1. (15 pts) Starting with  $f(x) = 4^x$ , sketch the graph of  $g(x) = 2 \cdot 4^{x-3} - 9$  in 4 steps (counting  $f(x) = 4^x$  as the first step). Use x = -1, x = 0, and x = 1 to find 3 points in the first graph, and show how these 3 points are moved around by each step in the transformation to g(x). Finding the x- and y-intercepts is a separate problem, so don't worry about them, on this page.

- 2. Let  $f(x) = \sqrt{2x+4}$  and  $g(x) = \frac{x-2}{x-7}$ .
  - a. (5 pts) What is the domain of f?

- c. (5 pts) Write the function  $\frac{f}{g}$ . Do not simplify.
- e. (10 pts) What is the domain of  $\frac{f}{g}$ ?

b. (5 pts) What is the domain of g?

d. (5 pts) Write the function  $f \circ g$ . Do not simplify.

3. (5 pts) Let  $g(x) = 2 \cdot 4^{x-3} - 9$ . Find the *x*- and *y*-intercepts for this function, rounded to 4 decimal places. For 5 **bonus** points, label these intercepts on your final graph on page 1.

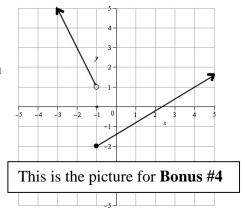
4. Find the domain:

a. (5 pts) 
$$\sqrt{\frac{(x-2)(x+3)^2}{(x-7)^4(x+5)}}$$

- b.  $(5 \text{ pts}) \log_3 \left( \frac{(x-2)(x+3)^2}{(x-7)^4(x+5)} \right)$  (Reinterpret previous work and write the answer.
- 5. (5 pts) Solve  $\log_7(x-4) + \log_7(x+2) = 1$
- 6. (5 pts) Solve  $2^{x^2-8} \cdot 2^{-3x} = 4$

Solve any two (2) Bonus problems for up to 10 points. I'll grade the first two I come to.

- **1. BONUS** (5 pts) Solve the absolute value inequality  $|2x-7| \ge 8$
- 2. **BONUS** (5 pts) Find the inverse function for  $f(x) = \sqrt{2x-6} + 1$ . Then state the domain and range for both f and  $f^{-1}$ .
- **3. BONUS** (5 pts) Re-write the function  $g(x) = 5x^2 + 10x 19$  in the form  $g(x) = a(x-h)^2 + k$ . State the vertex of this parabola.



**4. BONUS** (5 pts) Write the formula for the piecewise-defined function shown, above right.