

3. Let  $f(x) = \sqrt{x-14}$  and  $g(x) = x^2 - 3x - 14$

part a <sup>=  $\sqrt{\text{stuff}}$</sup>  (15 pts) What's the domain of  $f(x)$ ? Give the answer in set-builder and interval notation.

part b (15 pts) Determine  $(f \circ g)(x)$ . Simplify your answer.

part c (5 pts) What's the domain of  $(f \circ g)(x)$ ? Give your answer in set-builder and interval notation.

Ⓐ Need stuff  $\geq 0$

$$x - 14 \geq 0$$

$$\{x \mid x \geq 14\}$$



$$= \mathcal{D} = [14, \infty)$$

$$\mathcal{D}(g) = \mathbb{R} = (-\infty, \infty)$$

b/c it's a polynomial

Ⓑ  $(f \circ g)(x) = \sqrt{x^2 - 3x - 14 - 14}$  unsimplified answer.

$= \sqrt{x^2 - 3x - 28}$  simplified.

Ⓒ  $\mathcal{D}(f \circ g)$  : Formally?

$$\mathcal{D}(f \circ g) = \{x \mid x \in \mathcal{D}(g) \text{ and } g(x) \in \mathcal{D}(f)\}$$

$$= \{x \mid x \in \mathbb{R} \text{ and } g(x) \geq 14\}$$

Informally, look at simplified  $f \circ g$

$$\sqrt{x^2 - 3x - 28} \quad \text{Need } \underline{x^2 - 3x - 28 \geq 0}$$

Formally: Need  $\underline{x^2 - 3x - 14 \geq 14}$  ↗

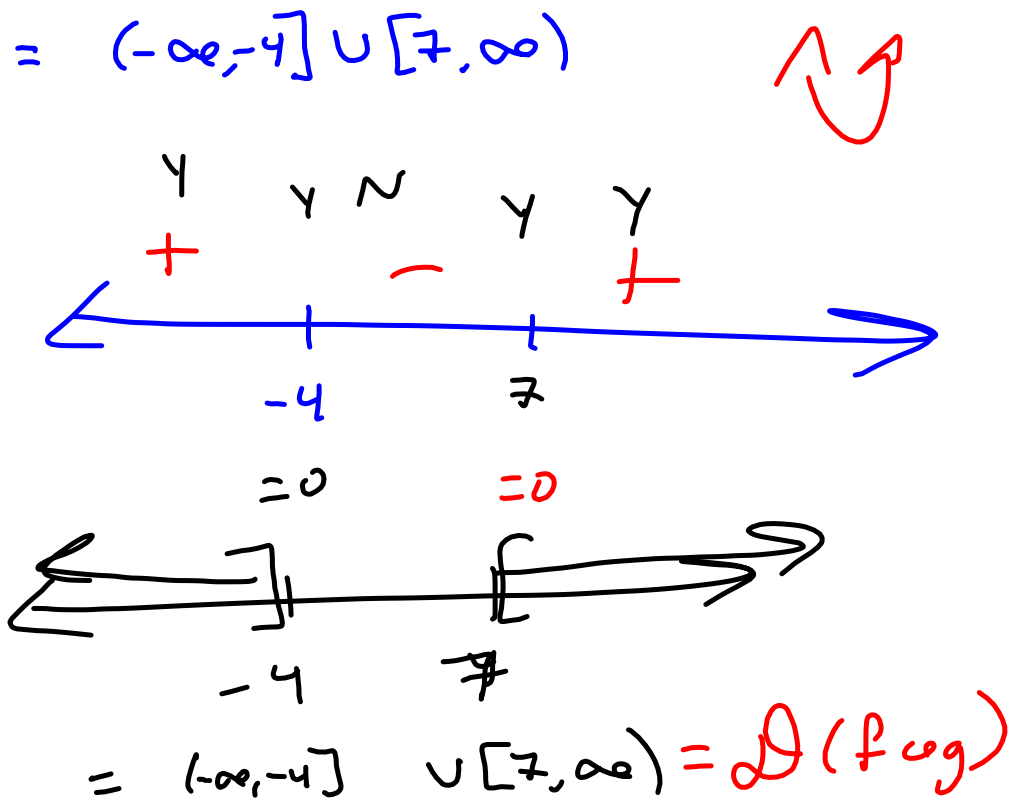
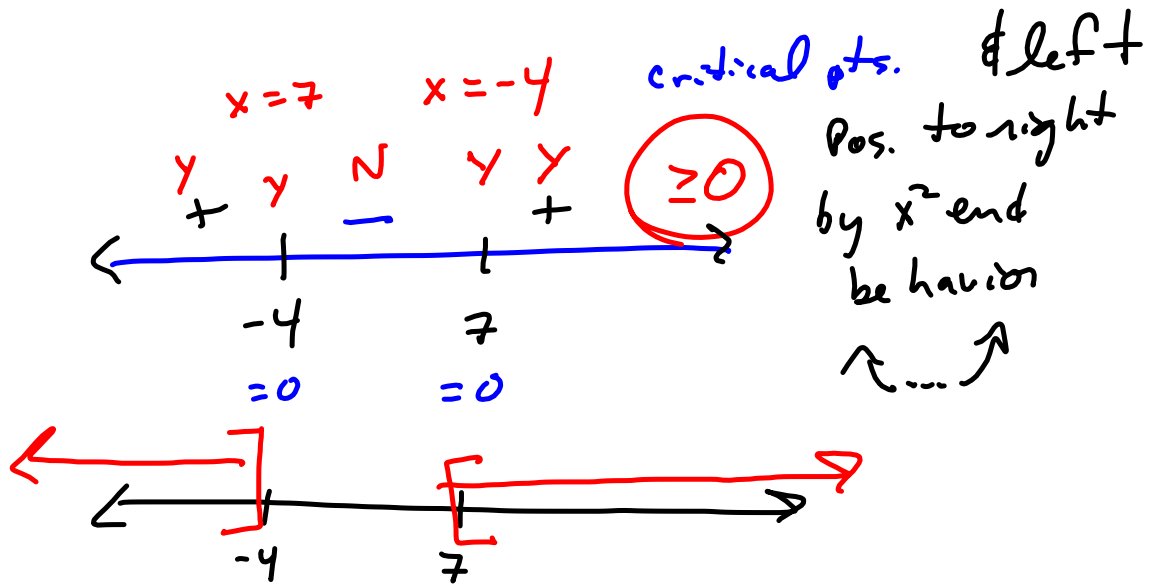
$$x^2 - 3x - 28 = 0$$

$$x + 4 \geq 0$$

$$(x - 7)(x + 4) = 0$$

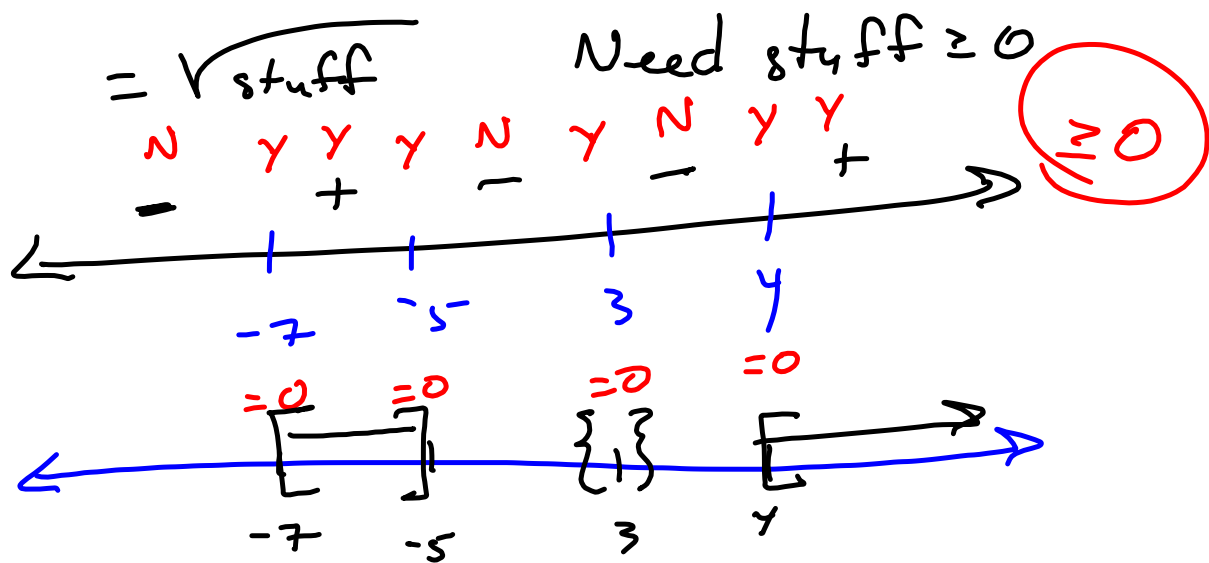
$$x \geq -4$$

$$x - 7 = 0 \quad x + 4 = 0$$



Find Domain.

$$\sqrt{(x-4)(x-3)^2(x+5)(x+7)^3} = f(x)$$



$$= [-7, -5] \cup \{3\} \cup [4, \infty)$$



$$\log_{11} \left( (x-4)(x-3)^2(x+5)(x+7)^3 \right) = g(x)$$

$\begin{array}{cccccccc} N & N & Y & N & N & N & N & Y \\ - & - & + & - & - & - & - & + \end{array}$

$\leftarrow \begin{array}{ccccccc} & | & | & | & | & & \rightarrow \\ -7 & -5 & 3 & 4 & & & \\ =0 & =0 & =0 & =0 & & & \end{array} \right. > 0$

$\leftarrow \begin{array}{ccccccc} & | & | & | & | & & \rightarrow \\ -7 & -5 & 3 & 4 & & & \\ & \text{---} & & & \text{---} & & \end{array} \right. > 0$

$= (-7, 5) \cup (4, \infty) = D(g)$

Right:  $(x)(x)^2(x)(x)^3 = x^7$   
 $(+)(+)^2(+)(+)^3 = +$

Left:  $-$  from  $x^7$   
 $(-)(-)^2(-)(-)^3$   
 $= (-)(+)(-)(-) = -$