

① $x^2 - 5x - 24 = 0 \rightarrow a=1, b=-5, c=-24$

$\rightarrow b^2 - 4ac = (-5)^2 - 4(1)(-24)$
 $= 25 + 96$
 $= 121$

$\frac{5+11}{2} = 8, \frac{5-11}{2} = -3$

$\rightarrow x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a} = \frac{5 \pm \sqrt{121}}{2(1)} = \frac{5 \pm 11}{2} = x$

$x \in \{-3, 8\}$
 ↑
 -3

② $7.27x^2 - 12.22x - 17.27 = 0$

$727x^2 - 1222x - 1727 = 0 \rightarrow a=727, b=-1222, c=-1727$

$\Rightarrow b^2 - 4ac = (-1222)^2 - 4(727)(-1727)$
 $= 1493284 + 5022160$
 $= 6515400 \oplus \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} =$

Even uglier than planned!

$\sqrt{6515400} = 2.5 \sqrt{6 \cdot 10859}$
 $= 10 \sqrt{65154}$

So $x = \frac{1222 \pm 10 \sqrt{65154}}{2(727)} = \frac{1222 \pm 10 \sqrt{65154}}{1454}$

2	6515400
2	3257700
2	1628850
3	814425
5	271475
5	54295
	10859

ugh!
 10859 is PRIME!

$= \frac{611}{727} \pm \frac{5 \sqrt{65154}}{727} = x$

$x \approx 2.595961595,$
 -0.9150812645

3

$$49x^2 - 28x + 7 = 0$$

$$a = 49, b = -28, c = 7$$

$$b^2 - 4ac = (-28)^2 - 4(49)(7)$$

$$= 784 - 1372$$

$$= -588$$

$$\sqrt{-588} = 2 \cdot 7 \cdot \sqrt{3} = 14\sqrt{3}$$

$$\text{So } x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a} = \frac{28 \pm 14\sqrt{3}}{2(49)}$$

$$= \frac{2 \pm \sqrt{3}}{7} = x$$

Cancel a factor of 14, top & bottom.

$$= \frac{28 \pm 14\sqrt{3}}{98}$$

$$= \frac{2 \pm \sqrt{3}}{7}$$

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$$ax^2 - 5rx - 6z = 0$$

$$a = a, b = -5r, c = -6z$$

$$b^2 - 4ac = (-5r)^2 - 4(a)(-6z)$$

$$= 25r^2 + 24az$$

$$x = \frac{5r \pm \sqrt{25r^2 + 24az}}{2a}$$

5) $x^2 - 5x - 24 = (x-8)(x+3) = 0$

$\Rightarrow x \in \{-3, 8\}$

Diff

Prod

$85 = 95 - 10$

-950

$= 105 - 20$
Sweet!

-2100

6) $14x^2 + 85x - 150 = 0$

$(14)(-150) = -2100$ Magic!

$14x^2 + 105x - 20x - 150$

$= 7x(2x+15) - 10(2x+15)$

$= (2x+15)(7x-10) = 0 \Rightarrow$

$x \in \left\{ +\frac{10}{7}, -\frac{15}{2} \right\}$

7) $x^2 - 5x - 24 = 0$

$x^2 - 5x = 24$

$x^2 - 5x + \left(\frac{5}{2}\right)^2 = 24 + \frac{25}{4} = \frac{96+25}{4} = \frac{121}{4}$

$\left(x - \frac{5}{2}\right)^2 = \frac{121}{4}$

$x - \frac{5}{2} = \pm \sqrt{\frac{121}{4}} = \pm \frac{11}{2}$

$x = \frac{5 \pm 11}{2}$

$\frac{16}{2} = 8$

$-\frac{16}{2} = -8$

$\Rightarrow x \in \{-3, 8\}$

8) $x^2 - 8x - 17 = 0$

$$x^2 - 8x = 17$$

$$x^2 - 8x + 4^2 = 17 + 16 \quad 3 \left| \begin{array}{r} 33 \\ 11 \end{array} \right.$$

$$(x-4)^2 = 33$$

$$x-4 = \pm \sqrt{33}$$

$$x = 4 \pm \sqrt{33}$$

or, fancier,

$$x \in \{ 4 \pm \sqrt{33} \}$$

9) $3x^2 + 2x + 5 = 0$

$$3x^2 + 2x = -5$$

$$x^2 + \frac{2}{3}x = -\frac{5}{3}$$

$$x^2 + \frac{2}{3}x + \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^2 = -\frac{5}{3} + \frac{1}{9} = \frac{-15+1}{9} = -\frac{14}{9}$$

$$\left(x + \frac{1}{3}\right)^2 = -\frac{14}{9}$$

$$x + \frac{1}{3} = \pm \sqrt{-\frac{14}{9}} = \pm i \frac{\sqrt{14}}{3}$$

$$x = \frac{1}{3} \pm \frac{\sqrt{14}}{3}i$$

SOLN

OR

SOLN SET

$$x \in \left\{ \frac{1}{3} \pm \frac{\sqrt{14}}{3}i \right\}$$

↖ I accepted either one ↗

MAT 121 WP # 1

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$$3x^2 - 4x - 1 = 0$$

$$x^2 - \frac{4}{3}x = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$x^2 - \frac{4}{3}x + \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^2 = \frac{1}{3} + \frac{4}{9} = \frac{2}{9} + \frac{4}{9} = \frac{6}{9}$$

$$\left(x - \frac{2}{3}\right)^2 = \frac{2}{9}$$

$$x - \frac{2}{3} = \pm \sqrt{\frac{2}{9}} = \pm \frac{\sqrt{2}}{3}$$

$$x \in \left\{ \frac{2 \pm \sqrt{2}}{3} \right\}$$