

Ex. Score: 0 of 1 pt      5.3.59

Solve the system.

$$\begin{aligned} xy &= z^2 \\ x+y+z &= 27 \\ x^2+y^2+z^2 &= 1701 \end{aligned}$$

$\Rightarrow y = 27 - x - z$

$$\begin{aligned} (27-x-z)^2 &= (27 - (x+z))^2 = 27^2 - 2(27)(x+z) + (x+z)^2 \\ &= 729 - 54x - 54z + x^2 + 2xz + z^2 \end{aligned}$$

After substituting for y in E1 & E3 using E2.

E1  $x(27-x-z) = z^2$

E3  $x^2 + (27-x-z)^2 + z^2 = 1701$

$$x^2 + 729 - 54x - 54z + x^2 + 2xz + z^2 + z^2 = 1701$$

E3  $2x^2 + 2z^2 - 54x - 54z + 2xz = 972$

E1  $27x - x^2 - xz = z^2$

E1  $27x - x^2 - xz - z^2 = 0$

2E1  $54x - 2x^2 - 2xz - 2z^2 = 0$

E3  $2x^2 + 2xz + 2z^2 - 54x - 54z = 972$

2E1 + E3  $54x - 54z = 972$

~~$54x = 54z + 972$~~

~~$x = z + 18$~~

$-54z = 972$

$z = -18$

This gives system:

E1  $xy = z^2$

E2  $y = 27 - x - z$

E3  $z = -18$

$\Rightarrow$  E1  $xy = (-18)^2 = 324$

E2  $y = 27 - x + 18$

$y = 45 - x$  send to E1:

$x(45-x) = 324$

$45x - x^2 = 324$

$-x^2 + 45x - 324 = 0$

$x^2 - 45x + 324 = 0$

$-45x = -20x - 25x$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6.8 \\ 18 \\ \hline 144 \\ 180 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2 \overline{) 324} \\ 2 \overline{) 162} \\ 3 \overline{) 81} \\ 3 \overline{) 27} \\ 3 \overline{) 9} \\ 3 \end{array}$$

Too big & messy.   
  $\rightarrow$  cancel

$$\begin{array}{r}
 -45 = -20-25 \quad 500 \\
 = -15-30 \quad 450 \\
 = -10-35 \quad 350 \\
 = -12-33 \quad 396 \\
 = -11-34 \quad 374 \\
 = -9-36 \quad 324 \quad / \\
 \text{Sweet!}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & x^2 - 45x + 324 \\
 &= x^2 - 9x - 36x + 324 \\
 &= x(x-9) - 36(x-9)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$= (x-36)(x-9) \Rightarrow x \in \{9, 36\}$$

$$x=9 : y = 45-x = 45-9 = 36$$

$$\text{So } (9, 36, -18) = (x, y, z)$$

$$x=36 : y = 45-36 = 9$$

$$\Rightarrow (x, y, z) = (36, 9, -18)$$

want to add to 45  
Meh.

Magic # is 324

$$\begin{array}{r}
 33 \\
 12 \\
 \hline
 66 \\
 33 \\
 \hline
 396
 \end{array}
 \qquad
 \begin{array}{r}
 34 \\
 11 \\
 \hline
 74 \\
 340 \\
 \hline
 374
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 5 \\
 36 \\
 9 \\
 \hline
 324
 \end{array}$$

Annuities are geometric series!

$$a + ar + ar^2 + \dots + ar^{n-1} = a \left( \frac{1-r^n}{1-r} \right) \text{ or } a \left( \frac{r^n-1}{r-1} \right)$$

$$R + R(1+i) + R(1+i)^2 + \dots + R(1+i)^{n-1} = R \left[ \frac{(1+i)^n - 1}{i} \right]$$

since  $1+i-1 = i$   
is the  $r-1$  in denominator

Banker wants 8% compounded monthly.  
You're making payments to get her that.

$$P(1+i)^n = P \left( 1 + \frac{.08}{12} \right)^{12t}$$

Loan Amount is P  
= Present Value

Your Deal:

$$R + R(1+i) + \dots + R(1+i)^{n-1} = R \left[ \frac{(1+i)^n - 1}{i} \right].$$

So:

$$P(1+i)^n = R \left[ \frac{(1+i)^n - 1}{i} \right]$$

is where Amortization formulas come from.

P = Amt borrowed

R = Necessary Payments

Check out Mortgage Calculators online