

MAT 099 SG 3#s 1, 5, 9, 13, 17, 23, 35, 43

#s 1 - END Simplify the Complex Fractions.

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \frac{\frac{10}{3x}}{\frac{5}{6x}} = \frac{10}{3x} \cdot \frac{6x}{5} = \frac{2 \cdot \cancel{5} \cdot \cancel{3} \cdot 2x}{\cancel{3} \cdot \cancel{5} x} = \boxed{4}$$

$$\textcircled{5} \quad \frac{\frac{4}{x-1}}{\frac{x}{x-1}} = \frac{4}{x-1} \cdot \frac{x-1}{x} = \boxed{\frac{4}{x}}$$

$$\textcircled{9} \quad \frac{\frac{4x^2 - y^2}{xy}}{\frac{2}{y} - \frac{1}{x}} \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \text{LCD} = xy \\ \text{LCD} = xy \end{array} \right\} \text{LCD} = xy$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{\left(\frac{4x^2 - y^2}{xy} \right) \cdot xy}{\left(\frac{2}{y} - \frac{1}{x} \right) \cdot xy} = \frac{4x^2 - y^2}{\frac{2xy}{y} - \frac{1xy}{x}} = \frac{4x^2 - y^2}{2x - y} \leftarrow \\ &= \frac{(2x - y)(2x + y)}{2x - y} = \boxed{2x + y} \end{aligned}$$

Another method: Combine $\frac{2}{y} - \frac{1}{x}$ into one

fraction:

$$\frac{\frac{4x^2 - y^2}{xy}}{\frac{2}{y} \cdot \frac{x}{x} - \frac{1}{x} \cdot \frac{y}{y}} = \frac{\frac{4x^2 - y^2}{xy}}{\frac{2x - y}{xy}} = \frac{4x^2 - y^2}{xy} \cdot \frac{xy}{2x - y} = \boxed{2x + y}$$

MAT 099 §6.3 #5 13, 17, 23, 35, 43

(13) $\frac{\frac{2}{x} + \frac{3}{x^2}}{\frac{4}{x^2} - \frac{9}{x}}$ $\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{LCD} = x^2 \\ \text{LCD} = x^2 \end{array} \right\} \text{LCD} = x^2$

$$\frac{\frac{2}{x} \cdot \frac{x^2}{1} + \frac{3}{x^2} \cdot \frac{x^2}{1}}{\frac{4}{x^2} \cdot \frac{x^2}{1} - \frac{9}{x} \cdot \frac{x^2}{1}} = \frac{\frac{2x^2}{x} + \frac{3x^2}{x^2}}{\frac{4x^2}{x^2} - \frac{9x^2}{x}}$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{2x+3}{4-9x}}$$

Other method: Just combine things & then simplify:

$$\frac{\frac{2}{x} \cdot \frac{x}{x} + \frac{3}{x^2}}{\frac{4}{x^2} - \frac{9}{x} \cdot \frac{x}{x}} = \frac{\frac{2x+3}{x^2}}{\frac{4-9x}{x^2}} = \left(\frac{2x+3}{x^2} \right) \left(\frac{x^2}{4-9x} \right)$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{2x+3}{4-9x}}$$

(17) $\frac{\frac{4}{5-x} + \frac{5}{x-5}}{\frac{2}{x} + \frac{3}{x-5}}$

$$= \frac{-\frac{4}{x-5} + \frac{5}{x-5}}{\frac{2}{x} + \frac{3}{x-5}}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{-4+5}{x-5}}{\frac{2 \cdot \frac{x-5}{x-5} + \frac{3}{x-5} \cdot \frac{x}{x}}}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{1}{x-5}}{\frac{2(x-5)+3x}{x(x-5)}} = \frac{1}{x-5} \left(\frac{x(x-5)}{5x-10} \right)$$

$$= \frac{x}{5x-10} = \boxed{\frac{x}{5(x-2)}}$$

MAT 099 § 6.3 #5 23, 35, 43

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{23} \quad \frac{1 - \frac{x}{y}}{\frac{x^2}{y^2} - 1} &= \frac{\frac{y}{y} - \frac{x}{y}}{\frac{x^2}{y^2} - \frac{y^2}{y^2}} = \frac{\frac{y-x}{y}}{\frac{x^2-y^2}{y^2}} \\ &= \frac{y-x}{y} \cdot \frac{y^2}{x^2-y^2} = \frac{(y-x)(y)}{x^2-y^2} = \frac{-1(x-y)(y)}{(x-y)(x+y)} \\ &= \boxed{\frac{-y}{x+y}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{35} \quad \frac{x^{-1}}{x^{-2} + y^{-2}} &= \frac{\frac{1}{x}}{\frac{1}{x^2} + \frac{1}{y^2}} = \frac{\frac{1}{x}}{\frac{1}{x^2} \cdot \frac{y^2}{y^2} + \frac{1}{y^2} \cdot \frac{x^2}{x^2}} \\ &= \frac{\frac{1}{x}}{\frac{y^2 + x^2}{x^2 y^2}} = \frac{1}{x} \cdot \frac{x^2 y^2}{x^2 + y^2} = \boxed{\frac{x y^2}{x^2 + y^2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{43} \quad \frac{3x^{-1} + (2y)^{-1}}{x^{-2}} &= \frac{\frac{3}{x} + \frac{1}{2y}}{\frac{1}{x^2}} = \frac{\frac{3}{x} \cdot \frac{2y}{2y} + \frac{1}{2y} \cdot \frac{x}{x}}{\frac{1}{x^2}} \\ &= \frac{\frac{6y + x}{2xy}}{\frac{1}{x^2}} = \frac{x+6y}{2xy} \cdot \frac{x^2}{1} = \frac{(x+6y)x}{2y} = \boxed{\frac{x(x+6y)}{2y}} \end{aligned}$$