

① 5 pts KINDNESS

②  $R = \{(5, 3), (2, 4), (7, 4), (4, 7)\}$

a) Yes

b)  $D = \{5, 2, 7, 4\}$

c)  $R = \{3, 4, 7\}$

d)  $(2, 4) \neq (7, 4)$  both have same  $y$ -coordinate, but different  $x$ -coord.  
 1-to-1 means if  $y_1 = y_2$ , then  $x_1 = x_2$ , but we have  $y_1 = y_2$  and  $x_1 \neq x_2$ .

③  $f(x) = \sqrt{x+11}$ ,  $g(x) = x^2 + 2x - 35$

a)  $D(f) = \{x \mid x+11 \geq 0\} = \{x \mid x \geq -11\}$   
 $= [-11, \infty)$

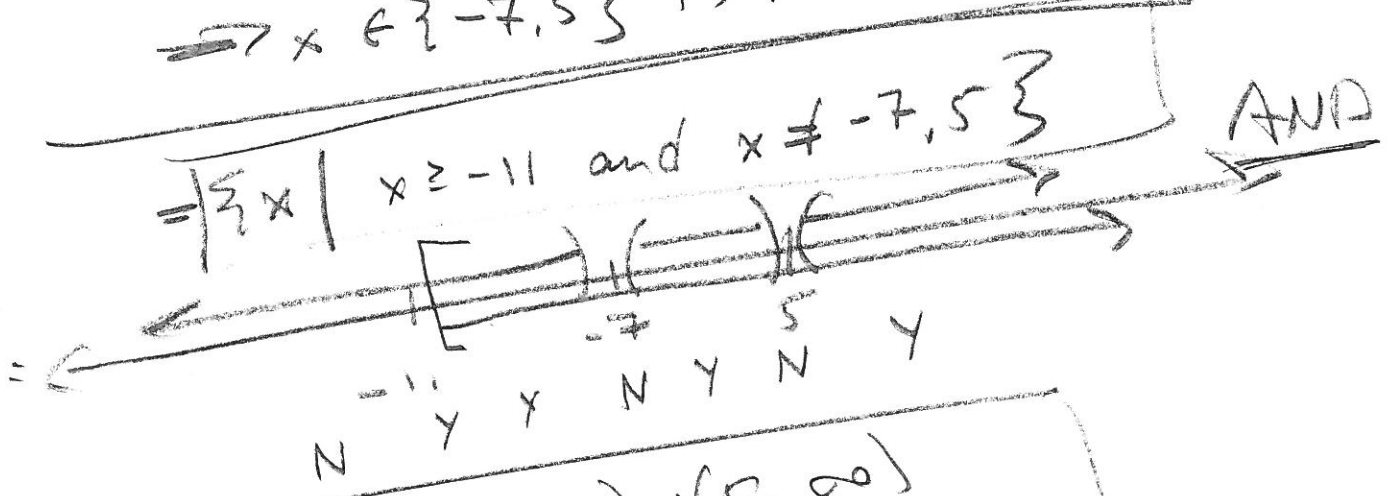
b)  $D(g) = \mathbb{R} = (-\infty, \infty)$

c)  $\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(x) = \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} = \frac{\sqrt{x+11}}{x^2 + 2x - 35}$

d)  ~~$D\left(\frac{f}{g}\right) = D(f) \cap D(g)$~~

(3d)  $D(f/g) = D(f) \cap D(g) \cap \{x \mid g(x) \neq 0\}$   
 OR  $\{x \mid x \in D(f) \text{ and } x \in D(g) \text{ and } g(x) \neq 0\}$   
 $= \{x \mid x \geq -11 \text{ and } x^2 + 2x - 35 \neq 0\}$

Scratch:  $x^2 + 2x - 35 = (x+7)(x-5) = 0$   
 $\Rightarrow x \in \{-7, 5\}$  is NOT in  $D$ .



$= [-11, -7) \cup (-7, 5) \cup (5, \infty)$

(e)  $(f \circ g)(x) = f(g(x)) = \sqrt{g(x) + 11} =$   
 $= \sqrt{x^2 + 2x - 35 + 11}$

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E2

$$\textcircled{f} \quad D(f \circ g) = \{x \mid x \in D(g) \text{ and } g(x) \in D(f)\}$$

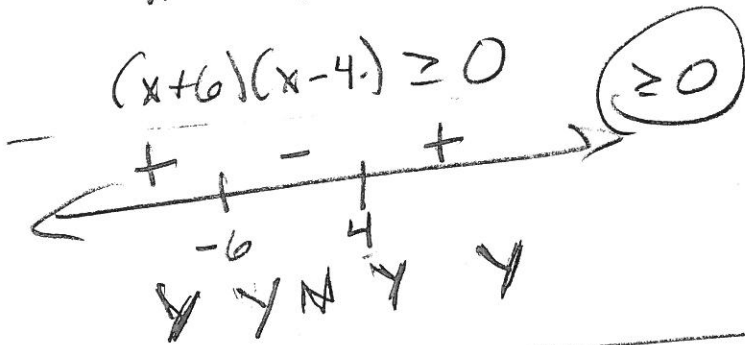
$$= \{x \mid g(x) \in D(f)\} = \{x \mid x^2 + 2x - 35 \geq -11\}$$

Scratch:

$$x^2 + 2x - 35 \geq -11$$

$$x^2 + 2x - 24 \geq 0$$

$$(x+6)(x-4) \geq 0$$



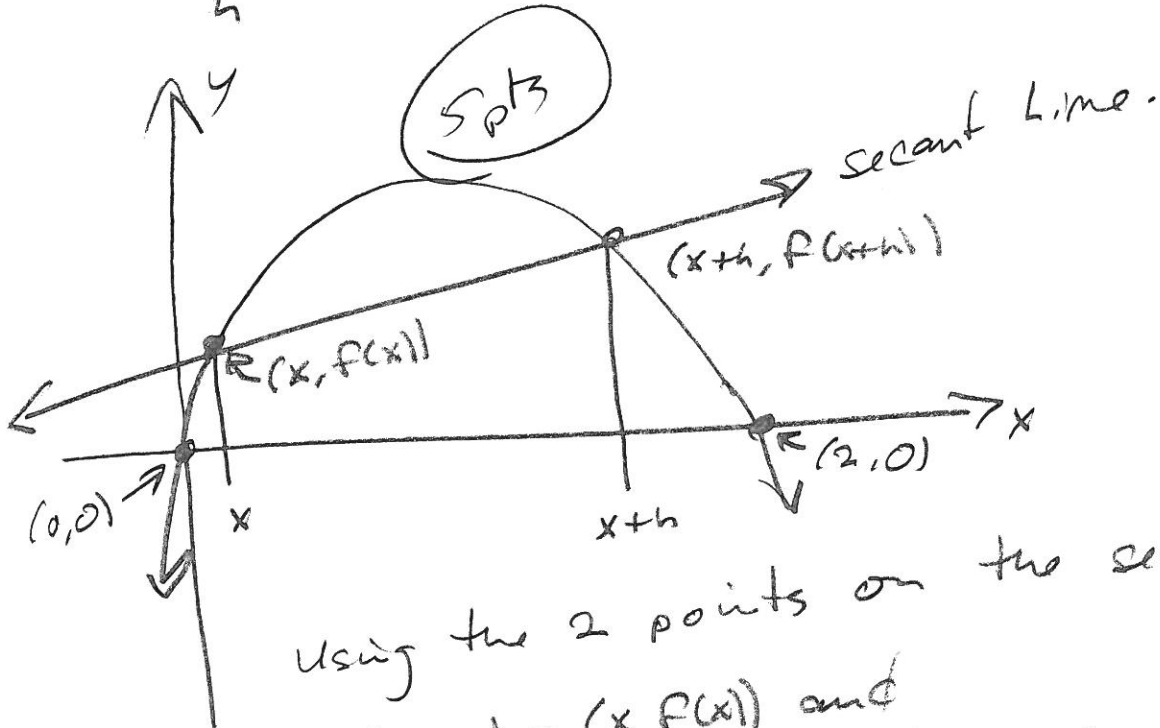
$$= (-\infty, -6] \cup [4, \infty) = D(f \circ g)$$

$$= \{x \mid x \leq -6 \text{ OR } x \geq 4\}$$

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(4)  $f(x) = -x^2 + 2x \rightarrow$

$$\frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h} = \frac{-(x+h)^2 + 2(x+h) - [-x^2 + 2x]}{h}$$



Using the 2 points on the secant line  $(x_1, y_1) = (x, f(x))$  and  $(x_2, y_2) = (x+h, f(x+h))$ , we

see that the slope of the secant line is  $\frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{x+h - x} = \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$  IS the difference quotient.

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5) From #4:

$$= \frac{-(x^2 + 2xh + h^2) + 2x + 2h + x^2 - 2x}{h}$$

$$= \frac{-x^2 - 2xh - h^2 + 2x + 2h + x^2 - 2x}{h}$$

$$= \frac{-2xh - h^2 + 2h}{h}$$

$$= \frac{h(-2x - h + 2)}{h}$$

$$= -2x - h + 2$$

5pts

Bonus #1:

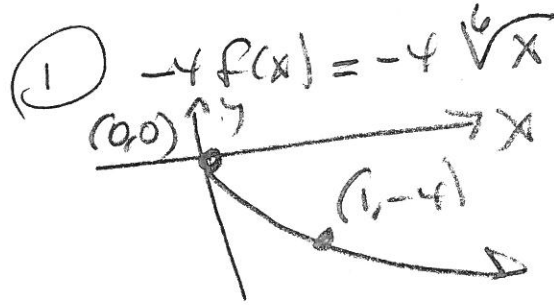
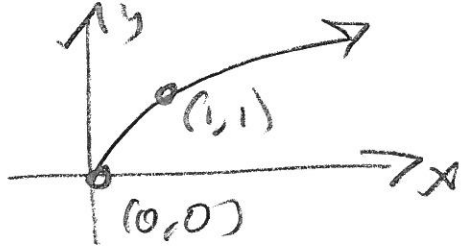
$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{-2xh - h^2 + 2h}{h} = -2x + 2 = f'(x)$$

5pts

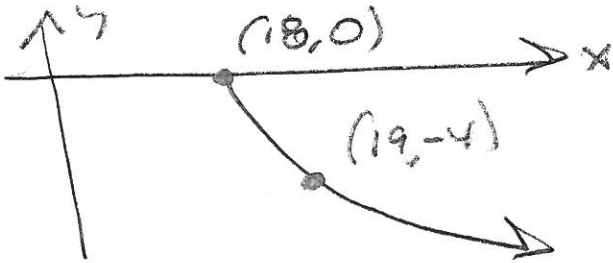
(6) 20pts

$$g(x) = -4\sqrt{2x-18} + 5$$

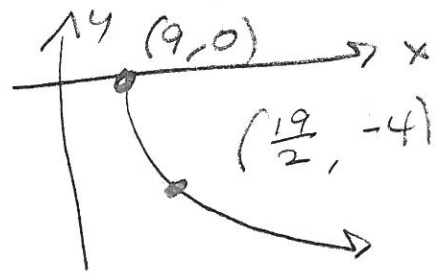
(0)  $f(x) = \sqrt[6]{x}$



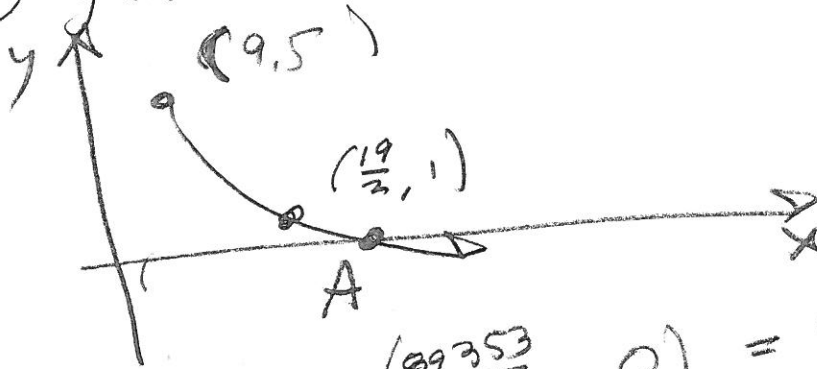
(2)  $-4f(x-18) = -4\sqrt[6]{x-18}$



(3)  $-4f(2x-18) = -4\sqrt[6]{2x-18}$



(4)  $g(x) = -3 + 5$



$$A = \left( \frac{89353}{8192}, 0 \right) = \left( \frac{\left(\frac{19}{2}\right)^6 + 18}{2}, 0 \right)$$

$$\approx (10.90734863, 0)$$

$$(b) \mathcal{D}(g) = [9, \infty)$$

$$\mathcal{R}(g) = (-\infty, 5]$$

$$(c) y\text{-int} : \cancel{A} \quad x=0 \notin \mathcal{D}.$$

$$x\text{-int} :$$

$$-4 \sqrt[6]{2x-18} + 5 = 0$$

$$-4 \sqrt[6]{2x-18} = -5$$

$$\sqrt[6]{2x-18} = \frac{5}{4}$$

$$2x-18 = \left(\frac{5}{4}\right)^6$$

$$2x = \left(\frac{5}{4}\right)^6 + 18$$

$$x = \frac{\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)^6 + 18}{2}$$

$$A = \left( \frac{\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)^6 + 18}{2}, 0 \right) \approx (10.90734863, 0)$$

$$\downarrow = \left( \frac{89353}{8192}, 0 \right)$$

(7)  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x+3}$  is 1-to-1

**PP**  $\int f(x_1) = f(x_2)$ . Then

$$\frac{1}{x_1+3} = \frac{1}{x_2+3}$$

$$\Rightarrow x_1+3 = x_2+3$$

$$\Rightarrow x_2 = x_1 \quad \square$$

(8)  $T = k \frac{xw}{\sqrt[3]{z}}$

(B1)  $-2x-h+2 \xrightarrow{h \rightarrow 0} -2x+2 = f'(x)$

(B2)  $\frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h} = \frac{\sqrt{3(x+h)} - \sqrt{3x}}{h}$

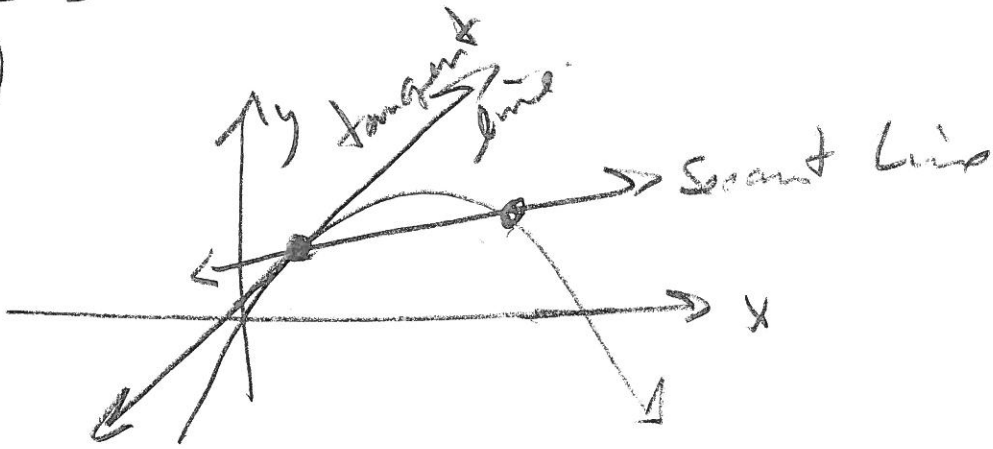
$$= \left( \frac{\sqrt{3(x+h)} - \sqrt{3x}}{h} \right) \left( \frac{\sqrt{3(x+h)} + \sqrt{3x}}{\sqrt{3(x+h)} + \sqrt{3x}} \right)$$

$$= \frac{3x+3h-3x}{h(\sqrt{3(x+h)} + \sqrt{3x})} = \frac{3h}{(\sqrt{3x+3h} + \sqrt{3x})h} \xrightarrow{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{3}{2\sqrt{3x}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{3x+3h} + \sqrt{3x}}$$



(B3)



(B4)

$$4x^2 - 7x + 11$$

$$= 4\left(x^2 - \frac{7}{4}x + \left(\frac{7}{8}\right)^2\right) + 11 - 4\left(\frac{7}{8}\right)^2$$

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$$\text{Scratch: } 11 - 4\left(\frac{49}{64}\right)$$

$$= 11 - \frac{49}{16} = \frac{176 - 49}{16} = \frac{127}{16}$$

$$= 4\left(x - \frac{7}{8}\right)^2 + \frac{127}{16}$$

$$(h, k) = \left(\frac{7}{8}, \frac{127}{16}\right)$$

$$= (0.875, 7.9375)$$

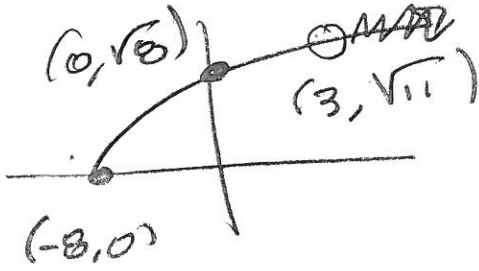
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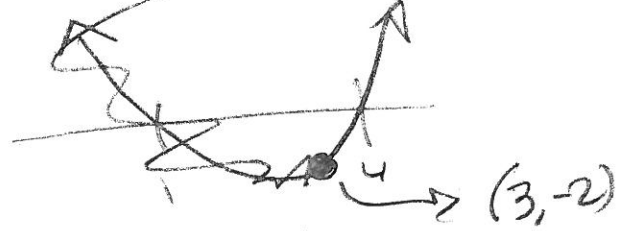
(B5)

$$h(x) = \begin{cases} \sqrt{x+8} & \text{if } x < 3 \\ x^2 - 5x + 4 & \text{if } x \geq 3 \end{cases}$$

$$x < 3 \\ \sqrt{x+8}$$



$$x \geq 3 \\ x^2 - 5x + 4 = (x-1)(x-4)$$



$$\sqrt{8} \\ = \sqrt{2^2 \cdot 2} \\ = 2\sqrt{2}$$

$$(3-1)(3-4) \\ = (2)(-1) = -2$$

COMBINE :