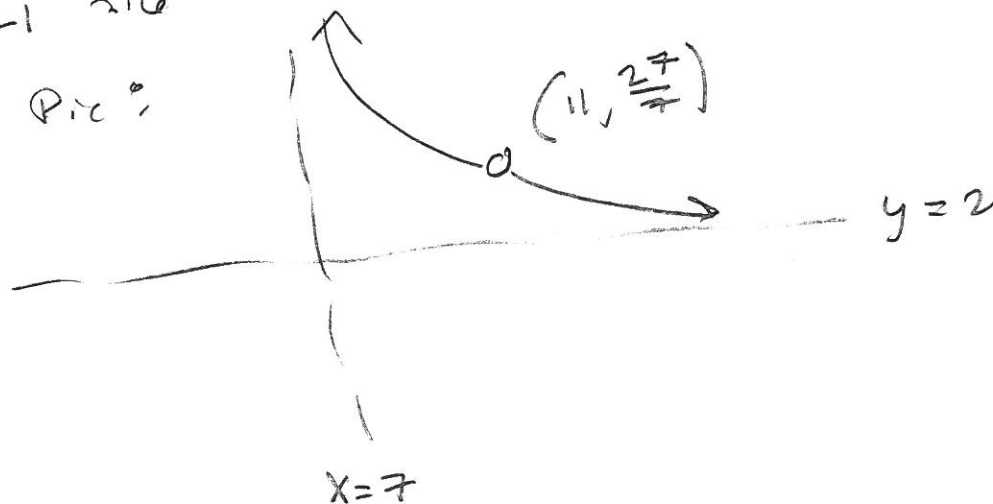
So the hole is $x=11$

$$R(11) = \frac{2(11)^2 - 11 - 15}{(11)^2 - 4(11) - 21} = \frac{216}{56} = \frac{27}{7} \approx 3.85714$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 11 \overline{) 2 \quad -1 \quad -15} \\ \underline{ 22 \quad 23-1} \\ 2 \quad 21 \quad 216 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 11 \overline{) 1 \quad -4 \quad -21} \\ \underline{ 11 \quad 77} \\ 1 \quad 7 \quad 56 \end{array} = \frac{27}{7}$$

pic:



121 WP 3

$$(10) \quad T(x) = \frac{x^3 - 13x^2 + 55x - 91}{x^2 - x - 2} = \frac{(x-7)(x^2 - 6x + 13)}{(x-2)(x+1)}$$

Factor Numerator:

FROM QUADRATIC

$$\begin{array}{r} \rightarrow \boxed{7} \quad 1 \quad -13 \quad 55 \quad -91 \\ \phantom{\rightarrow \boxed{7}} \quad \quad 7 \quad -42 \quad 91 \\ \hline 1 \quad -6 \quad 13 \quad 0 \end{array}$$

$$x^2 - 6x + 13 = 0$$

$$x^2 - 6x = -13$$

$$x^2 - 6x + 3^2 = -13 + 9$$

$$(x-3)^2 = -4$$

$$x = 3 \pm i\sqrt{4} = 3 \pm 2i$$

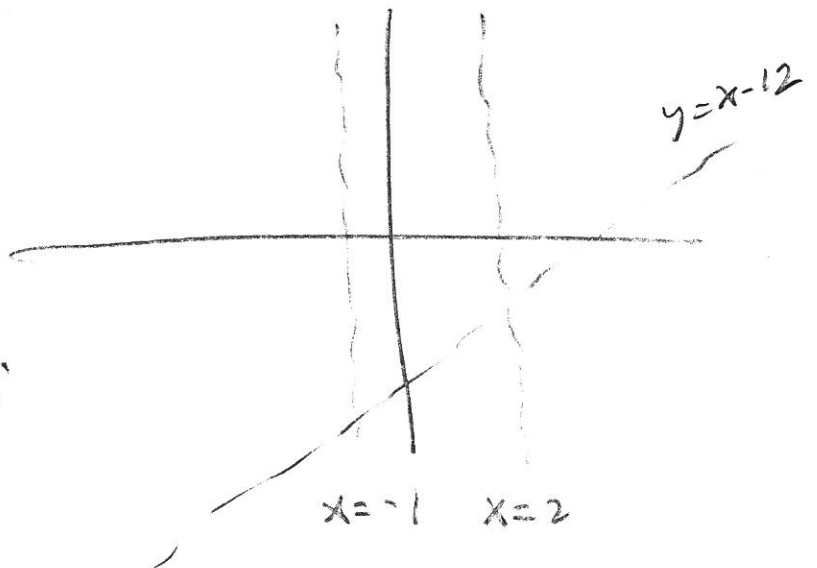
$$D: \mathbb{R} \setminus \{-1, 2\}$$

$$\boxed{\text{V.A.: } x = -1, x = 2}$$

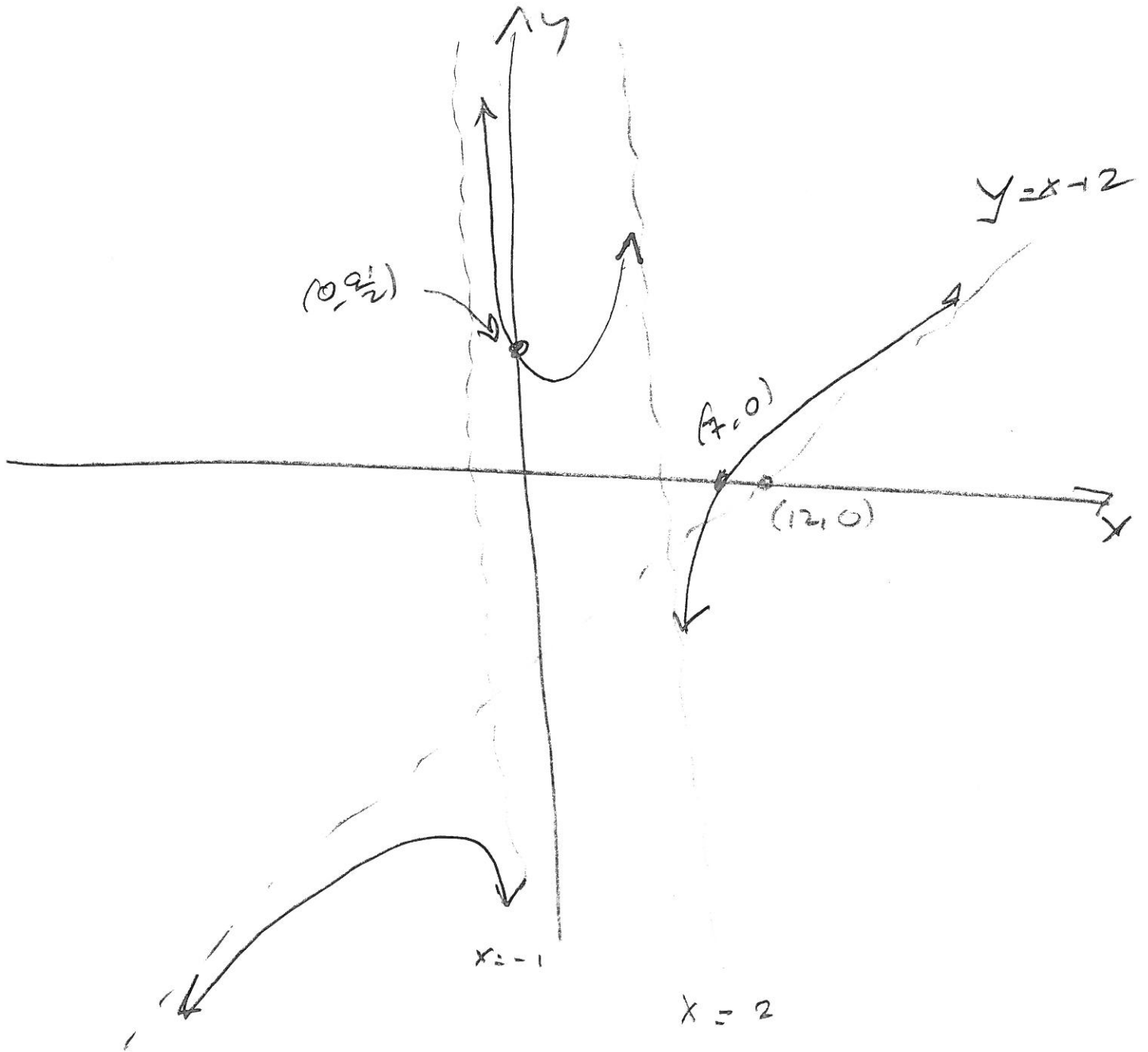
$$\begin{array}{r} x^2 - x - 2 \quad | \quad x - 12 \\ \hline x^3 - 13x^2 + 55x - 91 \\ -(x^3 - x^2 - 2x) \\ \hline -12x^2 + 57x - 91 \end{array}$$

$$\boxed{y = x - 12 \text{ is O.A.}}$$

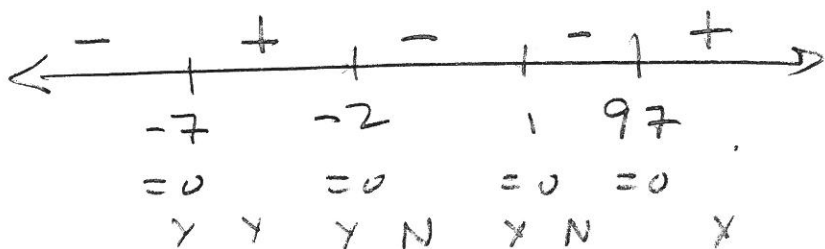
$$\boxed{x\text{-int: } (7, 0)}$$



121 WP 3

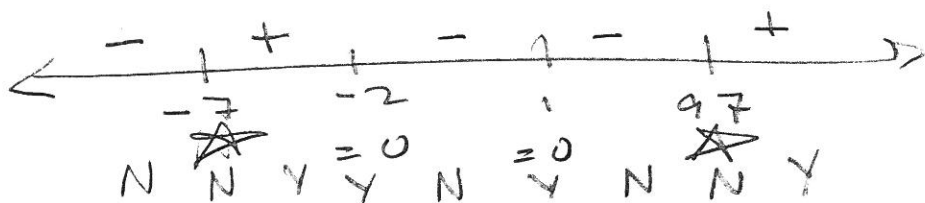


(1) $D(w) = \text{Need } (x+2)(x-1)^2(x+7)(x-97) \geq 0$



$D(w) = [-7, -2] \cup \{1\} \cup [97, \infty)$

(2) $D(k)$ is same as $D(w)$ except for $x \neq 97$ & $x \neq -7 \rightarrow$



> 0 & $x \neq -7$ & $x \neq 97$

$D(k) = (-7, -2] \cup \{1\} \cup (97, \infty)$