



x_k = distance from the bottom

Pool is full. Pump the water out of the top or over the side

The k^{th} slice has to be moved $2 - x_k$ m

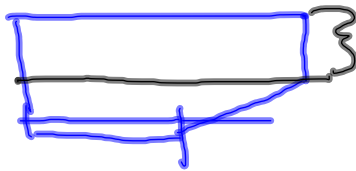
The mass of that slice is volume times density
 = (Volume) $(1000 \frac{kg}{m^3})$

The force F on that slice is (Volume) $(1000 \frac{kg}{m^3}) (9.8 \frac{m}{s^2})$

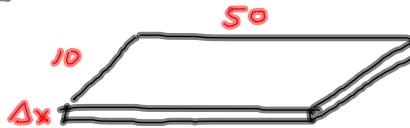
Work done on that slice is

$$((Volume)(1000)(9.8) \frac{kg}{m^3 \cdot s^2}) (2 - x_k)$$

Finding the volume

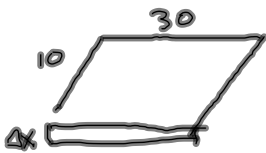


Easy from $x=1$ to $x=2$



$$500 \Delta x = \text{Volume for } x \in [1, 2]$$

For $x \in [0, 1]$, we need to think.



FOR THE DEEP END

$$V = 300 \Delta x$$



still rectangles, but the long dimension varies from 0 to 20 as x varies from 0 to 1

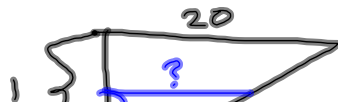
$$V = 10 \cdot \Delta x \cdot ? = 10 \cdot 20x \cdot \Delta x$$

$$(x_1, y_1) = (x_2, ?_1) = (0, 0) \quad = 200x \Delta x$$

$$(x_2, y_2) = (x_2, ?_2) = (1, 20)$$

$$? = y = 20x$$

Similar triangles to get to that $20x$:



$$\frac{20}{1} = \frac{?}{x}$$

$$\left((\text{Volume}) (1000) (9.8) \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^2 \cdot \text{s}^2} \right) (2-x_k)$$

$$= \left(\text{Volume of deep end} + \text{Volume of weird end} \right) \cdot$$

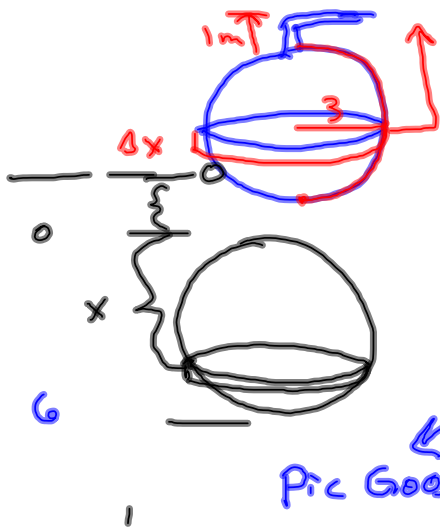
$$\cdot 9800 (2-x_k) \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^2 \cdot \text{s}^2}$$

$$= (300 \Delta x + 200x \Delta x) (9800) (2-x) \quad \text{for } x \in [0, 1]$$

Now, for $x \in [1, 2]$: $v = 500 \Delta x$, so we have

$$(500 \Delta x) (9800) (2-x)$$

$$\text{WORK} = 9800 \left[\int_0^1 (300 + 200x)(2-x) dx + \int_1^2 500(2-x) dx \right]$$



Volume of the k^{th} disk of water is

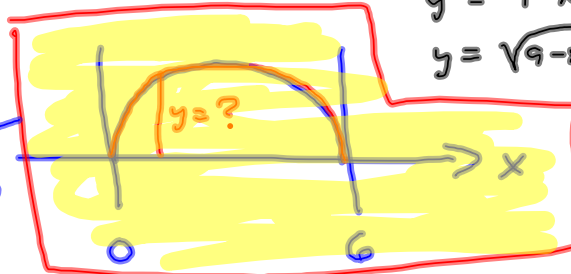
$$\pi y^2 \Delta x$$

$$x \in [0, 6]$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = 3^2$$

$$y^2 = 9 - x^2$$

$$y = \sqrt{9 - x^2}$$



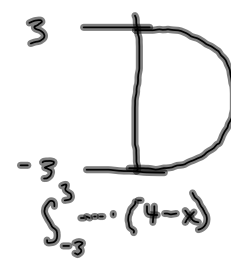
$$\text{So } \pi y^2 \Delta x = \pi (\sqrt{9 - x^2})^2 \Delta x$$

= Volume of a representative disk of water.

$$W = F \times D$$

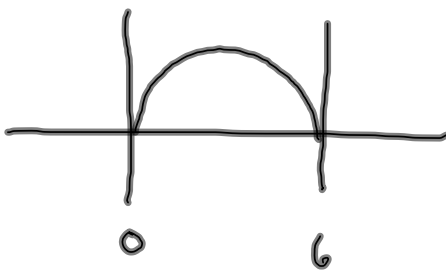
$$= (\text{Vol})(\text{Density})(\text{Grav.}) \times (x+1)$$

$$= \pi (9 - x^2) (1000) (9.8) (x+1) \Delta x$$



$$= \int_0^6 \pi (9 - x^2) (1000) (9.8) (x+1) dx$$

Not in agreement with pic.



$(x-3)^2 + y^2 = 9$ is the eq'n, so

$$y = \sqrt{9 - (x-3)^2}$$

so it's $(9 - (x-3)^2)$ in place of $9 - x^2$.

$$= \int_0^6 \pi (9 - (x-3)^2) (1000)(9.8)(x+1) dx$$

$$? = \int_{-3}^3 \pi (9 - x^2) (9800)(4-x) dx$$

$$\pi \cdot \int_0^6 9800 \cdot (9 - (x-3)^2) \cdot (x+1) dx$$

$$1411200 \pi$$

$$\pi \cdot \int_{-3}^3 9800 \cdot (9 - x^2) \cdot (4-x) dx$$

$$1411200 \pi$$