

099 54.2 #9 25-31

Solve the system!

(25)  $2x + 3y = -\frac{1}{2}$  E1

$4x + 8z = 2$  E2

$2y + 2z = -\frac{3}{4}$  E3

$\frac{1}{2}(-3y) = -\frac{3}{2}y$

$\frac{1}{2}(-\frac{1}{2}) = -\frac{1}{4}$

MI E1:  $2x = -3y - \frac{1}{2}$

$x = -\frac{3}{2}y - \frac{1}{4}$  Send to E2:

scratches  $4(-\frac{3}{2})y = 2(-3)y$

$4(-\frac{1}{4}) = -1$

E2  $4(-\frac{3}{2}y - \frac{1}{4}) + 8z = 2$

$-6y - 1 + 8z = 2$

$-6y + 8z = 3$  our "new" E2.

NOTE: E3 is already 2-variables, withy E2

All that work!

Half-way done!?

$-6y + 8z = 3$  E2

$2y + 2z = -\frac{3}{4}$  E3

Used E1 to tweak E2.  
Now crash that against  
the 3<sup>rd</sup> one, E3.

E3  $2y + 2z = -\frac{3}{4}$

$-2y = -2z - \frac{3}{4}$

$y = -z - \frac{3}{8}$

( $\frac{1}{2}$  times line above)

Send this to E2:

$-6(-\frac{3}{8}) = -3(-\frac{3}{4}) = \frac{9}{4}$

E2  $-6(-z - \frac{3}{8}) + 8z = 3$

$6z + \frac{9}{4} + 8z = 3$

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(25) cont'd

$$6z + \frac{9}{4} + 8z = 3$$

$$14z + \frac{9}{4} = 3$$

$$14z = -\frac{9}{4} + 3 = \frac{-9 + 12}{4} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$z = \frac{3}{4} \left( -\frac{1}{14} \right) = -\frac{3}{56}$$

$$3 = \frac{3}{1} = \frac{3}{1} \cdot \frac{4}{4} = \frac{12}{4}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1/28 \\ -3/7 \\ 3/56 \end{bmatrix} \text{ :log}$$

Dang! Checked of this in the book answer, but there're no mistakes!

What happened? I miscopied the third equation!

Start Over!

$$(25) \quad 2x + 3y = -\frac{1}{2} \quad E1$$

$$4x + 8z = 2 \quad E2$$

my error!  $\rightarrow 3y + 2z = -\frac{3}{4} \quad E3$

$$E1: \quad 2x + 3y = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$2x = -3y - \frac{1}{2}$$

$$x = -\frac{3}{2}y - \frac{1}{4} \quad \text{Send this to E2 \&}$$

then E2 \& E3 will be 2x2 system.

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Ordinarily, I'd have to pass  $x = -\frac{3}{2}y - \frac{1}{4}$  to E3, but we're "lucky" in that there is no  $x$  in E3 to destroy.

$$E2 \quad 4x + 8z = 2$$

$$4\left(-\frac{3}{2}y - \frac{1}{4}\right) + 8z = 2$$

$$-6y - 1 + 8z = 2$$

$$-6y + 8z = 3 \quad \text{our new E2.}$$

$$3y + 2z = -\frac{3}{4} \quad \text{our old E3.}$$

Solve for  $y$  in E2:

$$-6y + 8z = 3$$

$$-6y = -8z + 3$$

$$y = +\frac{8}{6}z - \frac{3}{6} = +\frac{4}{3}z - \frac{1}{2} \quad \text{Send this to E3}$$

$$y = +\frac{4}{3}z - \frac{1}{2}$$

$$E3 \quad 3y + 2z = -\frac{3}{4}$$

$$3\left(+\frac{4}{3}z - \frac{1}{2}\right) + 2z = -\frac{3}{4}$$

$$+4z - \frac{3}{2} + 2z = -\frac{3}{4}$$

$$-6z = -\frac{3}{4} + \frac{3}{2} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$z = \frac{\frac{3}{4}}{6} = \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)\left(\frac{1}{6}\right) = \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = \frac{1}{8} = z$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{4} \\ -\frac{1}{3} \\ -\frac{1}{8} \end{bmatrix}$$

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(25)  $z = \frac{1}{8}$   $\implies$  send back to E2:

$$y = \frac{4}{3}z - \frac{1}{2}$$

$$y = \frac{4}{3}\left(\frac{1}{8}\right) - \frac{1}{2} = -\frac{1}{3}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{6} - \frac{1}{2} = \boxed{-\frac{1}{3} = y}$$

Now, with  $y$  &  $z$  solved-for, we back-track to E1 to find  $x$ :

$$2x + 3y = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$2x + 3\left(-\frac{1}{3}\right) = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$2x - 1 = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$2x = 1 - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \quad \text{OR} \quad (x, y, z) = \left(\frac{1}{4}, -\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{8}\right)$$

$$\boxed{x = \frac{1}{4}}$$

The elimination/addition method for this ugly system follows

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(25) M2 Addition

$$2x + 3y = -\frac{1}{2} \quad E1$$

$$4x + 8z = 2 \quad E2$$

$$3y + 2z = -\frac{3}{4} \quad E3$$

$$-2E1 - 4x - 6y = 1$$

$$E2 \quad 4x + 8z = 2$$

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$$-6y + 8z = 3 \quad \text{New } E2.$$

Now, we have  $E2 \downarrow E3$  in  $2 \times 2$  setup:

$$-6y + 8z = 3 \quad E2$$

$$3y + 2z = -\frac{3}{4} \quad E3$$

$$2E3 \quad 6y + 4z = -\frac{3}{2}$$

$$E2 \quad -6y + 8z = 3$$

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$$12z = -\frac{3}{2} + 3 = -\frac{3}{2} + \frac{6}{2} = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$12z = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$z = \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)\left(\frac{1}{12}\right) = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) = \frac{1}{8} = z$$

Send this back up the chain:

$$E2 \quad -6y + 8z = 3$$

099 §4.2 #3 25-31

(25) E2  $-6y + 3\left(\frac{1}{3}\right) = 3$

$$-6y + 1 = 3$$

$$-6y = 2$$

$$y = -\frac{2}{6} = -\frac{1}{3} = y$$

Send  $y$  &  $z$  back to E1 =

$$2x + 3y = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$2x + 3\left(-\frac{1}{3}\right) = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$2x - 1 = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$2x = 1 - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$x = \frac{1}{4}$$

Addition was quite a bit quicker!

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$$\textcircled{27} \quad \frac{1}{3}x + \frac{1}{2}y - \frac{1}{6}z = 4 \quad \text{LCD} = 6 \quad E1$$
$$\frac{1}{4}x - \frac{3}{4}y + \frac{1}{2}z = \frac{3}{2} \quad \text{LCD} = 4 \quad E2$$
$$\frac{1}{2}x - \frac{2}{3}y - \frac{1}{4}z = -\frac{16}{3} \quad \text{LCD} = 12 \quad E3$$

$$6E1 : 2x + 3y - z = 24 \quad E1$$

$$4E2 : x - 3y + 2z = 6 \quad E2$$

$$12E3 : 6x - 8y - 3z = -64 \quad E3$$

Solve  $E2$  for  $x$  and send that to  $E1$  &  $E3$  :  
→ Easiest one!

$$x = 3y - 2z + 6$$

$$E1 : 2(3y - 2z + 6) + 3y - z = 24$$

$$6y - 4z + 12 + 3y - z = 24$$

$$9y - 5z = 12 \quad E1$$

$$E3 : 6(3y - 2z + 6) - 8y - 3z = -64$$

$$18y - 12z + 36 - 8y - 3z = -64$$

$$10y - 15z = -100 \quad E3$$

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(27) ent'd

$$9y - 5z = 12 \quad E1$$

$$10y - 15z = -100 \quad E3 \text{ solve for } y$$

$$10y = 15z - 100$$

$$y = \frac{15}{10}z - \frac{100}{10}$$

$$y = \frac{3}{2}z - 10 \text{ send to } E1$$

$$9\left(\frac{3}{2}z - 10\right) - 5z = 12$$

$$\frac{27}{2}z - 90 - 5z = 12$$

$$\frac{27}{2}z - \frac{10}{2}z = 102$$

$$\frac{17}{2}z = 102$$

$$z = 102 \left(\frac{2}{17}\right) = \frac{6 \cdot 17 \cdot 2}{17} = 12 = z$$

$$\boxed{12 = z}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2 \overline{)102} \\ 3 \overline{)51} \\ 17 \end{array}$$

Backtrack  $E1$ :

$$9y - 5z = 9y - 5(12) = 12$$

(See  $E1$ , at top?)

$$9y = 72$$

$$\boxed{y = 8}$$

Backtrack  $E2$ :

$$x - 3(8) + 2(12) = 6$$

$$\boxed{x = 6}$$

$$\boxed{(x, y, z) = (6, 8, 12)}$$



099 §4.2 #3 29/91

(29)  $(x - \frac{1}{2}y - \frac{1}{3}z = -\frac{4}{3})(6) \mapsto 6x - 3y - 2z = -8$

$(\frac{1}{3}x - \frac{1}{2}z = 5)(6) \mapsto 2x - 3z = 30$

$(-\frac{1}{4}x + \frac{2}{3}y - z = -\frac{3}{4})(12) \mapsto -3x + 8y - 12z = -9$

Solving E2 for x only involves 1 other variable, so:

$2x - 3z = 30$

$2x = 3z + 30$

(E2)  $x = \frac{3}{2}z + 15$  send this to E1 and E3:

(E1)  $6(\frac{3}{2}z + 15) - 3y - 2z = -8$  (E3)  $-3(\frac{3}{2}z + 15) + 8y - 12z = -9$

$9z + 90 - 3y - 2z = -8$

$-3y + 7z = -98$

Solve for y:

$-3y = -7z - 98$

$y = \frac{7}{3}z + \frac{98}{3}$

Send this to E3:

$-\frac{9}{2}z - 45 + 8y - 12z = -9$

$-9z - 90 + 16y - 24z = -18$

$16y - 33z = 72$

$\rightarrow 16(\frac{7}{3}z + \frac{98}{3}) - 33z = 72$

$\frac{112}{3}z + \frac{1568}{3} - 33z = 72$

$112z + 1568 - 99z = 216$

$13z = -1352$

$z = -\frac{1352}{13}$

$-104 = z$

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29 cont'd

$$y = \frac{7}{3}z + \frac{98}{3}$$

$$= \frac{7}{3}(-104) + \frac{98}{3}$$

$$= -\frac{630}{3} = \boxed{-210 = y}$$

$$x = \frac{3}{2}z + 15$$

$$= \frac{3}{2}(-104) + 15$$

$$= 3(-52) + 15$$

$$= \boxed{-141 = x}$$

31) Ohm's Law, Kirchoff's Laws All stuff you'll see in physics if you go that route.

$$x - y - z = 0 \quad E1$$

$$5x + 20y = 80 \quad E2$$

$$20y - 10z = 50 \quad E3$$

$$x = y + z \quad E1$$

$$E2 \quad 5(y+z) + 20y = 80$$

$$5y + 5z + 20y = 80$$

$$25y + 5z = 80$$

$$\boxed{5y + z = 16}$$

$z =$

$$E3 \quad 20y - 10z = 50$$

$$\boxed{2y - z = 5}$$

$z = 2y - 5$  for E3  
Send to E2:

$$5y + (2y - 5) = 16$$

$$7y = 21$$

$$\boxed{y = 3 \text{ Amps}}$$

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$$z = 2y - 5$$

$$= 2(3) - 5$$

$$= 6 - 5$$

$$z = 1 \text{ Amp}$$

$$x = y + z$$

$$= 3 + 1$$

$$x = 4 \text{ amps}$$