

$$R(x) = \frac{(x-5)(x+1)}{(x-2)(x-6)} = \frac{x^2 - 4x - 5}{x^2 - 8x + 12}$$

$$D = \mathbb{R} \setminus \{2, 6\}$$

V.A.: $x=2, x=6$

H.A.: $\frac{x^2 + \dots}{x^2 + \dots} = 1 = y$

x-Int: $(5, 0), (-1, 0)$

y-Int: $(0, -\frac{5}{2})$

