

Solve each equation. You don't need to check your work, *but you should*, before you hand in the test.

5 1. $-4(3n-2)+n=-11(n-1)$

$$-12n + 8 + n = -11n + 11$$

$$-11n + 8 = -11n + 11$$

$$-8 = -8$$

$$-11n = -11n + 3$$

$$+11n = +11n$$

$0 = 3!?$
No Sol'n!
 \emptyset

10 2. $5x+12=2(2x+7)$

$$5x+12=4x+14$$

$$-12 = -12$$

$$5x = 4x + 2$$

$$-4x = -4x$$

$x = 2$
 $x \in \{2\}$

5 3. $2(x-8)+x=3(x-6)+2$

$$2x-16+x=3x-18+2$$

$$3x-16=3x-16$$

$$0 = 0$$

All real #s

5 4. $\left(\frac{1}{8} + \frac{x}{3} = \frac{5}{12}\right) (24)$

$$3 + 8x = 10$$

$$8x = 7$$

$$x = \frac{7}{8}$$

SEE TEST
SUPPLEMENT

5 5. $\left(\frac{x+1}{8} - \frac{2-x}{3} = \frac{5}{6}\right) (24)$

$$3(x+1) - 8(2-x) = 20$$

$$3x + 3 - 16 + 8x = 20$$

$$11x - 13 = 20$$

$$11x = 33$$

$$x = 3$$

SEE
TEST
SUPPLEMENT

For word problems, I expect to see you assign your variable(s) in words (Let $x = \dots$) and for you to give the units (for instance, "in dollars").

6. A second number is five times the first number. A third number is 100 more than the first number. If the sum of the three numbers is 306, find the numbers.

Let $x = 1^{st} \#$, $5x$ is 2^{nd} , $x+100$ is 3^{rd}

$$x + 5x + x + 100 = 415$$

$$7x + 100 = 415$$

$$7x = 315$$

$$x = \frac{315}{7} = 45$$

$x = 45, 5x = 225, x + 100 = 145$

7. John bought an expensive book in a Pennsylvania bookstore for \$304.82 (with tax). What's the price of the book before tax, if Pennsylvania sales tax is 6%?

$$x + 0.06x = 304.82$$

$$1.06x = 304.82$$

$$x = \frac{304.82}{1.06} \approx 291.34$$

$x = \text{Price of book (dollars)}$

$x \approx \$291.34$

8. Solve $s = \frac{n}{2}(a + L)$ for L .

$$2s = n(a + L)$$

$$2s = na + nL$$

$$2s - na = nL$$

$$\frac{2s - na}{n} = L$$

9. **Recall:** The compound interest formula is $A = P\left(1 + \frac{r}{n}\right)^{nt}$, where

A = amount in the account after t years

P = principal or amount invested

t = time, in years

r = annual rate of interest

n = number of times compounded per year.

If a principal amount of \$6,000 is invested in an account paying an annual percentage rate of 4%, find the amount in the account after 4 years, if the account is compounded monthly.

$$A = 6000\left(1 + \frac{.04}{12}\right)^{(12)(4)} \approx \$7039.19$$

Solve.

9 10. $|9y+1|=6$

$9y+1=6$ OR $9y+1=-6$

$9y=5$

$9y=-7$

$y=\frac{5}{9}$ OR $y=-\frac{7}{9}$

$\left\{ -\frac{7}{9}, \frac{5}{9} \right\}$

11. $|9y+1|=-6$

\emptyset

10 12. $|9y+1|=|6y+4|$

$9y+1=6y+4$ OR $9y+1=-6y-4$

$9y=6y+3$

$9y=-6y-5$

$3y=3$

$15y=-5$

$y=1$

OR

$y=-\frac{1}{3}$

$\left\{ -\frac{1}{3}, 1 \right\}$

Solve. Write the final answer in interval notation.

5 13. $-3x \leq 21$

$$x \geq -7$$

$$\boxed{[-7, \infty)}$$

5 15. $|9y+1| > 6$

$$9y+1 > 6 \text{ OR } 9y+1 < -6$$

$$9y > 5 \text{ OR } 9y < -7$$

$$y > \frac{5}{9} \text{ OR } y < -\frac{7}{9}$$

$$\left(-\infty, -\frac{7}{9}\right) \cup \left(\frac{5}{9}, \infty\right)$$

5 16. $|9y+1| > -6$

$$\boxed{\mathbb{R}}$$

5 18. $|9y+1| \leq -6$

$$\boxed{\emptyset}$$

5 14. $\left(\frac{5x+1}{7} - \frac{2x-6}{4} \geq -4\right)$ (28)

$$4(5x+1) - 7(2x-6) \geq -112$$

$$20x + 4 - 14x + 42 \geq -112$$

$$6x + 46 \geq -112$$

$$6x \geq -158$$

$$x \geq -\frac{158}{6} = -\frac{79}{3}$$

$$\boxed{\left[-\frac{79}{3}, \infty\right)}$$

5 17. $|9y+1| < 6$

$$-6 < 9y+1 < 6$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} -1 & = & -1 & = & -1 \\ \hline -7 & < & 9y & < & 5 \end{array}$$

$$-\frac{7}{9} < y < \frac{5}{9}$$

$$\left(-\frac{7}{9}, \frac{5}{9}\right)$$

Rina!