

1. (10 pts) Solve  $x^2 - 5x + 4 = 0$  by factoring.

$$(x-4)(x-1) = 0$$

$$x \in \{1, 4\}$$

2. (10 pts) Solve  $x^2 - 5x + 4 = 0$  by completing the square.  $x^2 - 6x + 7 = 0$

$$x^2 - 5x + \left(\frac{5}{2}\right)^2 = -4 + \frac{25}{4}$$

$$\left(x - \frac{5}{2}\right)^2 = \frac{-16 + 25}{4} = \frac{9}{4}$$

$$x - \frac{5}{2} = \pm \frac{3}{2}$$

$$x = \frac{5 \pm 3}{2} \begin{cases} \frac{8}{2} = 4 \\ \frac{2}{2} = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$x \in \{1, 4\}$$

$$x^2 - 6x = -7$$

$$x^2 - 6x + 3^2 = -7 + 9$$

$$(x-3)^2 = 2$$

$$x-3 = \pm\sqrt{2}$$

$$x = 3 \pm \sqrt{2}$$

$$x \in \{3 - \sqrt{2}, 3 + \sqrt{2}\} \text{ from}$$

Be clear on where the  $\pm$  comes

3. Compute the discriminant for each of the following. By this, tell me what kind of solutions there are, and how many there are.

a. (5 pts)  $4x^2 - 5x - 9 = 0$

$$a=4, b=-5, c=-9$$

$$b^2 - 4ac = 25 - 4(4)(-9)$$

$$= 25 + 144 = 169 > 0$$

2 real (and rational) sol'ns

b. (5 pts)  $4x^2 - 5x + 9 = 0$  (Anything special about this one?)

$$a=4, b=-5, c=9$$

$$b^2 - 4ac = 25 - 4(4)(9)$$

$$= 25 - 144 = -119 < 0$$

Two nonreal sol'ns

c. (5 pts)  $4x^2 - 12x - 9 = 0$  (Anything special about this one?)

$$b^2 - 4ac = 144 - 4(4)(-9)$$

$$= +288$$

Two

516  
9  
144

4. (10 pts) Solve the equation  $2.5x^2 + 7.3x - 12.1 = 0$  correct to 4 decimal places.

$a = 2.5, b = 7.3, c = -12.1$

$b^2 - 4ac = (7.3)^2 - 4(2.5)(-12.1)$

$= 174.29$

$x = \frac{-7.3 \pm \sqrt{174.29}}{2(2.5)}$

$1.180378761$

$-4.100378761$

$x \in \{1.1804, -4.1004\}$

1.1803788  
-4.1003788

5. (5 pts) Jill can finish the paint job by herself in 12 hours and Jack can finish the paint job by himself in 9 hours. How long will it take Jack and Jill to finish the paint job, if they work together?

$x =$  the amt of time Jill spends. (in hrs)

$LCD = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \cdot x = 36x$

$\left[ \frac{1}{12} + \frac{1}{9} = \frac{1}{x} \right] 36x$

$3x + 4x = 36$

$7x = 36$

$x = \frac{36}{7} \text{ hr}$

$\approx 5.14285714$

version #2 for #6

#6  $x =$  amt. of time for Jack (in hrs)

$\frac{1}{12}(x-3) + \frac{1}{9}x = 1$

$3(x-3) + 4x = 36$

$3x - 9 + 4x = 36$

$7x = 45$

$x = \frac{45}{7}$

$\approx 6.4285714$

$7 \text{ am} + 6 \text{ hrs} + \frac{3}{7} \text{ hrs}$   
 $1 \text{ pm} + \left(\frac{3}{7}\right)(60)$   
 $= 1 \text{ pm} + 25.7 \text{ min}$   
 $\approx 1:26 \text{ pm}$

6. (5 pts) Follow-up to the previous problem. Suppose Jill gets a late start, and shows up to work at 10 a.m., and Jack has been there since 7 a.m. What time will they finish the job?

Let  $x =$  amt of time Jill spends. Then (in hrs)

$\left[ \frac{1}{12}x + \frac{1}{9}(x+3) = 1 \right] 36$

$3x + 4(x+3) = 36$

$3x + 4x + 12 = 36$

$7x + 12 = 36$

$7x = 24$

$x = \frac{24}{7}$

$10 \text{ am} + \frac{24}{7} \text{ hrs}$  is the idea.

$\frac{24}{7} \text{ hrs} = 3 \frac{3}{7} \text{ hrs}$

$\left(\frac{3}{7} \text{ hrs}\right) \left(\frac{60 \text{ min}}{1 \text{ hr}}\right) \approx 25.7142$   
 $\approx 26$

$10 \text{ am} + 3 \text{ hrs} + 26 \text{ min} \approx$

$1:26 \text{ pm}$

7. (10 pts) Joe wants to mix 15% alcohol with 10 gallons of 25% alcohol, to obtain a mixture of 22% alcohol. How much 15% alcohol should he use, and what is the volume of the final mixture?

$x = \text{amt of 15\% alcohol (gallons)}$

15%	x	.15x
25%	10	.25(10)
TOT: 22%	x+10	.22(x+10)

$.15x + .25(10) = .22(x+10)$   
 $.15x + 2.5 = .22x + 2.2$   
 $-.07x = -.3$   
 $x = \frac{.3}{.07} = \frac{30}{7} = \frac{300}{7} \approx 4.285714286$   
 $\approx 4.286 \text{ gallons of 15\%}$

Amt. Pure =  $.15x + .25(10) = .22(x+10)$

TOTAL Volume  $\approx 10 + 4.286$   
 $\approx 14.286 \text{ gallons of 15\% alcohol}$

8. (10 pts) Solve  $\frac{x-12}{3-x} = \frac{x+16}{x+5}$ . LCD =  $(3-x)(x+5)$

$$(x-12)(x+5) = (x+16)(3-x)$$

$$x^2 - 7x - 60 = 3x - x^2 + 48 - 16x$$

$$x^2 - 7x - 60 = -x^2 - 13x + 48$$

$$2x^2 + 6x - 108 = 0$$

$$x^2 + 3x - 54 = 0$$

$$(x+9)(x-6) = 0$$

$$x = -9 \text{ OR } x = 6$$

$$x \in \{-9, 6\}$$

Check:

$$\frac{-9-12}{3+9} = \frac{-9+16}{-9+5}$$

$$-\frac{7}{4} = -\frac{21}{12} = -\frac{7}{4} \checkmark$$

$$\frac{6-12}{3-6} = \frac{6+16}{6+5}$$

$$-\frac{6}{-3} = 2 = \frac{22}{11} \checkmark$$

9. (5 pts) Solve the compound inequality  $2x - 3 > 5$  or  $5 - 3x > 11$ . State the final answer in

$$2x - 3 > 5 \qquad 5 - 3x > 11$$

$$2x > 8 \qquad -3x > 6$$

$$\{x \mid x > 4 \text{ OR } x < -2\}$$

→ Set builder



$$(-\infty, -2) \cup (4, \infty)$$

→ Interval

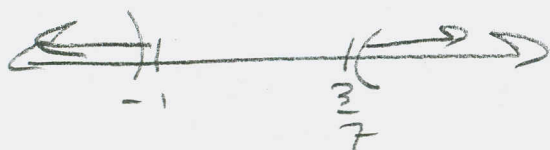
Solve the absolute value inequalities.

10. (5 pts)  $|7x + 2| > 5$

$$7x + 2 > 5 \text{ OR } 7x + 2 < -5$$

$$7x > 3 \qquad 7x < -7$$

$$\{x \mid x > \frac{3}{7} \text{ OR } x < -1\}$$



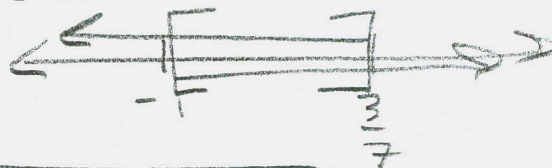
$$(-\infty, -1) \cup (\frac{3}{7}, \infty)$$

11. (5 pts)  $|7x + 2| \leq 5$

$$7x + 2 \leq 5 \text{ AND } 7x + 2 \geq -5$$

$$7x \leq 3 \quad \bullet \quad 7x \geq -7$$

$$\{x \mid x \leq \frac{3}{7} \text{ and } x \geq -1\}$$



$$[-1, \frac{3}{7}]$$

Solve the degenerate cases. If you run out of room, you're doing it wrong.

12. (5 pts)  $|2 - 7x| > -3$

$$\mathbb{R} = (-\infty, \infty)$$

$$= \{x \mid x \text{ is real}\}$$

13. (5 pts)  $|2 - 7x| < -3$

$$\emptyset$$

Never!