

121 § 3.6 # 113

$$(113) \quad w > \frac{w-5}{w-3}$$

$$w - \frac{w-5}{w-3} > 0$$

$$\left(\frac{w}{1}\right)\left(\frac{w-3}{w-3}\right) - \frac{w-5}{w-3} > 0$$

$$\frac{w^2 - 3w - (w-5)}{w-3} > 0$$

$$\frac{w^2 - 3w - w + 5}{w-3} > 0$$

$$\frac{w^2 - 4w + 5}{w-3} > 0$$

$$w^2 - 4w + 5 = 0$$

$$a=1, b=-4, c=5$$

$$b^2 = 4(ac)$$

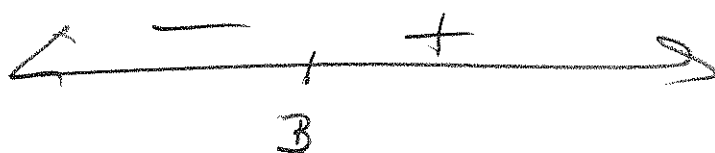
$$= (-4)^2 = 4(1)(5)$$

$$= 16 - 20 = -4$$

No real roots

in numerator.

$w=3$  is only  
critical #



$$w \in (3, \infty)$$

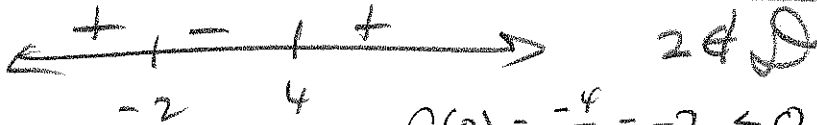
12) §3.6 II #5 95-113

#5 95-114 solve the inequality

95

$$\frac{x-4}{x+2} \leq 0$$

$$x \in (-2, 4]$$



$$f(0) = \frac{-4}{2} = -2 < 0 \quad \text{---}$$

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$$\frac{g-2}{g+3} < 2$$

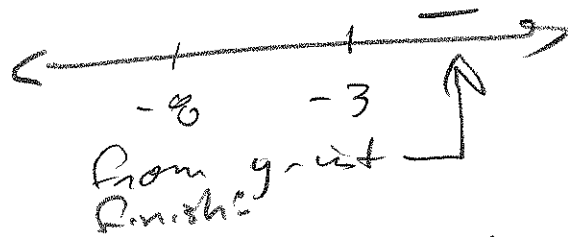
$$\frac{g-2-2g-6}{g+3} < 0$$

$$\frac{g-2}{g+3} - 2 < 0$$

$$\frac{-g-8}{g+3} < 0$$

$$\frac{g-2-2(g+3)}{g+3} < 0$$

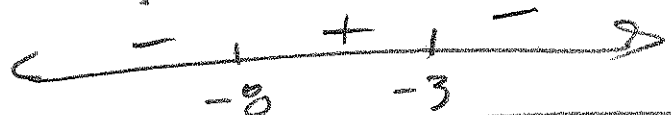
$$f(0) = -\frac{8}{3} \quad \text{---}$$



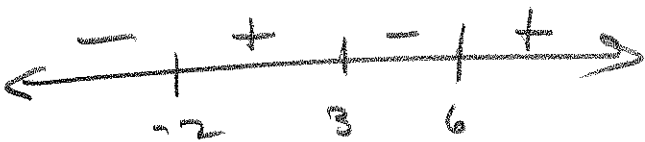
99

$$\frac{w^2-w-6}{w-6} \geq 0$$

$$\frac{(w-3)(w+2)}{w-6} \geq 0$$



$$\Rightarrow x \in (-\infty, -8) \cup (-3, \infty)$$



$$\Rightarrow x \in [-2, 3] \cup (6, \infty)$$

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121 § 3.6 #5 101-113

(101)  $\frac{1}{x+2} > \frac{1}{x-3}$

(103)  $x < \frac{3x-8}{5-x}$

$$\frac{1}{x+2} - \frac{1}{x+3} > 0$$

$$(x) \left( \frac{5-x}{5-x} - \frac{3x-8}{5-x} \right) < 0$$

$$\left( \frac{1}{x+2} \right) \left( \frac{x-3}{x+3} \right) - \left( \frac{1}{x-3} \right) \left( \frac{x+2}{x+2} \right) > 0$$

$$\frac{5x - x^2 - 3x + 8}{5-x} < 0$$

$$\frac{x-3 - (x+2)}{(x+2)(x-3)} > 0$$

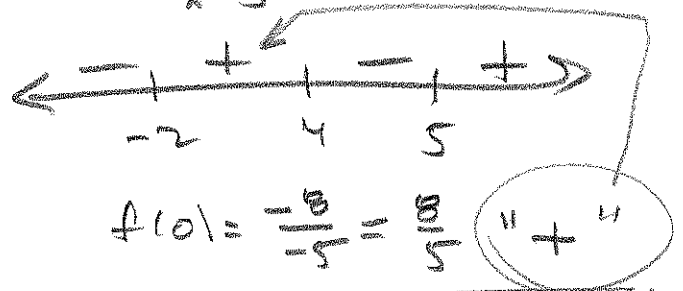
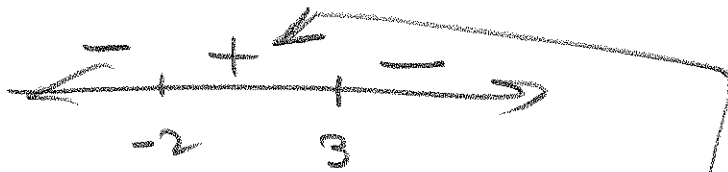
$$\frac{(-1) \left( \frac{-x^2 + 2x + 8}{5-x} \right)}{(-1)} < 0$$

$$\frac{x-3 - x - 2}{(x+2)(x-3)} > 0$$

$$\frac{x^2 - 2x - 8}{x-5} < 0$$

$$\frac{-5}{(x+2)(x-3)} > 0$$

$$\frac{(x-4)(x+2)}{x-5} < 0$$



$$f(0) = \frac{-5}{(2)(-3)} = \frac{-5}{-6} = \frac{5}{6} \text{ " + "}$$

$$x \in (-2, 3)$$

$$x \in (-\infty, -2) \cup (4, 5)$$

12) § 3.6 II #5 105-113

105)  $\frac{(x-3)(x+1)}{x-5} \geq 0$



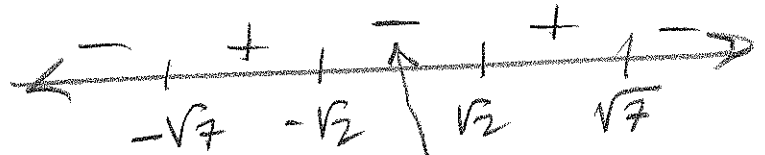
$f(0) = \frac{(-3)(1)}{(-5)}$  "+"

$x \in [-1, 3] \cup (5, \infty)$

$5 \notin \mathcal{D}$

107)  $\frac{x^2-7}{2-x^2} \geq 0$

$\frac{(x-\sqrt{7})(x+\sqrt{7})}{(\sqrt{2}-x)(\sqrt{2}+x)} \geq 0$



$f(0) = -\frac{7}{2}$  "-"

$x \in [-\sqrt{7}, -\sqrt{2}) \cup (\sqrt{2}, \sqrt{7}]$

$\pm\sqrt{2} \notin \mathcal{D}$

109)  $\frac{x^2+2x+1}{x^2-2x-15} \geq 0$

111)  $\frac{1}{w} > \frac{1}{w^2}$

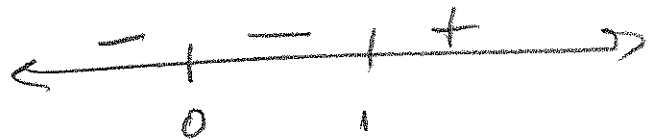
$\frac{(x+1)^2}{(x-5)(x+5)} \geq 0$

$\frac{1}{w} \cdot \frac{w}{w} - \frac{1}{w^2} > 0$



$\frac{w-1}{w^2} > 0$

$x = -1$  has  $m = 2$  (Don't change sign.)



$x \in (-\infty, -5) \cup [1]$   
 $\cup (5, \infty)$

$w \in (1, \infty)$

$x = 5 \notin \mathcal{D}$

$x = 1$  is one spot where " $= 0$ " is satisfied for  $\geq 0$ !