

§ 5.7 Special Products.

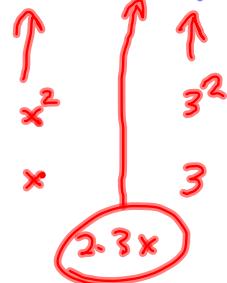
- 1 Perfect square trinomials
- 2 Difference of two squares
- 3 Sum of two cubes
- 4 Difference of two cubes

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \underline{(x-2)^2} = (x-2)(x-2) = x^2 - 2x - 2x + 4 = x^2 - 4x + 4$$

x^2 $y = 2^2$

$x \quad 2$
 $2 \cdot 2x = 4x$

$$(x-3)^2 = (x-3)(x-3) = x^2 - 3x - 3x + 9 = x^2 - 6x + 9$$



$$(x+5)^2 = x^2 + 10x + 25$$

x 5
 $2 \cdot 5x$

Pattern Recognition:

Factor $x^2 - 8x + 16 = (x-4)^2$

x 4
 $2 \cdot 4x = 8x$

Tells you it's
 the square of
 a binomial.
 This one in fact

Factor $4x^2y^2 + 8x^2y + 4x^2$

$$= 4x^2(y^2 + 2y + 1) = 4x^2(y+1)^2$$

y ↗
 $2 \cdot 1 \cdot y = 2y$

Difference of two squares:

$$x^2 - 16 = (x-4)(x+4) = x^2 + 4x - 4x - 16$$

↑ ↑
 $x^2 - 4^2 = (x-4)(x+4)$

$$5x^3y^4 - 5x^3 =$$

$$5x^3(y^4 - 1) = 5x^3(y^2 - 1)(y^2 + 1)$$

↑ ↗
 $(y^2)^2 - 1^2 = \boxed{5x^3(y-1)(y+1)(y^2 + 1)}$

$$y^2 - 1 = y^2 - 1^2 = (y-1)(y+1)$$

Sum of two cubes

$$(x-3)(x^2 + 3x + 9) = \frac{x^3 + 3x^2 + 9x - 3x^2 - 9x - 27}{= x^3 - 27}$$

$$\boxed{x^3 - 27}$$

\uparrow \uparrow
 x^3 3³

$$= \frac{(x-3)(x^2 + 3x + 9)}{a^3 - b^3 = (a-b)(a^2 + ab + b^2)}$$

$$a^3 - b^3 = (a-b)(a^2 + ab + b^2)$$

$$8x^6 - 125$$

$$(2x^2)^3 - 5^3 = (2x^2 - 5)((2x^2)^2 + (2x^2)(5) + 5^2)$$

Sum of two cubes.

$$x^3 + 8 = \frac{(x+2)(x^2 + 2x + 4)}{(x+2)(x^2 + 2x + 4)}$$

$$\uparrow \quad \uparrow \quad \uparrow
x^3 + 2^3$$

Never factors any further.

5.5.8 Zero Factor Property Solving Equations.

$$AB = 0 \text{ implies}$$

$$A = 0 \quad \text{OR} \quad B = 0$$

$$3x = 0 \text{ implies}$$

$$3 = 0 \quad \text{OR} \quad \boxed{x = 0}$$

$$3x = 0$$

$$\frac{3x}{3} = \frac{0}{3}$$

$$x = 0$$

$$(x+2)(x-3) = 0 \longrightarrow$$

$$x+2 = 0 \quad \text{OR} \quad x-3 = 0$$

$$x = -2 \quad \text{OR} \quad x = 3$$

You want to get to where you can read the solution(s) directly from factored form.

Solve $24x^2 - 14x - 20 = 0$

$$\Rightarrow 2(12x^2 - 7x - 10) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 12x^2 - 7x - 10 = 0 \quad \text{Factor it.}$$

$$(4x-5)(3x+2) = 12x^2 - 7x - 10 \quad \checkmark$$

$$(12)(-10) = -120$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2,4 \\ \hline -7 = -8 + \underline{1} & -8 & \text{Higher} \\ = -17 + \underline{10} & -170 & \text{Lower} \\ = -12 + \underline{5} & -60 & \text{Higher} \\ = -14 + \underline{7} & -98 & \text{Higher} \\ \hline = -15 + 8 & -120 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{7}{98}$$

$$5 + 7 = 12$$

$$\begin{aligned} &\downarrow 12x^2 - 7x - 10 \\ &= 12x^2 - 15x + 8x - 10 \\ &= 3x(4x-5) + 2(4x-5) \\ &= \boxed{(4x-5)(3x+2)} \end{aligned}$$

$$24x^2 - \underline{14x} - 20 = 0$$

$$(24)(-20) = -480$$
$$\underbrace{(2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3)}_{\text{red}} \underbrace{(2 \cdot 2 \cdot 5)}_{\text{blue}}$$

Play with these factors until you get a difference of -14

$$(15)(32)$$
$$-(5 \cdot 3 \cdot 2) (2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2) = -480$$
$$\boxed{-30 + 16 = -14}$$

